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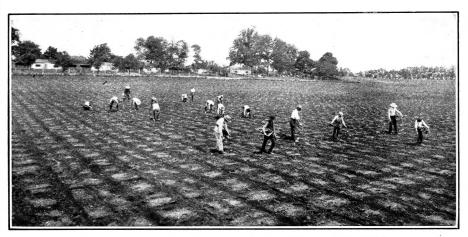


WOLESALE PRICES

MARKET GARDENERS AND FLORISTS

Best Seeds that Can be Grown

= FOR 1905 ==



"SETTING OUT" MATCHLESS TOMATO PLANTS AT FORDHOOK

W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO.

Producers of The Best "Seeds That Grow"

OFFICES AND CITY WAREHOUSES:

Nos. 475 and 477 North Fifth Street No. 463 North Fifth Street

Nos. 476 and 478 York Avenue Nos. 468 and 470 York Avenue

PHILADELPHIA

Seed Gardens at FORDHOOK FARMS, Doylestown, Pa.

Copyright

Seeds that Grow for 1905 TED AND PROVED AT OUR FORDHOOK FARMS

Sold Only Under Seal. Every ounce-package is dated as above. Packets, although not dated (because the electrotypes generally require the entire front of the bag), contain

fresh seeds of the same choice quality. Packets and ounces, in heavy manilla paper bags, bear, plainly printed, either our full firm Name or Registered TRADE MARK, which is protected by United States Letters Patent. Quarter-pounds, half-pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, and two quarts, neatly done up in strong manilla paper bags, are securely sealed with a long green label worded as follows:



URPEE'S SEEDS THAT GROW

FOR 1905—"BEST BY TEST"

Genuine Only if this Seal is Unbroken

Facsimile of our well-known "Green Seal"

Seeds in Bulk, that is, Peas, Beans, etc., by peck or bushel, and quantities of small seeds, have each sack sealed with our Trade Mark on a leaden seal.

33¹/₃ PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON PACKETS.

After making out your order you will please figure up the total value of Seeds in Retail Packets, at the prices quoted "per packet," and then deduct one-third. Prices by weight or measure, by the trade packet and ounce, are net.

How to Order. Please be careful to sign your name, post office, county, and State on each and every letter sent us. Cash should accompany the order. Send money at our risk either by post-office order, bank draft, express order, or the cash by registered letter. We are Please be careful to sign your name, post office, responsible for the safe arrival of the seeds in first-class condition,—therefore you run no risk whatever. We accept postage stamps the same as cash, but prefer either post-office or express-money orders.

Our Terms are Cash with the Order, unless you are personally known

Our Terms to us, or in a business where we can learn your financial standing from the ratings in the commercial agencies. Our prices are fixed too close to cost to allow for losses from bad debts, and hence we must maintain our rule of "cash with the order" or C. O. D. by express, as explained below, excepting only in the cases named, when we shall expect remittance to be made within thirty days.

D. Shipments can be made only by express (not by when \$2.00 is remitted with the order as an evidence of good faith, and to cover express charges in case the shipment should not be paid for upon arrival. For quantities of more than one hundred pounds the charges by freight are much less than by express, and therefore it is better on large orders to have shipments made by freight, -remitting the full amount with the order.

There is no reason why you should not remit with the order, as you can easily figure the exact cost,—the prices being given plainly in this catalogue, and there are no extra charges except for postage, when seeds are ordered at these prices to be sent by mail.

You run no risk in sending cash with order. Our reputation as trustworthy and experienced Seedsmen is well kitown, while our financial responsibility can be ascertained by making inquiry of any Bank, Trust Company, or Wholesale Merchant who subscribes to either of the Commercial Agency Reports. We do not charge for bags or boxes.

W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Best Seeds that Can be Grown!

To Market Gardeners:

Our business is our pleasure! Were this not the case,—had we less interest and enthusiasm in our work,—we could not have built up "the world's largest mail-order seed trade." While our business is steadily gaining, it gives us particular pleasure to note that the bulk of this increase is with Market Gardeners and Florists. Progressive planters who rely upon the products of the soil for their livelihood soon learn to know that success depends primarily upon planting only Seeds of Selected Strains,—carefully bred from the best parent stock,—which can be relied upon to produce, uniformly, products true to type.

Early Orders are Solicited. While of most seeds we have harvested abundant crops, yet some shortages always develop later in the season. We see only too plainly, already, that it will be impossible to meet the usual demand for nearly all Bush Beans, many varieties of Garden Peas, and a few Melons. We will do our best, however, to protect planters who rely upon us for their supplies.

Kindly read remarks on third page cover. Our regular customers know us

sufficiently well to appreciate the absolute truth of our motto:

Burpee's Seeds Grow and are The Best Seeds that Grow!

No one house should attempt to reach all classes of customers. So long as the world endures, there will be both "Quality Buyers" and "Price Buyers." The latter must look elsewhere for their supplies. We shall continue to solicit only the trade of Intelligent Planters, who, appreciating the comparatively small difference in cost *per acre*, will always seek (and largely independent of price) the very BEST SEEDS THAT CAN BE GROWN.

The Plain Truth is our aim. We never misrepresent for the purpose of effecting sales,—nor for any other purpose! While this "Blue List" is plain and unassuming, we would call attention to the fact that the notes at heading of each class have been entirely rewritten from our latest experience, hence will be found thoroughly trustworthy. Should you desire more information about varieties, we shall be pleased to mail you a copy of Burpee's Farm Annual for 1905,—our Retail Catalogue, which is an elegant book of 178 pages.

Complete Cultural Directions are given in the numerous instructive Leaflets, which we sent Free with orders, if requested,—see list on page 103.

With hearty thanks for your courtesies during past years, and trusting that you may continue to favor us with your orders, we remain,

Sincerely yours,

FORDHOOK FARMS,

Doylestown, Bucks Co., Pa. Mille Surpeer

THE NEW BURPEE BUILDING

Nos. 475 and 477 North Fifth Street, and Nos. 476 and 478 York Avenue,

January 10, 1905.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

WB MARK

MAT St. Louis, besides several Gold Medals the products of Burpee's Seeds were also awarded a Grand Prize,—see next page.

The Products of Burpee's Seeds were Awarded a Grand Prize at the St. Louis World's Fair.

Under date of November 18, 1904, Mr. C. W. Holley, Glendale Stock Farms, Glens Falls, N. Y., gives the following interesting particulars as to their exhibit at St. Louis:—I was there for seventeen days, and the building and display in it was considered by all to be the most attractive building on the grounds. Well, I took a carload of vegetables there and put them out with the biggest and best display of any one or any State. There were over twenty pictures taken of them. All the different State Superintendents from California, Colorado, and all of them admitted that the Glendale of New York State beat them all on vegetables.

I had one table 20 feet long by 8 feet wide and 6 feet high, of a \triangle shape, filled up of different kinds of squash and pumpkins. Then I had three large columns with shelves on them. Filled one full with melons, one cabbage, and one squash, pumpkins, beets, carrots, onions, pepper, and tomato, and everything. The cabbage was filled in with small vegetables, so then I had between the column onions of all kinds, carrots, beets, parsnips, and all small vegetables. I had four of the largest citron I ever saw. Then I had on another table all kinds of turnips, cucumbers, tomatoes, and radish. Then two tables with 86 plates of potatoes, with a big pile in the center. We showed 42 different kinds of beans.

Well, we showed and got the credit of having the biggest and best show of vegetables of any State, and as soon as they send me the pictures of them I will send you one. . . . When I met the Superintendent of Vegetables at Syracuse I decided to go to St. Louis, and I went and won the Grand Prize and Gold Medal, which is a big honor for us. . . One man from California told me he would give \$300.00 for a show like mine was if he had one. We have rown all over, everywhere we have shown. Our money will be more this year than ever. Please find the certificate which just came in this mail.

Under date of December 14th, Mr. Holley writes:—Now our winnings for 1904 are as follows: Washington County Fair, \$110.50; Albany County, \$89.75; Cambridge Fair, \$101.25; Saratoga County, \$45.00; Clinton County, \$35.00; Warren County, \$75.00; New York State Fair, \$287.50; and West Chester County, \$325.50,—making a total of \$1069.50 cash.

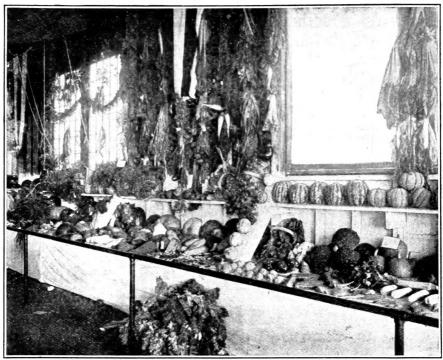
He also stated they were the only ones at St. Louis winning a **Grand Prize** on Vegetables alone, and that some seedsmen got a Gold Medal, but no other State or person got a Grand Prize (on Vegetables alone), and while he had official authority for making such a statement, we ascertained, just as we were going to press with the "Blue List," there were other Grand Prizes awarded on exhibits of Vegetables.

The above winnings entitled Mr. Holley to Burpee's Premiums as follows: Seven County Fairs at \$5.00 each; one State Fair, with photograph, \$21.00; and the National Extra Prize of \$100.00. In addition we sent our check also as an "honorarium" of \$100.00, in appreciation of the magnificent results of Mr. Holley, at his own expense, attained at St. Louis. Thus Mr. Holley won, the past fall, a total of thirteen hundred and twenty=five dollars and fifty cents in cash prizes for the products of Burpee's "Seeds that Grow!"

Have you several friends who would appreciate? The Burpee-Quality in Seeds?



If so,—and you will send us their addresses this winter or early spring,—we shall be pleased to mail to each one a copy of Burpper's Unique Fordhook Folder for Family Gardens in 1905. An enormous edition of this "Folder" is now being mailed to the "Favor Names" so kindly sent last winter by thousands of our regular customers. Should you have some particular friend to whom you think it would pay us to send our Complete Catalogue, kindly state so and we shall comply gladly with your request, As The Farm Annual costs more than ten cents per copy to produce, you will understand, however, that we cannot afford to send it broadcast. The "Folder," however, costs much less per copy, and yet is very neat and attractive; it is printed in two colors.



"The Best Collection of Vegetables" at New York State Fair, Syracuse, New York, September, 1904, which won for the Glendale Stock Farms, Glens Falls, New York, also the "Burpee Premium,"—as these Vegetables were all grown exclusively from Burpee's Seeds;—they won also a GOLD MEDAL at St. Louis.

Iowa won a Grand Prize at St. Louis, and in this magnificent exhibit all the Vegetables were also grown exclusively from

BURPEE'S SEEDS!

W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co., Philadelphia, Pa. St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 21, 1904.

My dear Mr. Burpee:

Yours of November 10th has just been forwarded to me at St. Louis. I am Superintendent of Iowa's Agricultural Exhibit at the World's Fair at St. Louis. I have had the honor of gathering up, installing, caring for, and shipping back to Iowa every exhibit Iowa has ever made. I was Superintendent of Agricultural Departments at Philadelphia, New Orleans, Chicago, Omaha, and St. Louis. So you see the State of Iowa has some confidence in L. G. Clute!

I made a fine exhibit of products from Burpee's seeds at Iowa State Fair, taking 1st prize on county exhibit of \$125.00, also other prizes, amounting in all to \$245.50. At the Delaware County Fair there was \$35.25 awarded, and the BURPEE PREMIUM at State Fair, \$20.00, and County Fair, \$5.00, making \$305.75; and in addition to this I had another exhibit at State Fair in which I furnished the vegetables and another man the grains, and we were awarded \$332.00. I got half for furnishing the vegetables and they were all grown from BURPEE'S SEEDS.

In addition to this I received Grand Prize at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, and all the vegetables were grown from Burppee's Seeds; also the sweet corn, pop-corn, potatoes, etc., were from your seeds. I have some fine views taken of my exhibit at St. Louis, and will send you some as soon as they are finished up. I see some stakes on the lawns with "Burpee" on them that look familiar.

Please accept my sincere thanks for the premiums sent. The Vermont Gold Coin is the finest potato of over sixty varieties grown. The quality is A No. 1. Yes, we took the first premium at Delaware County Fair on best and largest collection of vegetables as well as best from Burpee's seeds, and all were grown from Burpee's SEEDS.

Thanking you again for all the premiums you have sent me, I am as ever,

Yours for the success of Burpee's Seeds,

L. G. CLUTE,

Supt. Iowa State Agr'l Exhibit, World's Fair, St. Louis, Mo.

Burpee's Seeds are "Seeds of Success

Our Prize Supplement for 1905 will be mailed in February to all known contestants of last year (1904). It will give a complete list of prizes won at State and County Fairs, with name and address of each prize winner.

Ep It will be mailed FREE also to any of our customers who ask for it and who, even though not exhibitors themselves, take pleasure in knowing, each season, the unequaled record of Burpee's Seeds that Grow Prize** winning Products. Shall we mail You a copy?

Ep You are invited to compete in 1905 for

The BURPEE PREMIUM at State and County Fairs

We again authorize the Secretaries of every State Fair in the United States to offer a cash prize of twenty dollars for the best collection of Vegetables grown from Burpee's Seeds. We authorize, also, the secretary of every County Fair in the United States to announce, in like manner, a cash prize of five dollars for the best display of the products (Vegetables or Flowers) of Burpee's Seeds.

In Case this offer is not announced in the regular Premium Lists for 1905 of any State or County Fair, and a customer of ours would want to compete, we shall waive this requirement and still pay the same cash prize,—provided the products of BURPEE'S SEEDS exclusively have won the Society's regular prize for "Best Display of Vegetables." Show Cards furnished, if desired.

Photographs. We desire to have a photograph of exhibits winning our prize at State Fairs, and in return shall send a dollar, in addition to the prize of \$20.00, to each one sending such a photograph, while for the best photograph we will pay a special prize of ten dollars extra.

\$100.00 Extra. We will pay also one hundred dollars cash as an extra prize to exhibitor who wins the greatest amount of prizes for products of Burpee's Seeds in 1905.

Please write us a complete list, with amounts of money awarded, of all the prizes won at different fairs. To the party whose report reaches the largest correct TOTAL in cash prizes, we shall send our check for an extra hundred dollars. 🦛 All reports of prize awards must be received on or before December 10, 1905



THE FIRST PRIZE COLLECTION OF VEGETABLES AT MINNESOTA STATE FAIR, The products of Burpee's Seeds; exhibitor, Charles Krause, St. Paul, Minn.

We won the only first prize on Sweet Peas at THE PARIS EXPOSITION IN 1900!

At St. Louis, 1904, we had planted a large area in Sweet Peas for the purpose of making a dis-aunfavorable weather injured the plants so badly that they failed to grow properly.

For other "Growing Exhibits" we were awarded, however, two Silver Medals and two Gold Medals, including

The Only Gold Medal on Lawn Grass at St. Louis! For the Lawns planted with our "Fordhook Finest,"—see page 104.

The Products of Burpee's Seeds

Win Thousands of Dollars in

First Pr

Year after Year!

The illustration herewith is from a photograph of the First Prize Exhibit, September, 1501, at the Northern Wisconsin State Fair, see letter below. For particulars of other awards you should read our

Prize Supplement for 1905.

Joseph Ward, Eau Claire, Wis., November 5, 101, writes.—The premiums I took at the Northern WisconsinState Fair this fall were \$50.12, and the twenty dollars that I got from W. Atlee Burpee & Co. would make \$9.12, and the special premium was \$11.00 at the Eau Claire Fair. I got seventeen first premiums and five second premiums, which amounted to \$34.50 and I got \$10.00 special that the Association give for the best display of vegetables. Out of five displays mine was the best and the largest there, all grown from Burpee's Seeds, and everybody thought that Burpee's Vegetables were fine. tables were fine.

GRAND PRIZE, St. Louis.

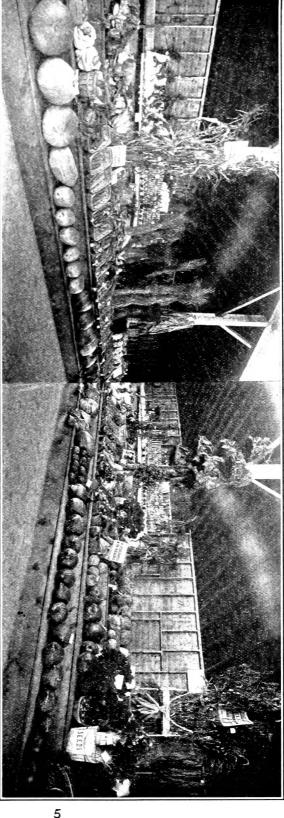
C. W. Holley, Glendale Stock Farms, Glens Falts, N. Y., September II, 1991, writes:—We received first premium again at New York State Farr on your seeds. I will send you a picture of it. It was said to be the finest show that they ever saw. The finest show that they ever saw. The commissioner of the St. Louis World's Fair, J. H. Durkee, wants me to send a show to St. Louis. We have a show from A to Z of your seeds, and I shall take most a carload if I go.

See also page 2.

CHAS. KRAUSE, Merriam Park, St. Paul, Minn., November 6, 1901, writes: I had another prosperous year again as I always have since I am a buyer of as I aways have since I am a buy. or your seeds. Everything was correct in shape, style, and color, especially the Burpee's Brittle Wax Beans which are the finest beau I ever have grown. Your Danish Ballhead Cabbage is the heaviest cabbage I ever have seen. Last year I put about 125 dozen in the cellar, and it was fine and green all winter. The Golden Globe Onion is another fine keeper and a nice medium onion.

beets and carrots were of the purest and best, and indeed everything was fine. I was awarded first premium for the best display of vegetables at the MINNESOTA STATE FAIR. This is the fifth year in succession. A good many year in succession. A good many gardeners worked hard to beat us, but we always had the purest and best in color and shape. The judges at the Fair said that we always have a good display every year at the fair, and they even have sent some of my vegeta to the World's Fair at St. Louis. vegetables always shall continue buying your seeds as long as we remain a gardener.

MRS. GEO. M. SCHURR, Grower of Fine Vegetables from Burpee's Seeds, Hutchinson, Kansas, October 1, 1901, writes:—Enclosed please find certificate from Secretary of the Kansas STATE FAIR, certifying that I received first premium for best collection of vegetables and that they were all grown from your seeds. Our collection of vegetables contained thirty-two different varieties, and was pronounced by the judges to be very fine.



An unsere deutschen Kunden.

ieberum treten wir mit unserer "Blauen Sifte" vor die amerikanischen Handels= gartner, um Auftrage zu erbitten. Dag wir, obwohl die Konfurreng von Sahr au Jahr größer wird und viele "billige" Samereien angeboten werden, einen Katalog, wie diesen, herausgeben können, ist ein schlagender Beweis, daß auch die Sandelsgärtner mehr und mehr einsehen, warum fortenechten und guten Gamereien ber Vorzug zu geben ist.

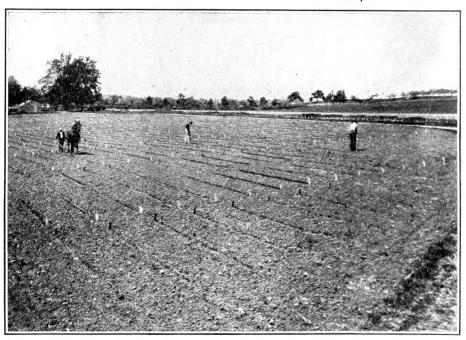
Und warum find Burpee's Samen allen anderen vorzugieben? Einfach barum, weil fie geprüft find, ausprobiert im Felde fowohl als auch im Gewächshaufe. feben, wie die Samen wachsen und gedeiben, wir versuchen die Brodufte berfelben im täalichen Gebrauche an der Tafel, und darum fonnen wir mit absolutem Bertrauen unfere Samen empfehlen und die Garantie übernehmen, bag wir nur echte Sorten pon

bester Reimfraft führen.

Wir erwarten, wie alljährlich, mit zahlreichen Aufträgen beehrt zu werden, beren forgfältigste, prompte und gewissenhafte Musführung wir gern im Boraus versprechen.

Mit ausgezeichneter Hochachtung,

23. Atlee Burvee & Co.



BURPEE'S FORDHOOK FARMS are Famous as the Most Complete Trial Grounds

Here (and on our South Jersey Farm) all things are tested, and we "hold fast to that which is good!" The view above is from a photograph of our Sweet Pea field at Fоrdноок. This picture was taken last spring, just as the plants in America! were large enough to show the row.

A Cordial Invitation. Planters who may visit Philadelphia are invited to inspect the New Burden the workings of the various departments. We are glad, also, during spring, summer, and autumn, to have our customers examine the crops and trials at FORDHOOK FARMS. Wednesday is "Visitors' Day," but customers from a distance can obtain permits at our Philadelphia office for any other week-day. It is the common remark of gardeners and seedsmen, after a day at FORDHOOK FARMS: "Planters generally have not the slightest idea of the unusual care you exercise in growing and testing seeds. You ought to say more about it." There is certainly no other place in America where such a complete assortment of all varieties. assortment of all varieties—both known and unknown—can be seen growing each season.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF

Burpee's Vegetable Seeds

FOR MARKET GARDENERS AND FARMERS' CLUBS.

By the most thorough garden and field trials of all varieties of Vegetables, we are enabled to keep posted constantly as to the *merits* and *demerits* of each variety and of different strains of the same variety. It is our aim always to obtain the very best stocks that constant care and selection can produce.

REGISTERS S

We grow seeds, and we grow seeds just as good as we can. Seeds are not "cheap seeds," but are sold at prices as low as seeds of equal quality can be had anywhere. No matter what price you might pay you could not get better seeds. Wherever our registered TRADE MARK appears it signifies that these varieties were first introduced into cultivation by us.

We have marked with **a bull's-eye** [O] those that we consider the very best of their respective types, for general cul-

The Prices of Seeds by WEIGHT or MEASURE are NET. ½ lb. or ½ bushel supplied at pound and bushel rates. The seeds are shipped as directed, either by express or freight, at expense of the purchaser. If to be sent by mail, an extra remittance (at the rate of 8 cts. per lb., 10 cts. per quart on sweet corn, or 15 cts. per quart on beans and peas) must be sent to cover cost of postage.

Seeds in PACKETS are subject to a DISCOUNT of 331/3 PER CENT. This discount applies only to seeds in retail PACKETS.

ARTICHOKE.

The French or Globe Artichoke is cultivated for the flower-heads which are produced the second season from planting and annually thereafter. These buds are gathered just before they open into flower and are highly esteemed as a table delicacy, those which come to market during the early spring selling at from 25 cents to 35 cents each. The plant is a strong grower and resembles a large thistle in character; it is quite hardy in well-drained soil south of Virginia. Further north it should be wintered in a cold-frame or planted in well-drained ground and covered thickly with long straw during the winter months. Heavy feeding and thorough cultivation are necessary to secure profitable results from this crop.

		Per pkt.	Per oz.	₹ lb.	Per lb.
1 Large Green Globe.	The standard variety,	\$0 10	\$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 75

ASPARAGUS.

Asparagus is one of the most profitable market garden crops and makes a return early in the spring before any other outdoor crop can be marketed. It takes some little time to get a bearing bed thoroughly established, but when well established and properly cared for it will yield good crops for a number of years. Beds may be started either direct from seed or from one- or two-year-old roots. Full directions for starting and managing a bed are given in our leaflet, "How to Make an Asparagus Bed," which we send free to customers who ask for it with their orders for seed or roots.

leanet, flow to Make an Asparague Ber, which we stand the to consider the New York market wants a large seed or roots.

The markets in different cities call for asparagus of different types. Thus the New York market wants a large white or blanched stalk, while the Philadelphia market prefers the green stalk which is grown above the ground. For producing the green-colored stalks Conover's Colossal, Barr's Mammoth, and Palmetto are all desirable, the latter being especially strong and vigorous in growth. Barr's Mammoth and Columbian Mammoth White, with good feeding, produce very large thick stalks which are naturally light in color and blanch very readily; for most markets they do not require to be blanched artificially.

	Perpkt.	Per oz.	¼ tb.	Per tb.
3 Barr's Mammoth. ⊙ The finest large-stalked variety,	\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0 18	\$0 55
5 Columbian Mammoth White. Produces large white stalks,	5	6	18	55
7 Conover's Colossal. The standard variety,	5	5	15	40
8 Palmetto. Large, thick, dark-green shoots,	5	6	18	55

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

	Per 100 Per 500 Per1000
Conover's Colossal, one year old,	\$0 40 \$1 85 \$3 50
Conover's Colossal, two years old,	45 2 10 4 00
Palmetto, one year old,	50 2 10 4 00
Palmetto, two years old,	60 2 75 5 25
Barr's Mammoth, one year old,	50 2 10 4 00
Barr's Mammoth, two years old,	60 2 75 5 25
Columbian Mammoth White, one year old,	50 2 10 4 00
Columbian Mammoth White, two years old,	60 2 75 5 25

Write for special prices on large quantities.

DWARF OR BUSH BEANS (Green-Podded Varieties).

These are planted largely in all sections for the early spring market and to a lesser extent for a supply of green string beans during the summer and fall months. This type of bean is commonly called "string" or "snapshorts," but the most improved varieties are



or statistics, but the most imported rathers are entirely free from any string or fiber in the polds. In some sections, however, where the season is short, cool, and wet, the older varieties are hardier and less liable to rust than the more fleshy finer pods of the improved

types.

The very finest and earliest of all green-podded beans is Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod:—under beans is BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN-POD:—under ordinary conditions this can be planted quite early and will withstand as much frost as the older and less desirable sorts. Next in earliness and quality is the Improved Round Pod strain of the Extra Early Red Valentine. Following these we have the Giant Stringless Green-Pod Valentine, which produces a larger and equally fleshy pod, but later than either of the above. To fill out the season in this finest type of fleshy green-pod snapshorts we would recommend planting the

To fill out the season in this finest type of fleshy greenpod snapshorts we would recommend planting the Extra Early Relugee, to be followed by the well-known Refugee, or 1000 to 1. All of the varieties named above have round pods, which are so fleshy that they are creased or slightly "saddled" where the two halves of the pod are joined together.

In the hardier older sorts we consider the Early Mohawk the hardiest, earliest, and most productive, but the pods, while of good size, are distinctly flat and not very fleshy. The Early Vellow Six Weeks and the improved or more fleshy-podded Round Yellow Six Weeks are similar in growth to Early Mohawk, but the pods are not so large nor quite so early; they are, how IMPROVED ROUND-POD RED VALENTINE BEAN.

appearance, but are of a dark purplish green in color; fine in flavor, brittle, and entirely stringless.

Pint.	Quart.	2 quarts	4 quarts	Peck.	Bushel
	\$0 40	\$0.70	\$1 25	\$2 25	\$8 50
15	20	35	65	1 10	4 25
17	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
15	25	40	70	1 25	4 75
15	25	40	70	1 25	4 75
15	25	45	85	1 60	6 00
15	25	45	85	1 60	6 00
25	35	60	1 10	2 00	7 50
20	35	60	1 10	2 00	7 50
	\$0 25 15 17 15 15 15 15 25	\$0 25 \$0 40 15 20 17 25 15 25 15 25 15 25 15 25 25 35	\$0 25 \$0 40 \$0 70 15 20 35 17 25 45 15 25 40 15 25 40 15 25 45 15 25 45 25 35 60	\$0 25 \$0 40 \$0 70 \$1 25	\$0 25 \$0 40 \$0 70 \$1 25 \$2 25 15 20 35 65 1 10 17 25 45 80 1 50 15 25 40 70 1 25 15 25 40 70 1 25 15 25 45 85 1 60 15 25 45 85 1 60 25 35 60 1 10 2 00

DWARF OR BUSH BEANS (Varieties for Shell Beans).

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

These are of two types,—the first of which includes the Dwarj Horticultural and Goddard or Boston Favorile. They are planted in cool New England and other northern States for use as green shell beans during the summer months, and are grown in sections where the season is too cool for success with the Lima bean. The White Marrowjat is what is known as a soup bean; they are grown on a large scale for sale in a dry state during the winter months.

	Pint. Quart.		2 quarts 4 quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
 26 Dwarf Horticultural, 27 Goddard, or Boston Favorite, O 29 White Marrowfat. Standard market bean, 	15	20	40 75	1 40	5 50

Each of the above, **10 cents** per packet of two ounces.



64 Burpee's "Quarter-Century" Strain The pods are fully as large as of Burpee's Bush Lima.o the best selected stock of Bur-

pee's Bush Lima, and are produced ready for the table considerably earlier. While the bushes are fully as productive, the pods are borne more at the center of the plant,-making the whole field show more clearly the distinctive bush character. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts.; per quart 30 cts.; 2 quarts for 55 cts.; 4 quarts for \$1.00; per peck \$1.75; 1/2 bushel \$3.40; per bushel \$6.75.

Do You Know Beans? If not, you should read our New Leaflet,—just published—and which will be mailed FREE,—if asked for on your order. It tells how to grow Garden Beans (including Limss) both for home use and market; preparation of soils, when to plant, how to cultivate, etc. It tells which are the best varieties for different purposes, and after reading it you will feel that

DWARF OR BUSH-BEANS (Wax-Podded Varieties).

Possibly, however, they are a little hardier and better strains. Possibly, nowever, they are a little nature and better adapted for planting in cool climates. The standard variety of this type is the popular Rust-Proof Golden Wax. Wardwell's Kidney Wax, Currie's Rust-Proof Wax, Burpee's Perfection Wax, and Davis' White Wax are all good varieties of this type and excellent market sorts. The Davis' White Perfection Wax, and Davis' White Wax are all good varieties of this type and excellent market sorts. The Davis' White Wax is especially popular with canners, producing an immense crop of long, straight, handsome, yellow pods which show up well in the market, and having pure white seed are desirable for canning, as the pods do not become discolored when cooked. This white seed is also an advantage where any portion of the crop is to be sold as a dry shell bean for winter use. The pods, however, are inferior in quality, and this variety is sure to become superseded by the Burpee



WHITE WAX, now first introduced.

	Pint.	Quart.	2 quarts 4 quar	s Peck.	Bushel.
31 Burpee's Perfection Wax, O	\$0 25	\$0 35	\$0 65 \$1 10	\$2 00	\$7 50
33 Burpee's Brittle Wax. Pkt. 15 cts	35	60	1 10 2 00	3 50	
36 Prolific Dwarf Black Wax,	20	35	60 1 10	2 00	7 50
38 Golden-Eyed Wax,	18	30	55 1 00	1 75	6 75
41 Rust-Proof Golden Wax, O	25	40	70 1 25	2 25	8 00
45 Wardwell's Kidney Wax,	25	40	75 1 25	2 25	8 50
48 Pencil-Pod Black Wax, O	25	40	70 .1 25	2 25	8 50
50 Burpee's Saddleback, ⊙	25	40	75 1 35	$^{\perp} 2 50$	9 50
52 Currie's Rust-Proof Golden Wax,	20	35	60 1 10	$2 \ 00$	* 7 50
54 Refugee Wax,	20	35	60 1 10	200	7 50
55 Burpee's White Wax. O Per pkt. 15 cts.					ė
Novelty for 1905, see next page.			1.		
56 Davis' White Wax,	25	40	75 1 25	2 25	8 50

Each of the above except where priced, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

DWARF OR BUSH LIMA BEANS.

In Bush Limas as in the pole sorts there are three distinct types, the earliest of which is the Small Sieva Butter Bean' of the South. This has small dark green leaves and small glossy pods. It is extremely early and or "Butter Bean" of the South. It is extreme'y early and very productive in light warm soils. Of this type we offer the Henderson's Bush Lima and the Improved Henderson or Wood's Prolific which produces pods and beans about one-third larger than those of the Henderson. Burper's Bush Lima is the bush form of the large white Lima and is the best market type of Bush Lima, having the distinct advantage of requiring no poles or supports and being ready for market from two four weeks in advance of varieties which are grown on poles. Burpee's "Quarter-Century" Strain is an improved selection of the Burpee's Bush Lima of even

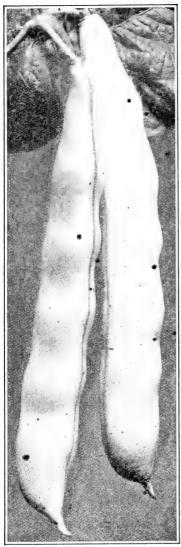
dwarfer growth and earlier maturity.

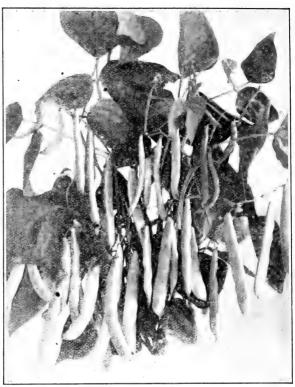
The third type is the Kumerle or Dreer's Bush Lima, generally known as the Potato Lima. The plants of this variety do not grow upright but spread rather flatly on the ground. It is very productive, setting freely and is especially desirable for a late market. The pods come in clusters and are shorter in length than those of the Large Lima, but the beans are quite thick and closely crowded together in the pods. When cooked they are apt to be dry and mealy.

	Pint.	Quart.	2 quarts 4 quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
60 Burpee's Bush Lima, O	\$0 15	\$0 25	\$0 45 \$0 85	\$1 65	\$6 25
64 Quarter-Century Strain of Burpee's					
Bush Lima, O	20	30	55 1 00	1 75	675
66 Kumerle or Dreer's Bush Lima,	15	30	55 1 00	1 75	6 75
68 Improved Henderson Bush Lima (Wood's					
Prolific), O		25	45 85	1 65	6 50
69 Henderson's Bush Lima,	15	25	45 85	1 65	6 50

Each of the above, **10 cents** per packet of two ounces.

Lima Beans are largely grown for use as dried beans in winter and are to be found on sale at almost every grocery store. These "Commercial Beans" are produced cheaply, as they are grown like an ordinary field crop. SEED LIMA BEANS cost considerably more to grow, as the crops are especially cultivated, while the stock must be carefully watched and rogued in order to keep them true to type. Some seasons, unfortunately, many commercial limas are sold for seed purposes.





Large-Seeded Stringless Bush Bean,— Burpee's White Wax.o

Of sturdy, upright growth, the bushes are heavily laden with a magnificent crop of large, handsome wax pods. The pods are straight, of a bright lemon-yellow, brittle, meaty, and entirely stringless at all stages of growth. It is what canners and truckers have been seeking for years, -as it combines quantity, quality, and beauty in the pods, which can be used as a string-bean until large enough to shell, while the seed, being large and pure white, is most desirable as shell-beans both for summer and winter use.

S Burpee's White Wax is so far superior in every way to the Davis' White Wax that we predict the latter will be dropped from cultivation (popular as it now is) as soon as sufficient seed can be had of Burpee's White Wax. The pods are fleshy, stringless, and incomparably superior both in flavor and appearance. * The stock is so limited that we can supply only in sealed packets, each containing only twenty-five beans. Per pkt. 15 cts.; 4 pkts. (100 beans in all) for 40 cts., net.

Burpee's
White Wax will make a record for itself in this (the first) year of its introduction.

Cash
Prizes.

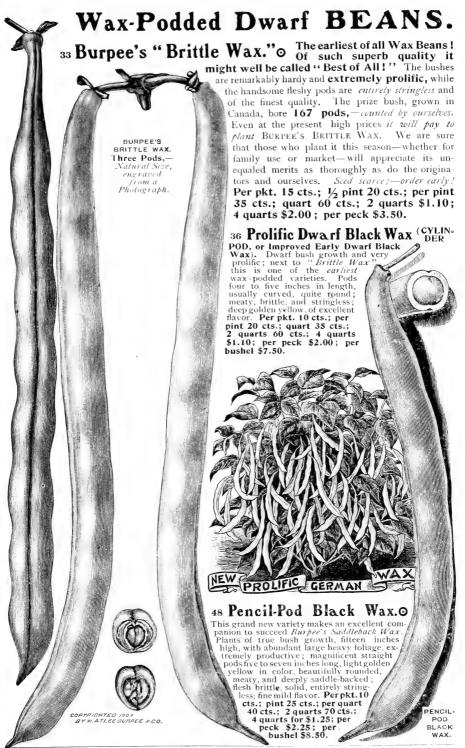
White Wax will make a record for itself in this (the first) year of its introduction.

Ger ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in liberal Cash Prizes for brief reports or descriptions; FIFTY DOLLARS (in two prizes) for the most prolific bush, and \$25.00 (in three prizes) for the best two pods.

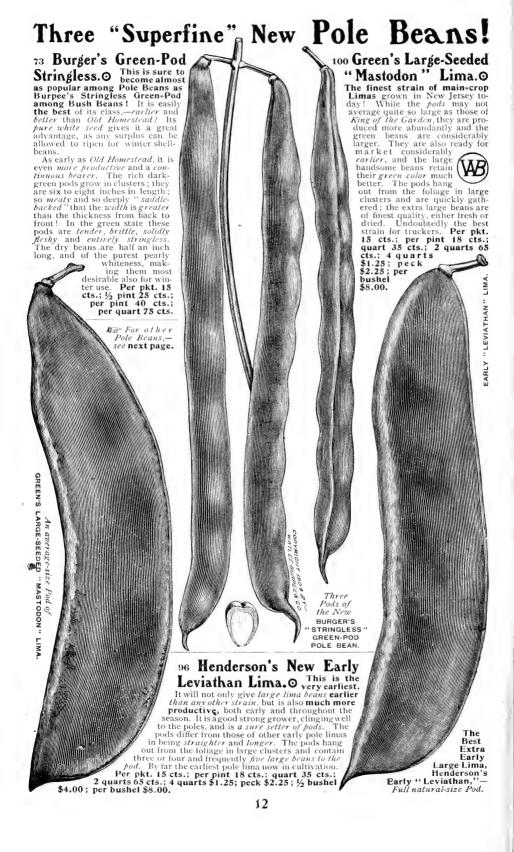
All arranged so that our most distant customers can compete as well as those near by), are fully explained on each packet.

Burpee's White Wax is of such unique value that thousands of planters will appreciate this fact,—even from the brief description above. Therefore, to make sure of a packet or two, it will be necessary, doubtless, to order early. For should your order arrive after our stock is entirely exhausted, which is likely to be the case by the middle of April, kindly advise us whether we shall return your money or send you any other seeds. An Never before has a dwarf wax bean been introduced at such a high price (although in 1901 we charged 20 cts, for 50 beans of Burpee's Brittle Wax), but certainly never before has there been produced a wax bean in any way approaching BURPEE'S WHITE WAX in real commercial value to the whole country.

Burpee's White Wax seed is sure to be high in price for years to come. It is now four years and yet we shall not be able to meet the demand this season, even at \$3.50 per peck. The demand has increased faster than we have been able to work up a sufficient stock, and this is sure to be the case also with this new Burpee's White Wax. Many progressive planters will realize, consequently, that even at the high price charged this season it will pay them to "work up" their own stock.



Beans, that is, Bush Beans (both green- and wax-podded), are again a short crop, and first-class hand-picked seed will be "sold out" long before the planting season is over. In order to protect planters who come to us each year for their supply we have declined many orders for export.



BEANS,-POLE OR RUNNING (Snapshorts, Green- and Wax-Podded Varieties).

The pole varieties of snapshorts are planted in many sections for a succession to the dwarf bush sorts, because they

Ine pole varieties of snapshorts are planted in many sections for a succession to the dwarf bish sorts, because they bear more continuously and are more productive. They can be grown either on stout poles, trellis of wire or string, while some varieties are planted with corn,—the corn-stalks forming a suitable support on which the beans climb.

In green-podded snapshorts, White Creaseback is the carliest and one of the best, having slender round pods which are quite fleshy, brittle, and entirely stringless. Old Homesterad or "Kentucky Wonder" is almost equally as early and yields a much larger pod, frequently eight to nine inches long, very meaty and deeply saddle-backed. Both of these continue in bearing only for a rather limited period, but we are offering this year two new varieties which we consider well adapted for the summer and fall market. The earliest of these is the ROYAL CORN BEAN, which is a strong grower and immensely productive of long, slender, slightly flattened, and quite fleshy pods which hang in large clusters on the vine and are readily gathered; the pods are light green in color, excellent in flavor and cook more quickly than most other green-podded sorts. Powell's Prolific is also a very strong-growing variety, well suited to grow with corn, but is the latest of all the green-podded sorts and with us does not make pods ready for use before September; the fleshy

round pods are very similar in appearance to those of White Creaseback.

The LAZY WIFE is a favorite variety on account of its strong growth and great productiveness as well as the fine flavor of the pods. These are produced in large clusters and are from four to five inches in length, flattened in form when ready for use as a snapshort during September; the dry seed, being of good size, round and pure white, makes it

an excellent shell bean for winter use.

In the wax-podded sorts for use as summer snapshorts we recommend Burpee's Sunshine, which has extra large meaty pods of a light golden yellow. The Golden Cluster is also an excellent variety having pods nearly as large as those of the Sunshine, while the pure white seeds can readily be marketed as dry beans during the winter.

The New Golden Carmine Horticultural is a double-purpose variety, the young pods being used as snapshorts before the beans develop and the beans being shelled and cooked in the green state when they reach the proper size. It is not until it is ready for use as a shell bean that the golden yellow pods develop the stripes and blotches of bright crimson. The quality is of the finest and harmonizes well with its handsome appearance. The Horticultural or Cranberry and the improved type Worcester Mammoth-Podded Horticultural are used as green shell beans in the New England States where the summer is too cool for success with Lima Beans. The Scarlet Runner is grown both as an ornamental bloomer and for pods, the latter being gathered while young and tender and cut into this slices and cooked in the same manner as the green-podded snapbeans. Vines are extra hardy and well adapted for a short season or cool location. White Dutch Caseknife is early, has large flat pods and is popular in some sections as a winter shell bean.

	Pint.	Quart.	2 quarts	4 quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
72 Old Homestead, ⊙	. \$0 18	\$0.25	\$0 45	\$0.85	\$1 65	\$ 6 50
73 Burger's Stringless. Pkt. 15 cts	. 40	75				
74 White Creaseback, O	. 18	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
75 "Lazy Wife's," O	. 18	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
76 Burpee's Sunshine Wax, O	. 20	35	65	1 25	$2 \ 25$	
78 Royal Corn Bean, O	. 20	35	65	1 10	1 85	7 00
79 Golden Cluster Wax, O	. 18	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
81 White Dutch Case Knife,	. 15	25	45	80	1 50	5 75
82 Powell's Prolific,⊙	. 20	35	65	1 10	1 85	7 00
83 Horticultural, or Wren's Egg,	. 15	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
85 Worcester Mammoth-Podded,	. 18	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
86 Golden Carmine Horticultural. Pkt						
15 cts		35	65	1 25	$2\ 25$	8 50
87 Scarlet Runner,	. 15	30	50	90	1 65	

Each of the above, except where priced, ro cents per packet of two ounces. 91 Yard Long (Cuban Asparagus Bean). A curiosity; small packets only. Per pkt. 10 cts.

POLE LIMA BEANS.

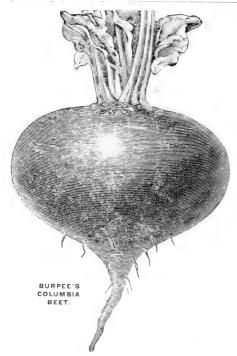
Although the dwarf or bush type of lima have to some extent displaced the pole or running type of the large lima for market plantings, the latter is still the main dependence of planters and is desirable for its greater productiveness

for market plantings, the latter is still the main dependence of planters and is desirable for its greater productiveness and long continued bearing. For a profitable crop the pole limas need rich soil, stout poles or wire and string supports on which to grow, and thorough cultivation. There are three distinct types of the running lima, with quite a number of different varieties or strains, the earliest being the Small Carolina, or Seiva which is very productive but has only small-sized pods and beans. These are very popular in the South where they are known as "Butter Beans."

In the ordinary type of large lima, the earliest variety is Henderson's Early Leviathan, which repeated trials have proven to be the very earliest and at the same time the most productive early strain of Large White Lima. Next to Leviathan in earliness are Seibert's Early and Extra Early Jersey; both excellent market sorts. We also offer this year a special selection under the name of "Green's Mastodon Lima" which has the distinct feature of retaining a portion of the green coloring of the young beans in the dry seed, this insures an even deep green coloring in the young beans when shelled for market; the white color of beans which have been allowed to become too old before gathering detracts from the appearance of the beans when shelled. King of the Harge White Lima, and in good ground produces an enormous crop of fine large beans, which frequently come five to a pod. The beans are very plump closely crowded together in the pod. It is immensely productive and the beans each. The beans are very plump closely crowded together in the pod. It is immensely productive and the beans easily shelled, but rather dry and mealy when cooked. This last type is especially desirable for a late market.

		Pint.	Quart.	2 quarts	4 quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
96	Henderson's Early Leviathan. O Pkt.						
	15 cts.,		\$0 35	\$0 65	\$1 25	\$2 25	\$8 00
	Seibert's Large Early, O		25	45	85	1 65	6 50
95	Extra Early Jersey,	15	25	45	85	1 60	6 25
97	Large White Lima,	15	20	40	80	1 50	5 75
99	King of the Garden,	15	25	45	85	1 65	6 25
100	Green's Large-Seeded "Mastodon."						
	Pkt. 15 cts	18	35	65	1 25	2 25	8 00
101	Challenger, Dreer's Improved or Potato						
	Lima,	15	25	45	85	1 65	6 25
103	Carolina or Sieva (Small Lima),	15	25	45	85	1 65	6 25

Each of the above, except where priced, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.



GARDEN BEETS (for Table Use).

Beets are an important feature in most market garden operations. The aim is to secure the very earliest crop in the spring; for this purpose we consider that some of the newest improved varieties are most desirable, producing larger and finer roots earlier in the season than the standard extra early sorts. Of these new extra early varieties we would name the New Early Model, Burpee's Black-Red Ball Crimson Globe, and Detroit Dark Red as producing the earliest round or deep-shaped beets, These are all excellent varieties of quick growth, round form, dark richly colored flesh of finest quality, and are ready for market in the order named.

In the older type of beets the nearly flat Extra Early Egyptian is the earliest and of the quickest maturity. Next to this come Burpee's Extra Early and Crosby's Egyptian, which are deeper in form, being more nearly round. Edmand's Early, Eclipse, Bastian's Extra Early, and Dewing's Improved Blood are special strains of decided merit next in maturity. Burpee's Improved Blood Turnip and Burpee's Columbia grow to quite a large size and have richly colored flesh of the finest quality; they are both excellent main-crop sorts. Dark Stinson is exceptionally dark and rich in the coloring of the flesh, but does not grow so large as Columbia. Long Smooth Blood is planted mainly for winter use and has flesh of the darkest, richest coloring. Bastian's Half-Long Blood, or "Philadelphia Perfection," is an excellent main-crop variety; the roots are rather olive-shaped, grow to a large size, and have dark red flesh which retains its tenderness until late in season. Very popular with Philadelphia truckers. Early Yellow Turnip is but little grown for market; it is, however, exceptionally sweet in flavor.

Swiss Chard is grown exclusively for tops, the leaves being used as a boiling-green, or the large white stalks are cooked and used in the same manner as asparagus.

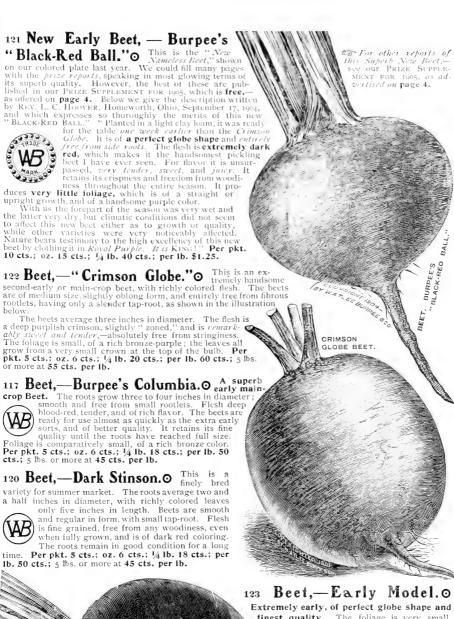
No In lots of 5 pounds each at 5 cts. per pound less.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
107 Burpee's Extra Early. © Extra choice first-early,	\$0 06	\$0 15	\$0 45
109 Extra Early Egyptian. Quick growing; flattened blood turnip		15	40
111 Crosby's Egyptian. Smooth and round roots,	6	15	45
113 Edmand's Early. © Extra early; of finest quality,	6	15	40
115 Detroit Dark Red. O A fine dark-red turnip variety,	6	15	45
117 Burpee's Columbia. O A superb early main-crop beet,	6	18	50
120 Dark Stinson. © Recommended for summer market,	6	18	50
121 Burpee's "Black-Red" Ball. O New. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 25
122 Crimson Globe. • Fine second-early or main-crop,	6	20	60
123 Early Model. Of perfect globe shape. Pkt. 10 cts.,	. 15	40	1 25
124 Eclipse. Extremely early, round, blood-red,		15	45
126 Bastian's Extra Early Red Turnip. Fine and early,		12	35
127 Early Blood-Red Turnip Beet. The popular old stand-by,	5	12	35
128 Burpee's Improved Blood. A finely improved strain,	6	15	45
129 Bastian's Half-Long Blood, or Philadelphia Perfection,		15	40
130 Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip. A popular strain,	5	15	40
131 Long Smooth Blood-Red. A large and excellent late variety,		12	35
133 Early Yellow Turnip. Bright yellow roots of sweet flavor		20	
136 Swiss Chard, Large-Ribbed White, O	5	15	40

All garden beets, except Black-Red Ball and Early Model, 5 cents per packet.

Burpee's Seeds Grow and are uniformly the very best seeds that can be grown! This is no idle boast but is a fact,—thoroughly proven by thousands of comparative trials conducted annually at our famous Fordhook Farms,—the most complete trial grounds in America. Seeds of the Burpee Quality cost more to produce than do usual commercial grades, but they are worth much more. As a result of our continued policy to supply "Only the Best," we have built up and maintained for many years the largest mail-order seed trade in the world.

We never send out travelers to solicit orders, but if you will write or wire us, you will be sure of prompt attention and that you will receive full value in the

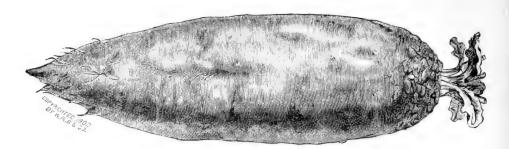
BEST SEEDS THAT CAN BE GROWN



Five of the finest Beets for either home use or market.

finest quality. The foliage is very small. The beets are always smooth and of the deepest blood-red color, while they quickly attain a good size. The flesh is a very dark reddish purple, entirely free from white rings. It is generally earlier than our new "Black-Red Ball" and is a most excellent sort both for home use and market. EARLY MODEL was first offered by us in America last year, and in common with all other planters we are delighted with its superlative excellence. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz.

NEW BEET, EARLY MODEL.



MAMMOTH PRIZE LONG RED MANGEL WURZEL.

MANGEL WURZEL AND SUGAR BEETS, for Stock Feeding.

These grow to the largest size of all beets and produce the heaviest bulk of crop for a given area. Where it is desired to add fresh green food for stock rations during the winter months, we think they would give larger bulk from a given area than any other crop which can be grown. GOLDEN TANKARD is the most desirable variety for dairy stock as it is not only very productive but is the only Mangel having yellow flesh, the coloring tending to add to the color and richness of the butter and milk of the stock to which they are fed during the winter months. The GOLDEN GIANT grows to a larger size and is probably the most productive variety, unless this point be conceded to the MAMMOTH PRIZE LONG RED, which grows very long roots with a large portion of the root above the surface of the soil, so that they are readily harvested. Orange Globe is shorter, thicker, and distinctly oval or round in form; it is more easily handled and would probably have a greater weight in proportion to its bulk, as the roots would store closely together in the root cellar and are of a convenient size for handling.

Of Sugar Beets.— These are planted quite largely for stock-feeding purposes, and while they do not produce so heavy a crop as Mangel Wurzels the greater percentage of sugar makes them of higher feeding value, bulk for bulk or acre for acre. Of these the Giant Half-Sugar is the latest improved type, combining the large size and great productiveness of the mangel with the richer quality and higher feeding value of the sugar beet; we think it is destined to take first place as the beet for stock-feeding purposes.

DANISH IMPROVED, first introduced by us from Denmark, has proven especially satisfactory in light soil, where it grows to good size and yields heavy crops; the quality is so fine that our customers frequently report using it as a table beet during the winter. This is more largely planted in the dairying sections of Canada than any other variety. Wansleben is the standard variety planted for the production of beet-root sugar and is also desirable for feeding to cattle. Lane's Imperial is an old standard variety, but is not so productive in proportion of sugar as the newer improved sorts.

Write for Special Prices on Large Quantities.	Per oz.	½ lb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. ormore, per lb.
139 Danish Improved. O Nutritious for cattle feeding	\$0 05	\$0 12	\$0 25	\$0 22
141 Lane's Imperial Sugar. O Roots large and smooth,	5	10	22	20
143 Wanzleben Sugar. Contains largest per cent. of sugar,	. 5	10	22	20
145 Giant Half-Sugar. O Of great feeding value,	5	12	25	22
147 Golden Tankard Yellow Fleshed. Most popular,	5	10	22	20
149 Golden Giant, or Leviathan. O Very fine,	5	10	22	20
151 Mammoth Prize Long Red. © Grows to immense size,	5	10	22	20
153 Orange, or Yellow Globe. Best round globe Mangel,	5	10	22	20
153 Orange, or Yellow Globe. Best round globe Mangel,	5	10	22	20

BROCCOLI.

This is a plant of the cabbage family, making a head which closely resembles that of the cauliflower, but is more hardy and not so delicate in flavor. It is not generally planted in this country, but is grown to a small extent in cold locations or for winter use in the Southern States.

		Per	pkt.	Pe	r oz.	1/4	tb.	Pe	r lb.
157 Purple Cape.	Close heads of brownish-purple color	\$0	10	\$0	25	\$0	75	\$2	75

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

These are becoming more and more of a feature as a market crop each year and some growers in favorable locations now make succession plantings which give them a supply of Sprouts for market throughout the year; the greatest demand, however, comes during late fall and winter months. The plants somewhat resemble cabbage in growth, but make small compact round heads at each leaf-joint on the stalk. These are cut off when well formed, trimmed with loose leaves and marketed in strawberry boxes holding one quart each. The plant is entirely hardy in this section and the heads are usually gathered for market from the open ground during the winter months, but some growers take up the stalks in the fall and keep them in cold-frames or root-cellars for winter market. The Long Island Improved is of dwarfer growth, and in this climate makes harder heads than the taller-growing European varieties.

·	Per pkt.	Per oz.	¼ tb.	Per lb.
158 Long Island Improved. A superior strain,	\$0 10	\$0 25		
159 Perfection. Grows about two feet high,		10	35	
161 Paris Market. A'half-dwarf strain,	5	10	35	1 25

CABBAGES,—Earliest Pointed or Oblong-Headed Varieties.

Of these the earliest variety is the EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS, producing small, hard, pointed heads of the same type as the old Early York. The Earliest Etampes has the same type of head, little larger in size and not quite so early. The best and hardest-heading extra early cabbage, however, is the EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD, a variety of American development and which is of the finest type for our market. This makes a hard solid-pointed head of good size and is the best variety to plant for the extra early market. Our strain of this variety is extra choice and can be depended upon to produce heads of even, regular size and form which will present the finest appearance when placed on the market, and it will turn off a crop of cabbage earlier than any other hard-heading variety of good size.

THE CHARLESTON, OF Large Wakefield, is about ten days later than the Early Jersey Wakefield and grows fully a third larger; it will stand about ten days longer before bursting after it is ready for market. The Early Winnig-STADT is considerably later than the Wakefield, but is even more solid and distinctly green in color; the heads are sharply pointed, with leaves closely twisted at the point. It is an excellent variety for shipping or to grow for slaw and krout in the fall as it comes on quickly and will make a good fall crop from late planting.



CABBAGE. -- LARGE WAKEFIELD, OR CHARLESTON.

In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 10 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.	
163 Early Etampes. Extremely early and of good quality,	\$0 10	\$0 35	\$ 1 25	
165 Extra Early Express. O Earliest of all; similar to Etampes,	15	40	1 40	
167 Early Jersey WAKEFIELD. © (See next page),	18	60	2 00	
169 Large Wakefield, or Charleston. Pkt. 10 cts	20	65	$2\ 25$	
171 Early WINNIGSTADT. Hard cone-shaped heads,	15	40	1 50	

Each of the above, except Charleston, 5 cents per packet.

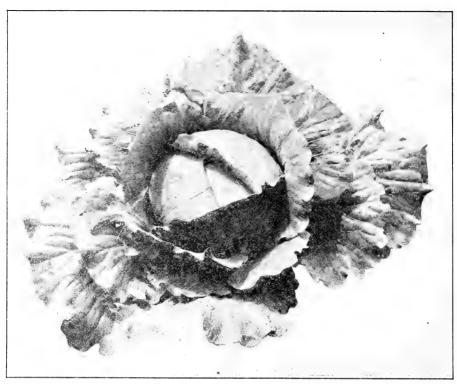
Early Flat and "Round-Head" CABBAGES.

These generally grow to a larger size and heavier weight, but are not quite so early as those of the pointed form. The earliest and hardiest of this type is the New Early Baseball, which is ready for market as soon as the Early Jersey Wakefield and makes a hard, perfectly round head, five to seven inches in diameter. Next to this in earliness are the First-Early and Early Spring. The First-Early, or "Eureka!" is a flat-heading selection of the Jersey Wakefield and is extremely hardy. The Early Spring is one of the very earliest strictly flat-heading varieties, but is rather tender and will not always make a good stand, as the plants are not so hardy as either Burpee's Baseball or First-Early, Burpee's Allhead Early Spring, while the plants are much stronger and more vigorous in growth. The heads are extremely solid and grow to a good size, running from eight to ten inches in diameter in the spring crop, and where grown as a late fall crop will frequently measure twelve to fourteen inches in diameter. Burpee's Allhead Early has the advantage also of standing longer without bursting after the heads are matured than any of the preceding sorts.

BURPEE'S EARLY STONEHEAD is an exceptionally hardy new variety, making plants of strong vigorous growth which have a wide spread of outer leaves, so that the plants cannot be set so closely together in the field as the preceding varieties. The heads are extremely solid, of a rounded form, excellent either for the market or factory. This new type, by reason of its strong vigorous growth and ample foliage, is well adapted to withstand the attacks of worms,

new type, by reason of its strong vigorous growth and ample foliage, is well adapted to withstand the attacks of worms, blights or other diseases. It is of remarkably quick growth and comes on as fast as Allhead Early or other extra early flat-head sorts. Early Dwarf Flat Duich, Early Summer, Succession, Fother's Brunswick, and All Seasons are all excellent flat-head cabbages of good size and flavor for the summer market and come on in succession in the order named.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 10 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
173 Burpee's Early Baseball. As early as Jersey Wakefield.			
Pkt. 10 cts.,	\$0 20 \$	\$0 75	\$2 50
175 Henderson's EARLY SPRING. Extremely early,	18	60	2 00
177 Burpee's ALLHEAD EARLY. (See next page.) Pkt. 10 cts.,	20	75	2 50
179 Burpee's Early Stonehead. Later than Allhead. Pkt. 10 cts.,	20	75	2 50
181 First-Early, or Eureka. Flat heads of good size. Pkt. 10 cts.,	18	60	$2 \ 00$
183 Early Dwarf Flat Dutch. A first-class second-early,	15	40	1 50
185 Henderson's Early Summer. A large hard-heading variety,	15	40	1 50
187 Henderson's Succession. Similar to All Seasons,	18	60	2 00
189 All Seasons. Large heads; medium early; very long-standing,	15	40	1 50
191 Fottler's Drumhead, or Short-Stem Brunswick. O	15	40	1 50

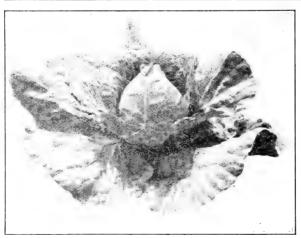


BURPEE'S ALLHEAD EARLY,—from a Photograph taken at Fordhook.

Burpee's Allhead Early Cabbage.

The BEST Early Summer Cabbage—the EARLIEST Large Flat-head.

177 Burpee's Allhead is the earliest of all large Cabbage, and considerably larger than any other early summer cabbage that is equally as early. The deep flat heads are remarkably solid and the most uniform in color, form, and size of any variety. The hard heads grow so free from spreading leaves that fully one thousand more heads than usual with large cabbage can be obtained to the acre. It is really an all-the-year-round Cabbage,—being equally good for winter. Per pkt 10 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. for 38 cts.; ½ lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.50.



EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD, - from a Photograph.

167 Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage. © The BEST first-early

oblong-headed Cabbage. familiar only with the old Wakefield, of irregular type, will appreciate the "trueness" of our strain from the accompanying illustration, which was engraved accurately from a photograph of an average head. The heads are uniformly hard and solid. They are pyramidal in form, generally pointed at the end, with but few outside leaves. The outer leaves are unusually thick and heavy, and it is thereby enabled to stand more cold weather without injury when carried through the winter either in the open ground in the South or in cold-frames in the North. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

MAIN-CROP CABBAGES,—For Fall and Winter.

Of these the best known type is the Flat Dutch, of which there are a number of special strains which are favored in different localities. For general cultivation and great productiveness we would especially recommend BURPEE'S SUREHEAD, as this is of remarkably strong vigorous growth and produces uniformly large solid heads of the finest quality. "Surchead" is of our own introduction and has been grown and especially selected for twenty-eight years; it can be confidently recommended as the most reliable variety to grow under general conditions. Other excellent strains of the Flat Dutch are the Acme Flat Dutch, Burpee's Saje Crop, and Premium Late Flat Dutch. Burpee's Short-Stray Deputs to its abstract of the Stray Deputs to its description.

SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD is a large sure-heading variety of very compact short-stem growth, so that a very large

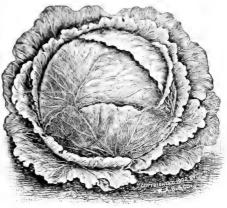
crop of fine heads can be grown by close setting. This variety is slightly earlier than Surehead and is a very dependable market variety

The Danish Ballhead makes a very profitable late crop for cool locations. These cabbages are imported. in large quantities in the spring from Denmark and bring high prices on account of their great solidity. They do not succeed when planted in a warm climate, but in the cooler Northern States reach their finest developthe cooler Northern States reach their finest development, making heads of extreme solidity and hardiness and keep better when stored away for spring market than those of any other type. The seed we offer of this variety is grown and selected especially for us in Denmark. In Burpee's Danish Roundhead Cabache we offer a variety which is even better adapted to our climate and market than Danish Ballhead. While the heads are equally round and solid, the plants do not the heads are equally round and solid, the plants do not blight as readily under our hot summer suns and the

blight as reachly under our not summer suns and the interior is more tender.

Burpee's Late Stonehead is a very distinct and extremely hardy vigorous grower, being similar in all respects to Burpee's Early Stonehead, excepting that both the outer leaves and heads grow to a much larger size.

Burpee's "Late Stonehead," named and introduced have beginn related to the stonehead," in the stonehead of the stonehead by us, has given splendid results in many sections, especially where planted on dry lands or in hot dry seasons,



DANISH BALLHEAD CABBAGE.

cally where planted on dry lands or in hot dry seasons, and we think it is destined to become a leading market sort in many sections where Danish Ballhead would not succeed; the heads are equally hard and of excellent keeping quality. AUTUMN KING, or "World-Beater," is the largest heading sort of the Drumhead type; the plants produce an extra large distinctly flattened head. It needs rich ground and a long cool season to fully develop the heads. The Perfection Drumhead Savoy is the best adapted of all Savoy Cabbages for our American market, and many markets prefer this "green" or curly cabbage, as it is considered more tender and finer in flavor.

The Red Cabbages are planted extensively for fall and winter use in the markets of northern cities populated by Germans. They are extremely hardy and the trimmed heads are of a deep nurplish red in color; used for pickling, slaw.

Germans. They are extremely hardy and the trimmed heads are of a deep purplish red in color; used for pickling, slaw, etc. The Red Drumhead is a very solid, perfectly round head, growing six to seven inches in diameter, of dark rich coloring. The MAMMOTH ROCK RED grows to a larger size, having heads of flattened form, but the coloring is not quite so rich as in the smaller round-head types.

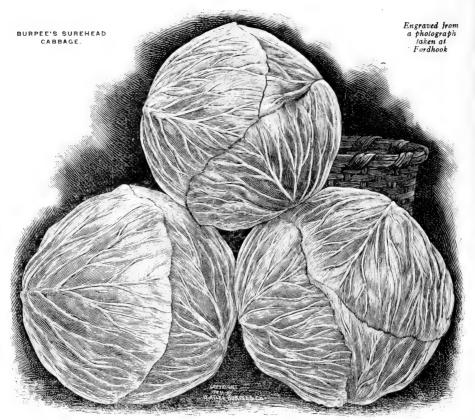
A In lots of 5 pounds, deduct ro cents per pound. A	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
193 Acme Flat Dutch. A quick-growing strain; solid heads,	80 15	\$0 40	\$1 40
194 Premium Flat Dutch. An improved strain of the Large Late			
Flat Dutch.	15	40	1 25
Flat Dutch, 195 Burpee's SUREHEAD. "Sure to head." Pkt. 10 cts.,	18	60	2 00
197 Large Late Drumhead. Not equal to Short-Stem Drumhead,	15	40	1 25
199 Burpee's SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD. Pkt. 10 cts.,	18	60	2 00
200 Burpee's Safe-Crop. Large, hard heads; fine for late winter,.	15	40	1 50
201 Burpee's Large Late STONEHEAD. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	18	60	2 00
203 DANISH BALLHEAD. O Danish grown. This strain is abso-			
lutely unsurpassed. (See page 21.) Pkt. 10 cts.,	20	60	2 00
205 Burpee's DANISH ROUNDHEAD. (See page 21.) Pkt.			
10 cts	25	75	2 50
206 Filderkraut, or Pomeranian Pointed Heading,	15	40	1 40
207 Autumn King, or World-Beater. O Pkt. 10 cts.,	18	60	2 00
208 Green-Glazed American. For the South; resists insects well,	15	40	1 40
CAMON CARRAGE			
SAVOY CABBAGE.			
209 Perfection Drumhead Savoy. Fine hard heads; of good size,	15	40	1 40
RED CABBAGES.			
213 Mammoth Rock Red. O Solid heads, averaging ten pounds			
each,	15	40	1 50
215 Large Red Drumhead, or Red Dutch. The standard,	15	40	1 40
Except where priced, each variety is 5 cents per p	acket.		
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	/WOILCO!		

Burpee's Cabbage Seed. We exercise exceptional care in growing and selecting our Cabbage seed. Not only are the plants grown from the best stock, but they are also inspected carefully before being put away for the winter. We can assure our customers that it is impossible to get better seed.

For the earliest supply, seed may be sown in September and the plants wintered in cold-frames, or seed started in hot-beds or cold-frames early in the spring. For the fall crop the seed should be sown early in June, and the young plants transplanted to the rows during the latter part of July. One ounce of seed will sow 300 feet of drill; two ounces sown thinly should provide plants enough for one acre.

"How to Grow" Cabbage And Dauliflower. This is the title of our leaflet, giving complete practical information for culture from seed-bed to mature heads. It is sent FREE with orders,—if asked for.

sent FREE with orders,-if asked for.



Burpee's Original Surehead Cabbage. o

This famous Cabbage, named and introduced by us twenty-eight years ago, has gained steadily in popular favor. Hardly any other variety can approach the SURE-HEAD in fine quality and uniform reliability in forming grand solid heads of

good size for winter market.

Burpee's Original SUREHEAD Cabbage produces large round flattened heads, of the Flat Dutch type, and is remarkable for its certainty to head. It is ALL HEAD and SURE TO HEAD, even under unfavorable conditions. The heads are remarkably uniform, very hard, firm and fine in texture, and ordinarily weigh from ten to fifteen pounds each. It is very sweet flavored, has but few loose leaves, keeps well, is good for shipping, and is just the variety

and quality to suit market gardeners, farmers, and all lovers of good cabbage.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 32 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

C. E. FLINT, R. F. D. No. 2, Blaine, Wash., Nov. 1, 1904, writes: As the season is now over, I wish to say just a word in regard to your seeds as I planted more of yours than I did of any other firm's.

I found them all true to name, strong in vitality and of good strains. Our season was very dry but nevertheless I had a very good crop of cauliflower and cabbage. I find your Allhead Early one of the best early cabbages. While there are a few others that are a few days earlier the heads are so much larger that one has something with the "Allhead."

F. C. RITTER Medina, Ohio, Oct. 17th, 1904, writes: I planted some of your Chinese Giant Peppers last spring and they were certainly monsters. The plants are vigorous in growth, very stocky and about two feet in height. The fruits are of monstrous size, thick blocky form and the Each plant had from six flesh is thick, sweet and tender. to eight peppers measuring fifteen to sixteen inches around, and weighing fourteen to fifteen ounces.

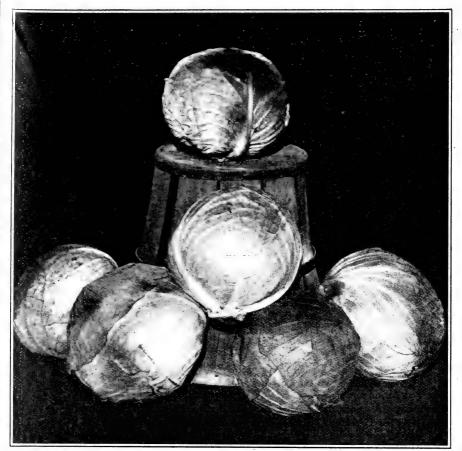
I tried some of the DANISH ROUNDHEAD CABBAGE and it was certainly fine. The heads were of uniform size, solid as a stone and weigh like lead. It is very tender, fine grained and of exceptionally fine quality. It stands longest without bursting of any cabbage I have ever seen.

A. H. Smith, North Bloomfield, Ohio April 23, 1904, writes: The "Gold Coin" Potatoes are "fine as silk." The "Golden Bantam" corn is right in flavor, size of ears and everything that goes to make the most satisfactory ear of corn I ever bit into.

MRS. N. E. TUCKER, R. F. D. No. 2, Sardis, Tenn., Aug. MRS. N. E. IUCKER, R. F. D. No. 2, Sardis, Jenin, Aug. 27, 1904, writes: I have been a customer of yours for 12 or 13 years. Have always been pleased with your seeds. Your SUREHEAD CABBAGE has always been a favorite of mine. It has given satisfaction in every respect. This season I raised one head 4½ feet across from outside leaf to outside; weight, 9 lbs. Lots of other large heads I never weighed or measured.

I cannot praise your Halbert Honey Watermelon too much as it tastes too much like honey. It is of a very good size.

WM. McDermott, R. F. D. No. 1, Mechanicsville, New W.M. MCDERMOTT, R. F. D. No. 1, Mechanicsville, New York, Dec. 26, 1903, writes: I found all seed good and true to name that came from your warehouse, and will say that from four dollars and seventy cents (\$4,70) worth of seed purchased from your house a year ago, I sold one hundred and forty-seven dollars worth of vegetables besides the premiums won at the Fair. You may expect an early order for seed this coming season.



BURFEE'S DANISH ROUNDHEAD CABBAGE—Trimmed ready for market, Accurately reproduced from a photograph taken at Fordhook.

Burpee's "Danish Roundhead" Cabbage.

An Earlier Short-Stemmed Type of the Famous "Danish Ballhead."

205 Danish Roundhead has given such splendid satisfaction to growers for winter market that we could fill pages with enthusiastic letters.

The reports show that it has withstood both severe droughts and heavy floods in different sections, and that it pro-

The reports show that it has withstood both severe droughts and heavy floods in different sections, and that it produced better results under such adverse conditions than any other variety. Even in sections most favorable for cabbage, experienced growers have reported that the DANISH ROUNDHEAD is preferable to Danish Ballhead. The heads, maturing about two weeks earlier, are set on shorter and heavier stalks, so are less liable to become bent over in storms. The heads average larger in size than those of the Ballhead, and are heavier in weight than heads of even larger size of the best American varieties, being extremely hard and solid, with interior leaves blanched to the purest whiteness; sweet flavor and crisp tender texture.

The great weight of the heads of this variety was noted by visitors to our FORDHOOK FARMS. When heads were cut from the stalks to show the distinctly round form, "as hard as a bullet and as heavy as lead," was the usual comment. The new DANISH ROUNDHEAD has less outer foliage and is better able to resist blight than is Danish Ballbead being in wors sections cauties as vigorous in growth during the hot summer as the best American types. was the usual head, being, in most sections, quite as vigorous in growth during the hot summer as the best American types.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.50.

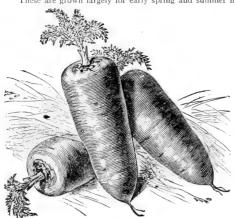
203 True Danish Ballhead Cabbage.

This famous Cabbage was first introduced by us from Denmark twenty-one years ago and our Danishgrown seed is absolutely unequaled! Large quantities of these cabbages have been imported for spring sales from Denmark, and have proved most popular in our markets. It is an easy matter to grow this same cabbage in cool locations in our own country. From repeated trials, as well as from the experience of many customers purchasing this seed, we are convinced that this most carefully grown strain surpasses in even growth and heading, as well as in uniform size and solidity of heads, any other strain of the so-called "Hollander Cabbage." The magnificent heads are nearly round in form, very hard and solid; they keep in finest condition when buried through the winter, coming out solid in spring. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 02. 20 cts.; 2 025. 35 cts.; ½ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00. && This price is for our Best Imported Danish-grown Seed, which is absolutely unsurpassed. && We have a first-class stock, however, of Holland- and French-grown Seed, at 40 cts. per

1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

CARROTS.—Table Varieties.

These are grown largely for early spring and summer markets and on a still more extensive scale for late fall and



DANVERS CARROT

For early markets the smaller quick-growing winter. varieties are the best to plant and of these the Golden Ball is the earliest, making smooth round routs about one and three-quarters to two inches in diameter and the same in depth. This variety is chiefly used for forcing. The Early Scarlet Horn makes a smooth blunt-pointed or stump-root, about four inches in length, and is an excellent variety to plant for early bunching. For general market the Danvers Half-Long is the most popular; it makes a smooth well-colored root, five to six inches long and about one and a half inches in diameter at the shoulder. The Half-Long Scarlet Stump-Rooted grows about the same size as the Danvers, but is not so tapering in form and is distinctly stump-rooted; it is very highly colored and an especially attractive market sort. St. Vallery resembles Danvers, extive market sort. St. Valuery resembles Danvers, ex-cepting that the roots are longer and taper sharply. Chantenay, or Model, and Burpee's Oxhwart are main-crop sorts of thicker form than the preceding varieties, well-grown roots averaging three inches in diameter at the shoulder and from five to six inches in length with a thick blunt end at the base; they are both handsome and very productive. The *Improved Long Orange* is a large late sort, but penetrates the soil so deeply it is not advisable to plant it for market except in ight loose soil, where the roots can be harvested without breaking.

	For In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	¼ tb.	Per tb
217	Early Very Short Scarlet, or Golden Ball. Earliest; small			
	round,	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 65
219	Short Horn, or Early Scarlet Horn. O Popular standard			
	early,	6	20	60
221	Chantenay, or MODEL. One of the finest in quality for			
	table,	6	20	65
	Burpee's OXHEART, or Guerande. Of splendid quality,	6	20	60
	True DANVERS Half-Long. A great favorite; dark orange,	6	20	60
227	Half-Long Scarlet Stump-Rooted. For shallow soils,	6	20	60
	Improved Long Orange. A very fine strain; good keeper,		15	55
231	Saint Vallery. • Very choice; the "Point-rooted Danvers,"	6	15	55

In regular size packets, each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

CARROTS (For Stock Feeding).

These make a most appetizing, wholesome, and nutritious addition to the winter ration of stall-fed stock during winter months. They are easily raised and can be kept

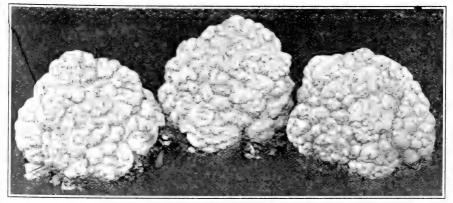
the winter months. in excellent condition throughout the winter when properly stored. Full cultural directions for handling these crops are given in OUR NEW LEAFLET on growing root crops, which is sent Free with orders, when requested. The Improved Short White is the finest quested. The Improved Short White is the finest and best type, making large, smooth, heavy roots which do not penetrate the soil so deeply and are more easily harvested than the older types: at the same time, they yield a greater bulk and weight of crop. In good soil frequently cultivated this variety will produce roots measuring three and a half to four inches in diameter at the shoulder and tapering gradually throughout a length of eight to ten inches. The Large White Belgian is of similar size but more tapering in form. Yellow Belgian is longer and more slender, growing fully one-third its length above the surface which makes it easily harvested, but is not so productive as the two preceding sorts. Where a rich-co'ored carrot is desired for winter feeding to impart coloring in nik and butter from the dairy cows, we would recommend Burpee's Oxheart, Chanlenay or Danvers.



In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
235 Improved Short White. The best and most productive,	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 35
238 Large White Belgian. Large white; very productive,	5	15	35
240 Large Yellow Belgian. A good keeper for late feeding,	5	15	40
In regular size packets, each of the above, 5 cents	per pa	cket.	



o A Bull's-Eye, according to the "Century Dictionary," means a shot that hits the bull's-eye-the best shot that can be made! We have marked with a bull's-eye [O] those varieties of seeds which we consider the very best of their class for general cultivation. Even inexperienced planters, who might be confused, otherwise, by our complete list, can make no mistake by selecting the varieties marked with a bull's-eye. O O



BURPEE'S BEST EARLY CAULIFLOWER, -reproduced from a photograph. The center head weighed 12 lbs. 11 ozs.

CAULIFLOWER.

The type of cauliflower most generally planted for market is the Early Dwarf Erfurt, of which there have been developed a number of selections showing increased earliness, dwarfer, short-stemmed growth, with larger finer heads, and surer heading tendency. The very finest and highest development of this type is BURPEY'S BEST-PARLY, which is especially grown and selected annually for our trade in Denmark, where the finest cauliflower is produced. BURPEE'S DRY-WEATHER is a special selection of similar type for planting in dry sections or hot summers where the ordinary strains of cauliflower do not succeed, and has given splendid results under such conditions, as is evidenced by the numerous testimonials received from our customers and the increasing demand for seed of this variety. Early Snowball, Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt, and Early Dwarf Erfurt are all fine selections of the Erfurt type, and are valuable for earliness in the order named. The later and less expensive strains are more hardy and less liable to blight. The Extra Early Paris is very dwarf and is useful for planting in the early spring, but the heads are not so large nor as solid. Algiers and Aulumn Giant are very strong-growing large late varieties, which produce good heads when planted where the summers are comparatively cool.

A ASSESSMENT OF		
	Per pkt.	Per oz. ¼ tb. Per tb.
244 Burpee's Best Early. O Half-size pkt. 15 cts.: 4 oz. 75 cts.	80 25	\$2 50 \$9 00 \$34 00
245 Burpee's Dry-Weather. Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz.		
85 cts.; ¹ ₂ oz. \$1.50,	25	3 00 10 00 37 50
247 Early Snowball. • Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; 4 oz. 60 cts., .		2 00 7 50 28 00
249 Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt (Extra Selected),	20	2 00 7 00 27 00
250 Early Dwarf Erfurt. The well known standard,	10	90 3 00 10 00
252 Extra Early Paris. Used for forcing,		65 2 00 7 50
256 Algiers. Of vigorous growth, large heads,		65 1 85 7 00
258 Veitch's Autumn Giant. Very late,	5	45 1 35 5 00

We put up half-ounces at half the ounce price.

CHICORY.

Chicory is grown largely in some localities as a substitute for coffee, the roots being sold usually on contract to the factories. To secure fine, large roots the soi! should be rich and deeply worked, plants thinned out to four inches apart.

	Per pkt.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
295 Large-rooted, or Coffee,	\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0 15	\$0 50

COLLARDS.

Largely grown in the South for use as boiled greens during the winter and as green forage for stock. Can be started in seed-bed and transplanted like Cabbage, or it may be sown thinly in drills three feet apart.

	Per pkt.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
299 Georgia. Used in the South for "greens,"	\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0.22	\$0.75
300 North Carolina Short Stem, or Blue Stem, O	5	10	25	85

CORN SALAD.

A hardy winter salad, somewhat resembling small leaves of Lettuce, which is used both for garnishing and as a salad during the winter months. Seed should be sown thinly in drills or broadcast during September and October.

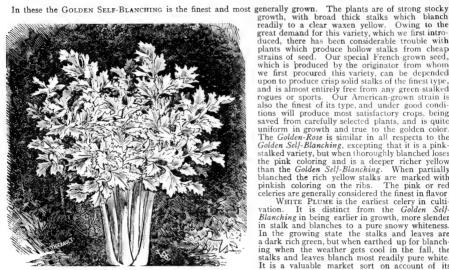
	Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
351 Large Round-Leaved, Large-Seeded,	\$0 05	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0.40

CHIVES. Chives are perfectly hardy perennial plants of the onion type. They are grown for their small leaves, which are produced freely very early in the spring, for giving a mild onion flavor to various dishes. Roots, per bunch, 15 cts., 2 bunches for 25 cts.

CELERY.

In growing celery for market it is most important that the seed planted shall be of the finest selected stra n, so that the plants will be uniform in growth and color, free from any rogues or sports which would interfere with the proper blanching or make an uneven growth in the row. Where the plants are of an even height the rows can be more quickly blanched, and if the product is uniform there is but little or no waste when preparing the bunches for market. The introduction of the so-called "self-blanching" type has very largely extended the cultivation of celery and also the period during which it can be marketed. The markets of our large cities are now practically supplied with fine blanched celery throughout the year; and the early celery shipped from the extreme South now joins seasons with that which is stored throughout the winter in the Northern States.

CELERY.—Self-Blanching Early Varieties.



WHITE PLUME CELERY.

duced, there has been considerable trouble with plants which produce hollow stalks from cheap strains of seed. Our special French-grown seed, which is produced by the originator from whom we first procured this variety, can be depended upon to produce crisp solid stalks of the finest type, and is almost entirely free from any green-stalked rogues or sports. Our American-grown strain is also the finest of its type, and under good condi-tions will produce most satisfactory crops, being saved from carefully selected plants, and is quite uniform in growth and true to the golden color-The Golden-Rose is similar in all respects to the Golden Self-Blanching, excepting that it is a pink-stalked variety, but when thoroughly blanched loses the pink coloring and is a deeper richer yellow than the Golden Self-Blanching. When partially richer yellow blanched the rich yellow stalks are marked with pinkish coloring on the ribs. The pink or red pinkish coloring on the ribs. The pink or red celeries are generally considered the finest in flavor.

WHITE PLUME is the earliest celery in culti-on. It is distinct from the Golden Selfvation. Blanching in being earlier in growth, more slender in stalk and blanches to a pure snowy whiteness. In the growing state the stalks and leaves are a dark rich green, but when earthed up for blanching when the weather gets cool in the fall, the stalks and leaves blanch most readily pure white. It is a valuable market sort on account of its extreme earliness, but is not a good keeper nor so fine in flavor as the Golden Sell-Blanching.

	Per oz.	2 ozs.	¼ tb.	Per lb.
260 Golden Self-Blanching. Most popular of all,	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 80	\$3 00
262 Golden Self-Blanching. O Originator's seed grown in				
France,	30	55	1 00	3 75
264 Rose-Ribbed Self-Blanching, or "Golden Rose,"		40	75	2 50
266 White Plume. O Silvery-white leaves. Pkt. 5 cts.,	15	25	40	1 50

Each of the above, except White Plume, 10 cents per packet.

Winter Varieties of CELERY.

This is the original type of celery. The stalks during growth have a rich deep green coloring which must be eliminated in the fall by a careful earthing-up or exclusion of light from the growing stalks. These varieties being more solid, have better keeping qualities when stored for winter market than the quick-growing self-blanching type. In the newer sorts, such as Winter Queen and Evans' Triumph, the green coloring is not so deep nor so firmly fixed, so that they are more readily blanched than the older varieties. In addition to this these two varieties are of shorter stockier growth with broader heavier stalks, making them more readily handled in growth, blanching and in storing away for the winter as well as when putting them in bunches for market.

	•				
	In lots of 5 pounds, 10 cents per pound less.	Per oz.	2 ozs.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
275	Winter Queen. Best for winter use. Pkt. 10 cts.,	\$0 20	\$0 35	\$0.60	\$2 00
276	Boston Market. White and crisp; of rather loose habit,.	10	20	35	1 25
278	Evans' TRIUMPH. O Solid, large-ribbed, broad stalks,	10	20	40	1 40
280	Giant White Solid. Tall growing; pure white,	10	20	35	1 25
282	Giant PASCAL. A splendid keeper,	10	20	35	1 25
284	Dwarf Golden Heart. Large, solid, golden-yellow heart,	10	20	35	1 25
285	Dwarf Large-Ribbed. So-called Kalamazoo Celery,	10	20	35	1 25
288	Large-Ribbed Red. Waxy yellow, tinged pink,	15	25	40	1 50
290	Cooper's Cutting. Short stalks,—grown only for flavoring,	5	10	25	85
293	CELERIAC, or Turnip-Rooted Celery. Round roots,	10	20	35	1 25
	Each of the above, except Winter Queen, 5	ents p	er pack	et.	

o Please bear in mind o that a bull's eye [O] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types. o



GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY, from & photograph.

This variety, first introduced in America by us in 1884, is decidedly better in quality than the White Plume. It is ready for use nearly as early, blanches as easily, and is larger in size as well as finer in quality. It is of dwarf compact habit, with thick, solid, heavily ribbed stalks which blanch easily to a clear waxen yellow. The stalks are crisp and solid, free from stringiness and of delicious

flavor.

The above illustration is from a photograph of twelve stalks sent us by the Niles Celery Company, Wellsboro, Penna., and were produced from seed purchased of us. The twelve stalks weighed twelve pounds measured twenty-seven inches in circumference and twenty inches high. The Niles Celery Company have for several years purchased large quantities of our French-Grown Seed.

**For prices on all celery seed see opposite page.

#@ As we were the original introducers into America of the Golden Self-Blanching,—so well known as "most famous of all celeries,"—we naturally pride ourselves upon having the best selected strains. You cannot possibly procure anywhere seed of any so-called "Improved" strain superior to ours. [4.3]

Early Sweet Corn.—Burpee's "Golden Bantam."

Earliest and Best of all Extreme-Earlies; -- Most Surpassingly Delicious in Flavor!

What We Say:

It is the hardiest early sweet corn for the cool Northern States. It is also the best variety to plant late in

the summer for late fall use.

It is the richest in flavor of all!

Golden Bantam, introduced in 1892, has become already the most popular of all extra early sweet corn. Planters write us that they must have the Golden Bankam, no matter what it costs!

We are in constant receipt of letters from our customers, who speak in the most enthusiastic terms of its extreme earliness, wonderfully fine quality, and most delicious flavor.

Golden Bantam only extra early, but also extra hardy; for although the grain in the young tender state is sweet and rich beyond comparison, the dry seed is quite solid, permitting of the earliest planting. We have been successful with this variety planted as early as the Early Adams, which is grown only on account of its superior hardiness. Plantings of GOLDEN BANTAM can be made a week or ten days earlier than with the shriveled seed of the regular type. Even if planted at the same time, Golden Bantam is as early as the Cory and vastly finerin flavor.

Golden Bantam dwarf in growth, the stalks averaging four feet in height. The ears are from five to seven inches in

length; but what it lacks in size is fully made up in produc-tiveness and quality. The small stalks can be grown closely together in the row

and in good soil it will produce two and three fine ears to a stalk.

Golden Bantam is so because the grain when ready for use is a rich creamy yellow, deepening to orange-yellow as it ripens. This distinct color is so unusual This distinct color is so unusual that many persons seeing it for the first time ask: "Is that really a sweet corn?" A single trial of its splendid quality soon convinces them that Golden Bantam is actually the finest flavored of all sweet corns!

Golden Bantam, while especially recommended for the cool Northern States, is desirable also for warmer locations, both as a first early and for late plantings. It is valuable because the ears, protected by a good firm husk, are not liable to smut as is so often the case with sweet corn in the South.

301 Golden Bantam although now of-February 25, 1904.

February 25, 1904.

GOLDEN BANTAM is certainly most luscious and of fine flavor—skin tender. I will plant it next year quart 40 cts.; 2 quarts for 75 cts.; 4 quarts for prolific and sweet.—S. G. Davis, Deering, Maine, 4ugust 29, 1904.

What Others Sav:

I planted one-half acre of GOLDEN BAN-TAM CORN to try it for market early. -Most of the customers got on to it at the first_taste, others objected to the

color. But they all lined up later and would call for "the little veilow corn." As my late sweet corn did not come up good, having plenty of Golden Bantam seed I planted three-quarters acre July 3d. Early in October the bank trustees held a meeting at our hotel. The landlord's wife called for corn in the morning—six dozen. It made plenty of talk at the dinner. Some of the diners had eaten it before and told those that were remarking about the color to wait till they tasted it. One color to wait till they tasted it. One family of eight would buy seven or eight dozen at a time. I never in thirty years sold anything new that seemed to please like the GOLDEN BANTAM!—DAVIS H. CLARK, Easthampton, Mass., February 2, 1904.

GOLDEN BANTAM is the most prolific as well as the most delicious I prolific as well as the most delictions ever raised. My garden, planted exclusively to Burpee's "Best Seeds That Grow," is the envy of both professional and amateur gardeners in this locality.—E. P. Boyle, Lyons, New York, August 18, 1904.

GOLDEN BANTAM is the best thing we have ever struck yet in the way of garden corn.—Rogers Bros., Chaumont, N. Y., March 22, 1001.

GOLDEN BANTAM, planted on

the cold side of a very cold hill, the first pulling came in sixtyeight days (July 24). The yield will be large, the ears being of good size and well filled with the beauti-

ful golden grains, - honey sweet, fine flavor, and singularly tender.
Most corn is improved in the eating from the cob by splitting the grains and adding certain condiments. With the GOLDEN BANTAM all this is unnecessary,—you simply eat, eat, eat,—Lowdon W. Richards, Superintendent Saxton Furnace Co., Coatesville, Pa., August 4, 1904.

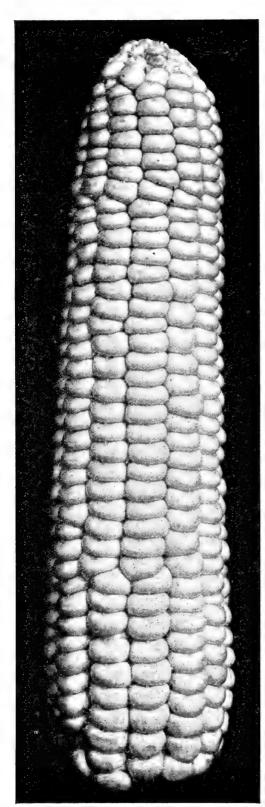
GOLDEN BANTAM is the sweetest, tenderest corn I have ever eaten.—H. C. SHAFER, Scranton, Pa., March 29, 1904.

GOLDEN BANTAM was so superior that after using one mess we let the planting grow for seed, for fear that seed might be scarce again next season. BURPEE'S WHITE EVERGREEN was just simply im-mense—sweet, delicious.—MRS. J. P. NYLE, Essex, Jowa, August 27, 1904.

GOLDEN BANTAM I have grown for two years. It is no doubt the finest sweet corn in existence .- JOHN BART-LETT, Oshawa, Ontario, Canada,

"Howling-Mob" is the unusual name given by the originator to an exceptionally fine, large-eared, second only Sweet Corn now first presented for advance trial. ** It will pay private planters and all Market Gardeners to make an advance trial in 1905 of the new "Howling-Mob." For illustration, brief description and explanation of this unusual name, - see page 28. **Called States**





A Novelty of Rare Merit!

"Howling-Mob" Sweet Corn,_o

For Advance Trial in 1905.

Howling-Mob originated with a customer of ours, who is an extensive market gardener, and who, in first calling attention to it in 1903, writes:—"I send you by mail a trial package of a variety of sweet corn which I have gotten by about ten years' selection. It has short fodder, large ears, white cob, and follows White Cory within one to five days. I call it' HOWLING-MOB," for when I take the first to market the grocers collect about my stall in a mob, each endeavoring to secure at least a few dozen of the first large corn."

Howling-Mob did so well at Ford-HOOK in 1903 that we contracted with the originator to grow us a crop of seed in 1904. We personally inspected his field, and from another year's trial at Fordhook, also, are sure we have a superb strain of an improved second-early sweet corn in this new "HOWLING-MOB."

Howling-Mob is a most desirable second-early, with attractive ears, of good size (see photograph), and of very superior flavor,—being of unusual sugary sweetness. The ears are eight to nine inches long, well filled with fourteen rows of snow-white grains; the ears are protected by a good, heavy husk. The grains are so very sweet that it is a pleasure even to eat an ear raw,—as you would an apple!

Howling-Mob is bound to become most per of the very finest flavor, to come in between our famous Golden Bantan and Burpee's White Evergreen. It will thus afford a succession of the very sweetest and finest table corn, both for the home garden and for a critical market trade.

Howling-Mob is controlled exclusively the seed is sold this season only in seaded packages, each containing about 125 kernels,—sufficient for a thorough advance trial. Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts. For Each purchaser is requested to kindly report results, in competition for prizes offered below:—



\$25.00 for a Postal Card!

Cash Prizes. For the best report writmailed to us in September or October, 1905, we will pay a first prize of \$25.00; for the next best a second prize of \$15.00, followed by a third prize of \$10.00, fourth and fifth prizes of \$5.00 each. For the five "next best" reports we will pay \$2.00 each, while to the senders of the thirty "next best" postal card reports we will send each "a clean crisp dollar bill,"—forty prizes amounting to one hundred dollars.

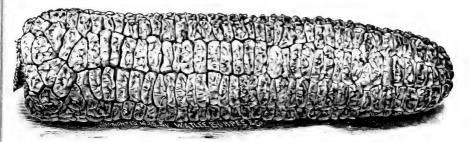
We will pay also two prizes of \$15.00 and \$10.00 for the best photographs of a single ear in the green state, to be sent in October, and like prizes for the best dried ears, to be sent to us in November, 1905. This makes in all

\$150.00 in Cash Prizes for 1905.

**FEVERY COMPETITOR who fails to win a prize will be sent a due bill for 15 cts., which will entitle you to obtain a full-size packet of the originator's seed FREE in 1906.

We want testimony from every section to establish immediately the value of this new "HOWLING-MOB."

Will you help us?



EARLY FORDHOOK SWEET CORN, -from a photograph, reduced in size.

VARIETIES OF TABLE CORN.

The crops of table corn are a leading feature in market-garden plantings in all sections of the country, but in different sections it is necessary to make selections of different types for the earliest plantings. In the South the extra early varieties of sweet corn, which give such good results in the cool Northern States, will not succeed; and in the Northern States the large-eared Early Adams type of field corns, which are planted in the South for the first supply, cannot compete with the dwarf extra early sweet corns either in earliness or flavor. We ask our customers to note this distinction in types of early varieties, as a confusion of the two types has frequently led to loss and disappointment where either are planted for the carlies table under adverse conditions.

early varieties, as a confusion of the two types has frequently led to loss and disappointment where either are planted for the earliest supply under adverse conditions.

In true sweet corn the Early Fordhook is still the very earliest of all. Occasionally in our Trial Grounds the First of All will be ready for use two to three days earlier than Early Fordhook, but is inferior in size and quality. The true stock of Early Forbhook is distinctly earlier than Cory and all other extra early sweet corns. Burpee's Early Cosmopolitan is the earliest large-eared sort and is of excellent flavor, coming in right a.ter Early Fordhook, and in our trials is frequently as early as the Cory with a larger, finer, better filled ear. The Corx, White-Cob Corx, Early Minkesota and Kendel's Early Giant are stan-lard extra early sorts, of which we can supply choice se ected strains of seed. Burpee's Early Shepfeled is a cross-bred variety of strong hardy growth. with stalks six feet in height and producing large well-filled ears at the same season as the Crosby's Early Twelve-Rowed. It is a little larger and later than Early Commobilian. Cosmo bolitan.

BURPE's GOLDEN BANTAM is a unique and very distinct early sweet corn of rich flavor, the grains being of a deep golden yellow. Owing to its extreme hardiness it can be planted earlier in the spring than other sweet corns. The season is about the same as for Crosby's Tuelve-Rowed. On account of its very distinct appearance it would not take well on the market until its splendid flavor becomes known, when there will be a great demand for this variety, which many consider the finest flavored of all sweet corns. It is especially adapted for the cool climate of the New England

and other Northern states

CROSBY'S EARLY TWELVE-ROWED, Early Champion, Metropolitan, Perry's Hybrid, and Potter's Excelsior are all excellent second-early or midseason varieties of good growth and producing ears of medium size with grains of fine

flavor.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN is the standard large-eared main-crop or late sort. Burppee's White Evergreen is the finest development of the Stowell's type, having been established by long-continued selection in pure white color, large size of ear, depth, and sweetness of grain and extremely strong vigorous growth. On good land the stalks frequently set and develop three good ears to a stalk.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is a late variety, producing three or four slender ears to a stalk. These ears are closely filled with small deep grains placed in irregular rows after the Ne Plus Ultra type,—commonly known as "Shoe Peg." This is not generally considered a good market sort, excepting for special trade where a higher price can be obtained for extra quality.

The second of th				
		2 quarts	4 quarts Peck.	Bushel.
301 Burpee's Early Golden Bantam. O Pkt. 15 cts.,	\$0 40	\$0 75	\$1 40 \$2 50	
303 Burpee's Early Sheffield, O	25	40	75 : 1 40	\$ 5 50
305 Early Fordhook,⊙	25	45	80 1 50	5 50
306 First of All,	20	40	70 1 25	4 75
308 Red-Cob Cory,	20	35	60 + 1 + 10	3 75
309 Large White-Cob Cory,	20	35	60 1 10	4 00
311 Burpee's Early Cosmopolitan, O	25	45	80 1 50	5 50
313 Early Minnesota,	15	30	55 1 00	3 50
315 Crosby's Early Twelve-Rowed, O	20	35	60 1 10	3 75
319 Perry's Hybrid,	18	35	60 1 10	3 75
322 Potter's Excelsior, or Squantum,	18	35	60 1 10	3 75
324 Early Champion,	20	40	$75 \mid 1 \mid 25$	4 50
326 Metropolitan,	25	40	$70 \mid 1 \mid 25$	4 75
328 Kendel's Early Giant,	20	35		4 25
333 Burpee's White Evergreen. See page 27,	25	40	$70 \mid 1 \mid 25$	4 75
335 Stowell's Evergreen. 2 bush. at \$3.50 per bush.,	20	35		3 75
337 Country Gentleman, O	20	40	$70 \mid 1 \mid 25$	4 50
341 Mammoth Late,	20	35		4 00
340 Black Mexican,	20	40	70 1 10	4 25

Excepting Golden Bantam, each variety of Sweet Corn, 10 cents per packet.

At St. Louis Burpee's Seeds were most successful in winning prizes. Besides the two silver and two gold medals awarded us direct for growing plants and Lawn Grass the products of Burpee's Seeds won for exhibitors several gold medals. At the different State and County Fairs our customers won hundreds of prizes, -see pages 2 and 3.

Three types of the hardy EARLY ADAMS CORN.

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS, is a dwarf-growing type of the Adams Early Corn as planted in the South, and is adapted for the first or earliest planting in the Northern States. In this variety the stalks grow to a height of five feet and set one or two rather short well-filled ears near the base of the stalk. On account of the hardiness of the grains it can be planted earlier in the spring than the seed of the true sweet corns, and in this way is frequently of value in obtaining

the earliest market crop.

The ADAMS EARLY is entirely distinct from the preceding, having a strong tall-growing stalk from seven to eight feet in height, producing one or two large long ears which are set well up upon the stalk. The ears are as large as those of Stowell's Evergreen, or even longer, and have a thick heavy husk which affords good protection from the worms that frequently destroy so large a portion of the early crop of sweet corn.

BURPEE'S DREADAUGHT ADAMS EARLY is an improved development of the Large Adams Early, the stalks growing to an equal height and producing larger and thicker ears which are fuller at the outer end and more closely resemble those of the large sweet corns. In our grounds this "Dreadnaught Adams" from northern-grown seed is distinctly earlier, finer in flavor and more tender when gathered at the proper stage than the regular southern type of Adams Early.

	Quart.	2 quarts	4 quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
345 Extra Early Adams. Extremely hardy,	\$0 15	\$0 30	\$0.50	\$0.85	\$2 75
347 Adams Early. Desirable for planting in the					
South,	15	30	50	85	2 75
349 Burpee's "Dreadnaught" Adams Early, O	15	30	50	85	2 75
Each of the above 10 cen	ts per p	acket.			

POP CORN.

	Pint.	Quart.	2 quarts	4 quarts	Peck.
353 Queen's Golden. ⊙ Expands to large size,	\$0 15	\$0 25	\$0 40	\$0.70	\$1 25
355 White Rice. Standard variety,	15	20			1 10
357 Silver Lace. Of fine quality,	15	20	35	65	1 20
359 New California Yellow. O Pkts. only.					
360 Burpee's Golden Tom Thumb. Pkts. only.					
	1				

Each of the above, to cents per packet.

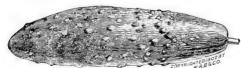
CRESS.

The Fine Curled or Pepper Grass is grown readily from seed sown thickly in drills in the early spring or fall. plants are cut and tied in bunches, for sale in the same manner as water cress. One ounce of seed will sow 200 feet of drill

Water Cress may be grown easily in shallow ponds or along the edges of shallow streams of fresh, running water, and meets with a ready sale in city markets during the winter and early spring. Seed should be sown in a damp location, and the young plants transplanted to the stream or pond. One ounce of seed will sow a plot of seed-bed sixteen feet

00 10	80 00
	\$0 30
	$7\overline{5}$

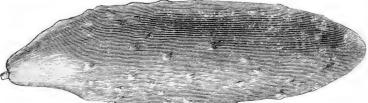
395 Cucumber,—FORDHOOK PICKLING. Excepting only the New Cum-Excepting only



berland, this is the best and most prolific variety for producing pickles of medium size, both for home use and market, or to grow for the pickle factories. The vines are extremely vigorous and healthy, yielding a large number of fruits if kept gathered at the proper stage, and remaining in

strong healthy growing condition longer than any other variety. Skin extremely thin, tender, and free from toughness when pickled. If allow grow to full If allowed to

fruits are of excellent table quality, but where the largest where the largest quantity of pickles is desired fruits should be gathered while small, so as to insure the greatest crop; to produce larger fruits for slicing will soon check growth productiveness of the vines. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 2 ozs. 13 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.



BURPEE'S FORDHOOK PICKLING CUCUMBER, -engraved from photographs.

See page 4 for the repetition of our well-known offer. We should like to have You compete in Cash Prizes at Every Fair. offer. 1905. Will you? In any case, we feel sure that if you will read our PRIZE SUPPLEMENT FOR 1905-to customers—you will become still further convinced that Burpee's Seeds are the Best that Grow! -mailed Free to customers-



Fordhook Famous was "created" by Mr. A. McInnis. an experience! Scotch seed grower of Ontario, Canada who after selling us his crop, with exclusive right of introduction, wrote under date of February 13, 1901: "My new uccumber is certainly very fine—from twelve to seventeen inches long—very smooth and even size. Very productive and first-class for table use. I have sold them here on our markets at 50 cents per dozen when good White Spine would not bring 20 cents. It is about seven years since the cross was made by myself. The cross was White Spine and Noa's Forcing.—the latter a very beautiful cucumber, one of the best flavored that I have tasted, from which my new one has taken very much the same flavor." very much the same flavor."

dark green, and very solid. The fle flavor.—F. C. RITTER, Medina, Ohio.

cucumber, repro-duced from a photograph.

CUCUMBERS.

Cucumbers are planted in large areas both for market fruits and for pickling purposes, and in getting a profitable return from this crop it is important to select a variety adapted for your purpose, soil, and season. In the cool Northern States the Early Russian, which is the earliest of all cucumbers, will make a good growth and a very early crop of small fruits for market, but this variety is chiefly adapted for planting where small-sized fruits are needed for pickling, as for table purposes it has no value outside of its extreme earliness. This is true also to a greater or less extent of the other extra early varieties, such as the Early Green Cluster, Early France, Green Prolific, and Everbearing,—all of which are of the smaller type and under ordinary garden conditions do not reach a length greater than four to five inches.

The earliest market variety producing fruits of good size and even repulse from its Purpur's Event Flavy Warner.

The earliest market variety producing fruits of good size and even regular form is Buspee's Extra Early White Spine, and we consider this the very best to plant under general conditions for the early market crop; the fruits average about six inches in length and are of smooth regular outline and attractive appearance. The White Spine type is the most popular and best known in the market, and for a



general market crop of good size and smooth regular fruits we recommend the FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE because of its Strong vigorous growth, great productiveness, and fine appearance of the deep green fruits. IMPROVED ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE is also a very uniform variety and of a desirable size and shape.

Burpee's Fordhook Famous is a new variety of the Burpee's Fordhook Famous is a new variety of the White Spine type, growing to an extra large size, and has fruits which are very thick-meated and especially fine in Evergreen, or Extra Long White Spine, produces smooth regular fruits which are frequently twelve inches long.

EVERGREEN, or Extra Long White Spine, produces smooth regular fruits which are frequently twelve inches long. New Centory is a fine new strain of the preceding variety; very popular in the St. Louis (Mo.) markets.

The EMERALD is a distinct fruit of cylinder form, with thick round ends and a uniform deep green coloring of most attractive appearance. Fordhook Pickling is of strong growth, very attractive and a desirable size and shape for large pickles. Paris Pickling has a very long slender fruit, covered with small spines, and the New Cumberland is somewhat similar but larger, thicker in shape and lighter in color. London Long Green is an old favorite, producing large fruits of extra length, and our strain of this variety is the true long-fruited type. Livingston's Evergreen is an inproved type of Nichol's Medium Green; it is early and very profile. Burpee's Glant Pera produces large, smooth, light green fruits of mild flavor. Burpee's White Wonder is of excellent quality for slicing; it bears an abundance of medium-sized fruits with creamy-white skin. Japanese Climbing is of extra strong vigorous growth producing large deep green fruits of good flavor, and in our trials we have found that this variety withstands the hot dry summer weather more successfully than ordinary types. West India Gherkin is a small prickly fruit, two inches in length and quite seedy; it is grown exclusively for pickling.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
369 Early Russian. Earliest of all; small, dark green,	50 07	\$0 25	\$0 75
371 Early Green Cluster. A short, prickly, seedy variety,	7	25	75
373 Early Frame, or Early Short Green. For slicing and pickling,	7	25	75
375 Thorburn's Everbearing. • Vines bear continuously,	7	25	80
377 Extra Early Green Prolific, or Boston Pickling, O	7	25	75
	7	25	
379 Burpee's Extra Early White Spine. © Extremely early,	<u>,</u>		80
381 Improved Arlington White Spine. O A fine strain,	7	25	75
383 Fordhook White Spine. O The most handsome fruits,	10	30	85
385 Extra Long, or Evergreen White Spine. © Grows 12 inches long,	7	25	75
389 New Century. O A fine extra long new strain of White Spine,	7	25	75
393 Fordhook Famous. (See page 31.) Per pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 50
395 Fordhook Pickling. O Best for pickling. (See page 30),	7	25	75
397 Cumberland. A fine new pickling,	7	25	80
399 London Long Green. O Dark green, 12 to 16 inches long,	7	25	75
401 Emerald. Rich dark-green fruits; very handsome,	15	50	
403 Livingston's Evergreen. Fine quality; of rich color,	7	25	75
405 Burpee's Giant Pera. 15 to 18 inches long. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 50
406 Japanese Climbing. Long tendrils permitting it to climb,	10	30	1 00
	7	25	75
407 Burpee's White Wonder. Best pure white-skinned cucumber,			
408 Paris Pickling. Very crisp, brittle pickles,	10	30	1 00
409 West India Gherkin. Small fruits; exclusively for pickling,	10	35	1 20
410 Snake. Grown chiefly as a curiosity,	12	35	
	1	4	

Each of the above, except where priced, 5 cents per packet.

DANDELION.

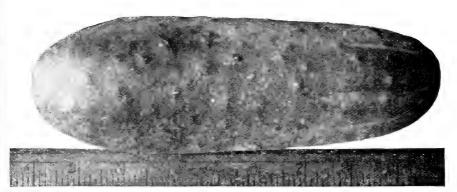
The dandelion is quite extensively grown to furnish leaves for an early spring salad. It finds quite a ready sale in the winter and early spring. The Improved Large-Leaved grows to a much larger size and yields many times the amount of foliage of the common wild type. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill.

415 Improved Large-Leaved. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ tb. \$1.25; per lb. \$4.50.



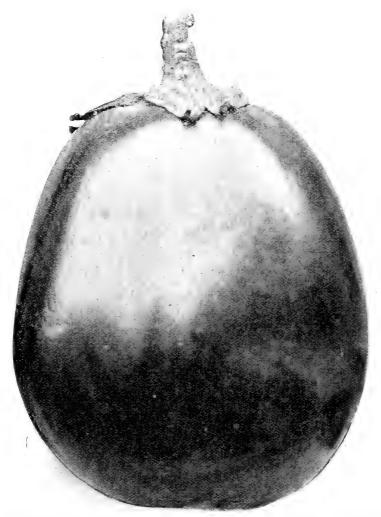
BURPEE'S SEEDS are sold in any quantity, but only under seal. They are always Genuine as dated,—if seal is unbroken.





FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER,—from a photograph.

For prices see opposite page.



BURPEE'S BLACK BEAUTY EGG PLANT,—from a photograph.

For prices see next page.



EGG PLANTS.

The Egg Plant is becoming more and more popular in our markets and the market season is greatly prolonged by early shipments from the South. The large smooth fruits, free from spines and of a dark rich coloring, not only are most popular but also make the most satisfactory shippers, as they arrive in the best order, and the deep coloring adds to their fresh appearance. Burpee's BLACK BEAUTY is not only the earliest of this popular large-fruited type, but is a'so the smoothest and richest in coloring. In comparative plantings in the truck-growing sections of Southern New Jersey, where this variety originated, it has proven to be at least a week or ten days earlier than the New York Improved Purble, and in addition to this the fruits are darker and richer in coloring and the color extends clear to the extreme end of the blossom end, which in the older varieties is apt to have a white or light purplish blotch.

FORDHOOK SPINELESS is an improved selection of the Large New York Improved, having larger, smoother, more regular fruits which are entirely free from spines on the calyx or foliage. While Pearl resembles the New York Improved in size, shape, and growth, but has a creamy-white skin. We do not think that either this distinctly colored fruit or the small-sized Early Long Purple would give profitable returns as a market crop.

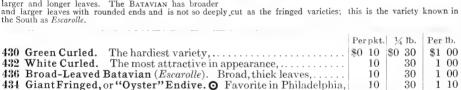
		Perpkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
420	Burpee's Black Beauty. • The best of all,	\$0 10	\$0 40	.\$1 25	\$4 50
	Fordhook Improved Spineless. O A fine strain,		30		3 50
424	New York Improved Large Purple. The old standard,	10	25	85	3 25
426	The "Pearl." Large white fruits of good quality,	10	25	85	3 00
	Early Long Purple. Oblong; very early,		15	50	1 75

ENDIVE.

The finely cut ornamental leaves of this plant furnish an attractive and appetizing bitter salad for the fall and winter and also for the spring months. It can be had in fine condition throughout the year by making repeated or suc-

cession sowings. The plants are used also for decorative or ornamental purposes when blanched during fall and To accomplish this blanching the outer leaves of the plants are gathered closely together and loosely tied at the top with a wisp of straw or soft string for about a week or ten days, at the end of which period the inner portion of the leaves is blanched to a creamy white and contrasts finely with the dark green outer

These blanched plants are especially used for ornamentation of baskets of oysters, etc., which has given it the name of "Oyster Endive" in this and other Northern States. The Green Curled and White Curled have narrow States. The Green Curled and White Curled have narrow leaves with the edges finely cut or deeply laciniated, the only difference that the White Curled has naturally leaves of a light golden-yellow tint which do not need any tying up or blanching. The Giant Fringed, or "Oyster Endive," is similar to the Green Curled, but has larger and longer leaves. The Batavina has broader and larger leaves with rounded ends and is not so deeply cut as the fringed varieties; this is the variety known in the South as Executile.



GOURDS.

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.



FRUIT OF DISHCLOTH GOURD. way, and well removed from all other vine crops.

hence are desirable as nest eggs.

These are grown largely for home use. The dried shells of the Sugar Trough and Dipper Gourds are especially useful for many purposes. In the South the membrane or sponge-like lining of the Disheloth Gourd is taken out and used for washcloths, etc., when cleaned and dried. The Nest-Egg is a small, white, egg-formed Gourd, ranging from the size of a small pullet's egg to a large duck's-egg. When well dried they are not liable to breakage, and damore by frost por do they barbox vermin and GOURD. to a large duck's-egg. When well dried they are not liable to breakage and damage by frost, nor do they harbor vermin, and Seed of the different varieties should be planted in hills six to eight feet apart each Two ounces of seed should plant 100 hills.

	Perpkt.	Per oz.	¼ tb.	Per lb.
438 Japanese Nest-Egg. Size of hen's eggs,	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 25
440 Sugar Trough. O Useful for household purposes; crop				
almost a failure,	10	30		
442 Dipper. Makes excellent dippers,	10	15	50	1 60
444 Dishcloth, or Luffa. Sponge-like; porous lining,	10	25	75	2 75

FROM BOHEMIA.-NEW HORSE-RADISH

"Malinor Kren." Although now duced to the general public by us, the original stock of this "Malinor Kren" (Cochlearia armoracea) was brought from Bohemia in 1890. One grower, whose farm

we personally visited, writes us that from one acre planted in April. two and one-half tons of radish will be dug this month (November); contracted for at \$100.00 per ton. This will yield him \$250.00 per acre, without any extra fertilizer; it was simply planted an earn ground. planted on corn ground

planted on corn ground

The roots grow to an extremely large size white as a parsnip when grown on sandy soil

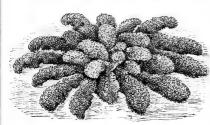
April will yield large bottoms in October. It grows much more rapidly than the old variety, and its flavor is the very best;—especially is the difference pronounced in ear ly fall when the old variety would be too green and juicy for use.

See also page 25 of THE FARM ANNUAL. SMALL Roready for planting: 65 cts, for 50; \$1.10 per 100; 200 for \$2.10; 500 for \$5.00; or \$9.00 per 1000 roots.

Horse-Radish. The ordinary strain we one, is strain we one, is satisfaction to planters for many years.

SMALL ROOTS: per 100, 50 cts.; 500 for \$2.40; per 1000, \$4.50. The ordinary strain we offer is of the same high quality which has given entire

KALE OR BORECOLE.



DWARF GERMAN CURLED KALF.

This popular boiling green for winter and early spring use is being planted more largely each year as a market crop. Shipments from Southern States reach northern markets during the winter months in large quantities, and in some sections it is almost as popular as spinach. For this crop, the seed is planted early in the fall and the plants cut off and shipped to market during the early spring months when the leaves are four to six inches in length.

In the Northern States the plants are started and set out singly like cabbage, and then form large rosettes of finely cut leaves which frequently reach a diameter of two feet or more, the leaves being pulled from the stem for use as needed, but for market the smaller or young heads are preferred. The Dwarf German and Tall Green Curled Scotch have longer plume-like leaves with edges finely cut. The Dwarf Siberian is extremely hardy, but the leaves are broader, smoother, and not so heavily curled as the Dwarf German or Scotch. These are the leading market varieties. The Dwarf Purple and Curled Mosbach are rather more curled and chiefly grown for their ornamental appearance.

Fin regular-size packets, each 5 cents per packet.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
446 Dwarf German, or Dwarf Curled Scotch, O		\$0 20	\$ 0 60
448 Dwarf Siberian. Extremely hardy,	6	20	50
450 German Dwarf Purple. Deep purple, curled leaves,	7	25	75
452 Tall Green Curled Scotch. Two and one-half feet high,	6	20	60
454 Curled Mosbach. Light-green leaves; very curled,	10	30	1 00

KOHL-RABI, or Turnip-Rooted Cabbage.

Grown in the same manner as cabbage, though the seed may be sown thinly in drills where the plants are to stand, and when well started, thinned out to eight inches apart, but the best results will be had from transplanted plants in rich, well-cultivated soil. The bulbs must grow quickly and be gathered for market while young and tender, so that bulls must grow quickly and be gathered for market while young and tender, so that several plantings should be made rather than a large area at one time. Early White and Early Purple Vienna are the best for table use. The Large Green or White being large and coarse-fleshed, is suitable for stock only. One ounce of seed sown thinly will turnish about 2000 plants.



SMALL ROOTS.

Each 5 cents per packet.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
456 Early White Vienna. The best for table use,	. 15	\$0 45 45 25	

LEEKS.

The Leek is an extremely hardy plant with a sweet onion-like flavor. It does not make any bulbs, but produces plants with a long thick stem. These stems are blanched by drawing the earth up about them as the plants increase in growth, and the flavor is greatly improved by frost, so that they find their best sale during the winter months. They are also quite largely used for bunching with herbs to form the "bouquet" opt-herbs, sold on markets during winter months for flavoring soups, stews, etc. The Broad London or American Flag and Monstrous Carentan have very thick fleshy stems, while the New Long Mezieres produces stems which are more slender and of greater edible length.

	Per pkt	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
461 Large American Flag, or Broad London. Fine strain,	\$0 05	\$0 07	\$ 0 25	\$0 75
463 Monstrous Carentan, or "Scotch Champion." The		10	20	1 00
largest,	10	20		1 40
Too Long Mezicles. Extra long stems,	10	10	1 20	



BIG BOSTON LETTUCE.—For prices see next page.



SALAMANDER LETTUCE.—For prices see page 38.



Earliest and Forcing Varieties of LETTUCE.

These are grown mainly for a quick crop of head-lettuce in a cool greenhouse during the winter months, or small plants are set in cold-frames in the fall to make market heads the following spring. The earliest sorts when planted in the open ground do not make a satisfactory growth and will run to seed without heading should the weather become

in the op:n ground do not make a satisfactory growth and will run to seed without heading should the weather become hot and dry, but if started late in the summer or early in the fall, will nearly all produce fine solid heads for use during the late fall months, as they require a cool temperature for their growth and development.

A favorite forcing variety is the White-Seeded Tennis Ball, or "Boston Market," and under good conditions this will make a head six inches in diameter. Wheeler's Tom Thumb and Mignonette are smaller and earlier,—very fine for greenhouse planting. The Grand Rapids is largely grown as a winter crop in the middle Western States, forming a large close bunch of loose tends leaves being a non-head. a large close bunch of loose tender leaves, being a non-head ing sort, but the heading type is preferred in the Eastern States. The BLACK-SEEDED TENNIS BALL and Yellow-Seeded Butter are good sorts loth for forcing and for the earliest heads from plantings in the open ground.

BIG BOSTON is a strong, vigorous, large-heading sort, especially adapted for growing in cold-frames or in a very cool greenhouse, as it needs a temperature of five to ten degrees cooler than the earlier smaller sorts. Under good conditions this variety will make plants from ten to twelve inches in diameter during the spring and fall months. The Early in diameter during the spring and fall months. The Early Speckled Dutch Butter is a very hardy sort and especially recommended for winter or in cold-frames for early spring market. Unrivaled, or "Improved Big Boston" is excellent for growing under glass during the winter months or in the open ground in the Southern States; as yet, however, it does not come quite true to a uniform type,—therefore we would prefer our true stock of the original "Big Boston" to grow for market. grow for market.

Early Paris Market forms a medium-sized tight head similar to Wheeler's Tom Thumb, but one-third larger.



EARLY DUTCH SPECKLED BUTTERHEAD.

Malador is a small very sure-heading variety, especially desirable for spring planting in the open ground. Precocity is extremely early and is the smallest and most compact of all tight-heading lettuces. Miniature resembles somewhat the Wheeler's Tom Thumb in season and style of head, but the outer edges of leaves are heavily shaded with reddish-brown as in the Mignonette Lettuce.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz	. ¼ tb.	Per lb).
467 White-Seeded Tennis Ball, or Boston Market,	\$0 07	\$ 0 25	\$0.7	5
469 Black-Seeded Tennis Ball. O Splendid for forcing,		25	7	75
470 Precocity, ⊙ w. s. Small, very tight heads. (See below),	15	40	1 4	10
471 Yellow-Seeded Butter. Dense yellow heads; crisp and tend	ler, 7	25	7	75
472 Matador, ⊙ w. s. A very early sure-heading variety,	15	40	1 4	10
473 Wheeler's Tom Thumb, b. s. Splendid hard little heads,	10	25	9	90
474 May King, w. s. Highly recommended. Pkt. 10 cts.,	30	85	3 0	00
475 Big Boston, w. s. Most popular, -see illustration on opposite	e page 10	30	1 0	00
477 Unrivaled, w. s. A lighter Big Boston,	10	30	1 0	00
479 Miniature, or Density, w. s. Leaves slightly tinged brown,	15	40	1 4	10
481 Early Paris Market Forcing, 6 b. s. Excellent for forcing,	15	40	1 4	10
483 Early Dutch Speckled-Butter, ⊙ w. s. Very solid little hea	ads, . 7	25	7	75
484 Mignonette, b. s. Solid little heads; outer leaves tinged brow	vn, 7	25	7	75
485 Grand Rapids, ⊙ b. s. Most popular for forcing,	10	25	. 9	90

Each of the above, except May King, 5 cents per packet.

475 Big Boston. o ing variety for cold-This is a fine forcframes during the winter months, as it produces heads of very large size, often twelve inches or more across, and sucstrains. The large heads are beautifully blanched and of superior quality. It heads well also in the open ground superior quality. It heads well also in the open ground during cool weather of spring and fall, and is very popular in the South to grow for shipping North. Our seed is an extra selected strain. Per pkt. 5 cts.; per oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

470 "Precocity." This is the smallest and most compact of and most compact of extreme earliers. It is well suited for growing in cold-frames or hot-beds during the winter or to plant in the garden for very early spring or late fall use. Color a light golden green; it is smaller and earlier than Wheeler's Tom Thumb, but of the same compact close-heading type. When full grown the entire close-heading type, in diameter under risas and plant is only five to six inches in diameter under glass and about four inches across when grown in the open ground. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.

^{**}Salads.** Desiring to increase the use of SALADS and also of other plants for garnishing, we have published! New Leaflet, which will be found both interesting and instructive. It gives complete directions for their cultivation and tells how to prepare for serving on the table. This leaflet is SENT FREE plete directions for their cultivation and tells how to prepare for serving on the table. to all who ask for it when ordering seeds.

CABBAGE LETTUCE.—Butterhead Varieties.

These are the tight-heading varieties which resemble a small cabbage in appearance; the leaves comprising the head being closely folded together and the interior portion blanched either to a clear paper-white or to a rich buttery yellow in the different varieties. This is the type of lettuce most in demand in the markets of our Eastern Cities, the

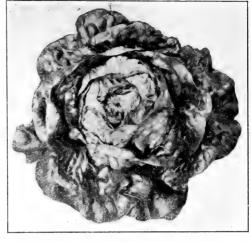
earliest supply coming from crops grown in the open ground in the Southern States, followed by that grown in cold-frames in the nearby market gardens and later in cold-frames in the nearby market gardens and later through the summer and fall by plantings grown in the open ground. While there are a number of selections grown under special names in different sections, our list contains all of the most distinct types and valued sorts to plant as a market crop.

types and valued sorts to plant as a market crop.

Burpere's Silver Ball is an early variety of medium size, with leaves of a light golden hue.

NANSEN, or "North Pole," is an extra early sort for an outdoor crop, but makes a taller and larger head. Salamander and Mammoth Black-Seedee BUTTER are large good-heading sorts for summer use, with curly leaves of a rich golden green. Burpee's New Butterhead is of the same type, but grows to the largest size and makes the best folded heads. Deacon, or "San Francisco Market," is in our opinion the most reliable of the large-heading lettuces to plant for market in the open ground and with good cultivation will produce very large firmly folded heads, with the thick tender leaves blanched to a rich buttery hue. The outer leaves during hot weather are somewhat dull and leaves during not weather are somewhat dull and faded in appearance, but the interior or blanched portion of the heads is so rich and attractive as to always command a good market, and the plants will stand for a considerable length of time after heading before running to seed.

CALIFORNIA CREAM-BUTTER and I maderprin.
White Cabbage are of distinct character, having
glossy foliage of firm texture and are especially adap-CALIFORNIA CREAM-BUTTER and Philadelphia



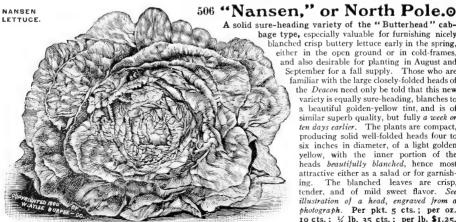
CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER LETTUCE.

ted for growing fine heads in cool sections. These together with the Big Boston are the best varieties to plant in the fall in the South in the open ground to produce heads in the early spring. Thorburn's Maxmum is a very strong-growing variety, and under favorable conditions will make plants fifteen inches across, with heads as large as a small cabbage, but is so late that it is not satisfactory to plant where the summer season is very hot and dry.

Burpee's Hardhead is a fine-heading sort to grow during the cool fall months or very early in the spring, making large firm heads which blanch to a beautiful golden tint. The edges of the leaves are heavily shaded with reddish brown. Continuity is similar, but of quicker growth and has leaves heavily curled or crumpled.

In lots of 5 pounds deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
498 Philadelphia Early White Cabbage, w. s. Of fine flavor,	. \$0 07	\$ 0 25	\$ 0 75
500 Burpee's Silver Ball, ⊙ w.s. Solid silvery-white heads,	. 10	25	90
504 The DEACON, or San Francisco Market, • w. s. (See page 40)	, 10	25	90
506 NANSEN, or North Pole, \odot w.s. (See below),	. 10	35	1 25
508 California CREAM-BUTTER, or "Royal," • b. s. Extra fine,	. 10	25	80
509 Thorburn's Maximum, or "Immensity," b. s.,	. 10	25	90
511 Burpee's Hardhead, • w. s. Outer leaves tinged bronze,	. 10	25	80
514 Burpee's Butterhead, $\odot w$. s. Crisp, buttery heads. Pkt. 10 cts	., 15	45	1 50
516 Salamander, b. s. Compact, tender heads,—see page 36,	. 10	25	80
518 Mammoth Black-Seeded Butter. Large heads; blanches white	e, 10	25	90
520 Continuity, ⊙ b. s. Outer leaves tinged with reddish brown,	. 10	30	1 00

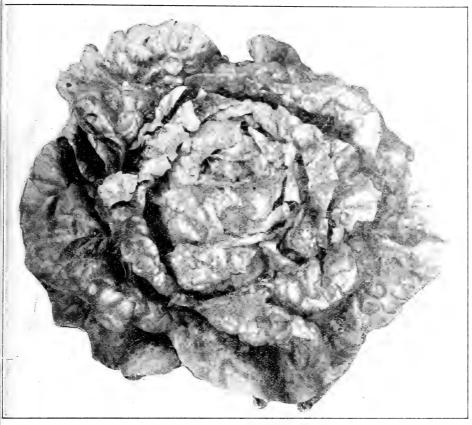
Each of the above, except Burpee's Butterhead, 5 cents per packet.



A solid sure-heading variety of the "Butterhead" cabbage type, especially valuable for furnishing nicely

blanched crisp buttery lettuce early in the spring, either in the open ground or in cold-frames, and also desirable for planting in August and September for a fall supply. Those who are

familiar with the large closely-folded heads of the Deacon need only be told that this new variety is equally sure-heading, blanches to a beautiful golden-yellow tint, and is of similar superb quality, but fully a week or ten days earlier. The plants are compact, producing solid well-folded heads four to six inches in diameter, of a light golden yellow, with the inner portion of the heads beautifully blanched, hence most attractive either as a salad or for garnishing. The blanched leaves are crisp, tender, and of mild sweet flavor. See illustration of a head, engraved from a photograph. Per pkt. 5 cts.; per oz. 10 cts.; 1/2 lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.



BURPEE'S BUTTERHEAD LETTUCE, -from a photograph.

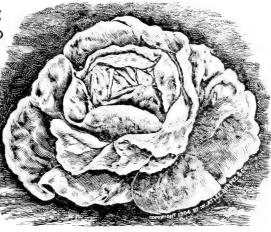
New Mammoth Burpee's BUTTERHEAD.º Lettuce,

This is an extra large firm-heading white Cabbage Lettuce. The superb solid heads are equally valuable for summer use on the home table or for market. The plants attain a diameter of twelve inches across, and the outer leaves grow well up around the large globular heads. The outer leaves are very broad, smoothly rounded, and of a light-green color.

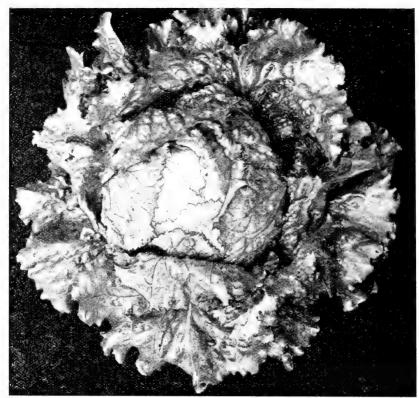
Heads are extra large, well rounded, six to seven inches across, The inner leaves, curled like a fine Savoy cabbage, are blanched to a beautiful white, of rich buttery flavor: they are particularly crisp and delicate to the taste. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

474 New Early-Heading Lettuce,—May King.o

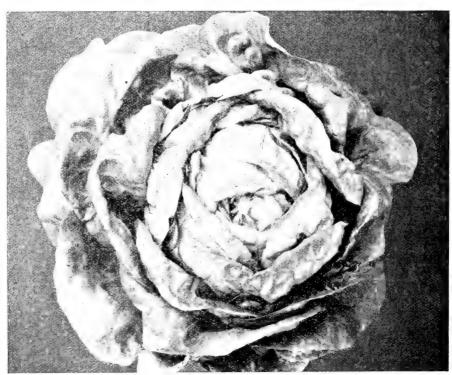
After thorough trials at FORDHOOK and elsewhere, we are sure it will become popular for forcing, while for early spring planting in the open ground it is unequaled! The plants grow six to seven inches in diameter, with the outer leaves so closely folded that the plant is practically all head. Of rich buttery substance, the leaves are a clear light green; the outer leaves are slightly tinged with brown, the inner leaves are bright yellow, and of a specially fine, rich, buttery flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 18 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; ¼ 1b. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.



The New German "MAY KING,"-from a photograph.



BURPEE'S ICEBERG LETTUCE, -from a photograph taken at Fordhook. See page 41.



THE DEACON, OR SAN FRANCISCO MARKET LETTUCE,—from a photograph. See page 38. 40

LETTUCE,-"Loosehead" or Cutting Varieties.

These are planted largely in some sections for an early spring supply of lettuce. They do not form folded heads, but make a close compact bunch of leaves, and where the plants are properly thinned and cultivated they attain large size. The Early Curled Silesia and Curled Simpson are practically identical, and have light golden-yellow foliage with finely cut or fringed edges. This is the "curly" lettuce of the old-time gardens and very popular in some sections. Black-Seeded Simpson is of stronger growth and larger size.

The New Morse is similar in size to the Black-Seeded Simpson, but is a white-seeded sort making semi-heads or having the center of the plants tightly folded and blanching naturally to a lighter shade. It is probably the finest of the cutting type for the open ground. The plants being so close and compact in growth, it can be marketed almost as readily as the closely folded heads of the cabbage type.

Early Prize-Head is of similar growth, but the golden-yellow leaves are shaded and edged with brown. Burpee's Tomhannock is a strong grower, reaching very large size when given sufficient space in which to develop. The large leaves are finely edged and heavily shaded with brown. It is excellent to plant for a supply of lettuce during the hottest summer months.

"Bon-Ton" is an improved selection of the Black-Seeded Simpson, of quick growth, large size, and most beautiful coloring.

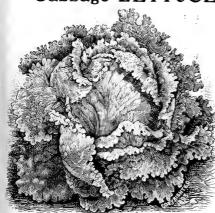


BURPEE'S TOMHANNOCK LETTUCE.

18	In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	¼ fb.	Per lb.
489	Early Curled Silesia, w. s. Most popular: fine for cutting	80.07	80 25	\$0.75
490	Early Curled Simpson, w. s. Really identical with Curled Silesia	7	25	75
491	"Bon-Ton," O b. s. An improved Black-Seeded Simpson	10	30	1 00
493	Black-Seeded Simpson. O The standard cutting variety	7	25	75
491	The Morse, Q w. s. Similar to BS. Simpson, but white-seeded	10	25	90
496	Burpee's Tomhannock, Θ w. s. Of fine flavor: tinged brown	10	25	90
497	Early Prize-Head, w. s. Large loose heads; green, tinged with			
6	brown,	7	25	75

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

Cabbage LETTUCE, Crisp-Head Varieties.



IMPROVED HANSON LETTUCE, -from a photograph.

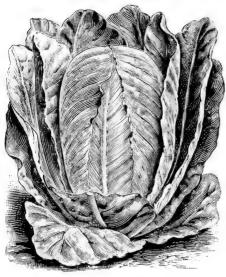
The crisp-head types of lettuce, while forming heads of closely folded leaves in the same manner as the butterhead type, are entirely distinct in the character and texture of the foliage. They are especially valuable for growing during the hot summer months, as the leaves are always crisp, brittle, and mild in flavor,—resembling stalks of well-blanched celery in this respect. The heads are generally pointed or conical in form; the leaves have a heavy midrib which grows in a curved form, holding the heads closely together, although the interiors are not so tightly packed nor so closely folded as in the butterhead type.

HANSON is probably the best known of this type and forms a large slightly flattened head of good size. This and Denver Market are planted early in the spring for a market crop of heads. Burree's Iceberg is the finest of all for producing well-blanched heads during the heat of the midsummer months; it grows to a good size and is a thoroughly reliable variety. Giant Iceberg and Giant Glacier are newer varieties growing to a larger size, but in other respects do not surpass the original Iceberg. The New Burpee's Brittle-Ice, however, is quite distinct in growing to an extra large size and making very large well-blanched heads similar in size to those of the New York or 'Wonderful,' but which are of a light green and cooler looking than the deep green of the New York, and we think more attractive in every way. The New York, of 'Wonderful,' is a very strong grower and produces heads of immense size—is a popular standly for the hot summer months where no especial attention is paid to quality.

	In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	½ tb.	Per lb.
522	Hanson, w. s. Beautifully blanched solid heads,	\$0 10	\$0 25	\$0.85
524	New York, or Wonderful, w. s. Immense heads; deep green,	10	25	90
526	Denver Market, w. s. Large conical heads,	7	25	75
528	Burpee's New "Brittle-Ice," w. s. Large crisp heads. Pkt.			
	10 cts.,	15	50	1.75
530	Burpee's Iceberg, w.s. Heads always crisp and tender,	10	25	90
	Burpee's New Giant Iceberg, w.s. Much larger heads, and re-			
	quires a longer time in which to develop. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 50
533	Giant Glacier, O b. s. Very large crisp heads. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 40
25.	Each of the above, except where priced, 5 cents per	packet		

Cash Prizes at Every Fair. See page 4 for the repetition of our well-known offer. We should like to have You compete in topos. Will you? In any case, we feel sure that if you will read our PRIZE SUPPLEMENT FOR 1905—mailed Free to customers—you will become still further convinced that Burpee's Seeds are the Best that Grow!

LETTUCE,-Celery or Romaine.



ECLIPSE OR "EXPRESS" COS LETTUCE.

This type is very distinct, the plants being of a close erect growth, the inner leaves grow close together at the top and in some varieties blanch readily without any extra care. In others, where they do not fold so closely, the tops of the leaves are gathered loosely together and tied with a wisp of straw for a few days before marketing to blanch the inner portion. They are always crisp and mild when grown in favorable locations, and readily command the highest price on the market where consumers are familiar with them. on the market where consumers are familiar with them. They are equally as desirable for providing fresh crisp lettuce of mild flavor during the hot summer months as the crisp-head type. Owing to the tall erect form of growth, they can be planted much more closely than the spreading cabbage or butterhead type.

cabbage or butternead type.

The New Ectipse, or Express, is a dwarf extra early sort, being smaller and earlier than anything in this type heretofore grown. The entire plant grows so compactly that it is practically "all head" and is about six inches in height, it is practically "all head" and is about six incides in neight, the outer leaves being a deep green in color. Dwark White Heart is the next in earliness, but grows fully twice the size and is a light or pale green in color. These two have the upper en is of the leaves well folded over the plant, thus making a naturally blanched "head" and do not require tying them for market Parts White Cos is a still to prepare them for market. Paris White Cos is a still taller variety, from ten to twelve inches in height, erect leaves having pointed ends. The outer leaves should be gathered at the top and tied loosely for a few days to complete the blanching.

You should know more about these Cos Lettuces. In Europe they are very popular and, you can take our word for it, there is nothing more appetizing than Cos Lettuce served with a dressing of olive oil, vinegar and pepper and salt.

In lots of 5 pounds deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per ib.
535 Eclipse, or Express, ⊙ w. s. (See Illustration.) Pkt. 10 cts.,	\$0 15	\$0 40	\$1 50
537 Dwarf White Heart Cos, • w. s. Very crisp and mild,			90
539 Paris Self-Folding White Cos (Romaine), w.s.,	10	25	85
Each of the above, except Eclipse, 5 cents per pack	et.		

MARTYNIA.

The Martynia, or Unicorn Plant, is quite ornamental in growth, and bears spikes of Gloxinia-like flowers followed by hairy seed-pods of a peculiar shape. These pods are gathered while young and pickled in vinegar; if let grow too large they become hard and woody. Plants require considerable warmth, and seed should not be sown until the trees are out in full leaf. When well started, thin out to one foot apart in the row and make rows three feet apart.

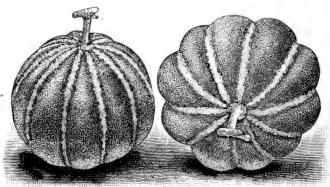
					Per lb.
541 Martynia proboscidea.	For pickles.	Pkt. 10 ets.,	\$0.20	\$0.70	\$2 50

575 Burpee's Vnequaled EMERALD GEM Melon. 0 No other melon in cultivation to-day is of such rich

the size of Burpee's Netted Gem, but, unlike that variety, the skin, while ribbed, is generally smooth and of a deep emerald-green color. The flesh, which is thicker than in any other melon of the same size, is of a beautiful suffused a beautiful sumsalmon color, and ripens thoroughly to the extremely thin rind. flesh is peculiarly crystalline in appearance, and the flavor is sweet and luscious beyond description. The vines are thrifty in growth, very prolific; the melons mature extremely early and are always of most superb quality. Seed again scarce. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

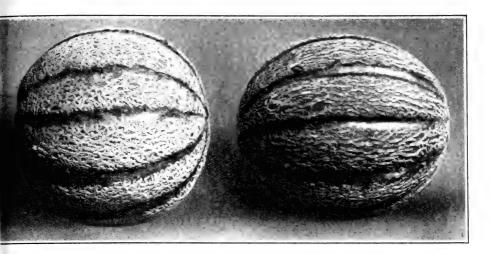
The melons are about

flavor.



EMERALD GEM MELONS, -from a photograph.

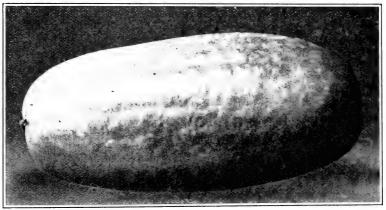
"Melons for All." This is the title of our complete Leaflet on Culture, which is mailed growing the sweetest Musk Melons and largest Watermelons in different soils and locations. Please ask for it!



BURPEE'S NETTED GEM (ROCKY FORD) MUSK MELON. - from a photograph.

Burpee's Netted Gem (Rocky Ford) MUSK MELON.0

Introduced by us twenty-four years ago, this is the famous variety that has made Colorado celebrated for its luscious "Rocky Ford" melons. The illustration from a photograph shows the two types that are found in all first-class strains. **You will be sure to get the true seed by ordering from the original introducers. 544 Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. at 60 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 55 cts. per lb.



NEW "SUGAR-STICK" WATERMELON, -from a photograph.

New Market Watermelon,—"SUGAR-STICK."o

When we introduced Kleckley's Sweets and Halbert Honey we gave planters the two finest flavored melons on the market, but unfortunately they are both poor shippers, and since their introduction we have been constantly on the watch for a melon that could approach these in quality and have a rinh that would permit of shipping to distant markets. In the new "Sugar-Stick" we have such a melon of superb quality that it is nearly equal in flavor! Sugar-Stick melons have been shipped successfully to markets more than six hundred miles distant.

Sugar-Stick was produced by crossing Florida Favorile and Sweet Heart. The with the tough rind of Sweet Heart. The melons, produced abundantly, measure from twenty to twenty-five inches long by ten to fourteen inches in diameter and average about thirty pounds in weight. The flesh is bright red, entirely free from stringiness, while the heart is very thick owing to the black seeds being placed close to the rind; of fine flavor. The rind is tough but not thick. The skin is a light green, mottled with a greenish white.

601 Sugar-Stick, for markets that prefer an oblong melon, should prove to be handsome appearance. Many planters object to the Long White Leing on account of the white seeds, which sometimes cause customers to think the melons are not ripe. The new Sugar-Stick, and the melons are not ripe.

nanasome appearance. Many planters object to the Long B nite 1cing on account of the white seeds, which sometimes cause customers to think the melons are not ripe. The new Sugar-Stick, with its black seeds, overcomes this objection. When inspecting the crop of Sugar-Stick on the farm of the originator the past summer we decided it was the most promising new watermelon we had seen for a long time. The genuine seed grown in Indiana by the originator can be had only in sealed packages, each bearing our registered trade mark. Per pkt, 10 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.; 1 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$2.75.

MUSK MELONS.

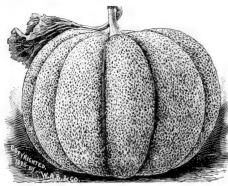
In musk melons a carefully selected strain of seed counts very greatly toward a profitable crop for the market garden. We can confidently recommend the strains we offer in this respect, as we have introduced a large number of standard sorts in cultivation at the present time, notably the BURFEE'S NETTED GEM, or, as it is popularly known, "Rocky Ford." This variety is now grown to a greater extent than any other for market. Many of the most critical planters come to us each season for their seed of this variety to plant for market, in preference to saving their own seed or risking a crop

from seed which they might purchase more cheaply elsewhere.

Our crops of melon seed are grown especially for seed, and are saved from first-class fruits which are personally inspected before the seed is gathered. We can assure our customers that these strains are THE VERY BEST that it is possible to produce, and will give most satisfactory results when planted under favorable weather conditions.

MUSK MELON,—Green Fleshed Varieties.

Burpee's Netted Gem, or Rocky Ford, is now the most popular green-fleshed melon for shipping in crates or baskets, and our selected strain will produce fine fruits of even size, correct outline, and close dense netting, combined with the finest quality of flesh and flavor. Burpee's



LONG ISLAND BEAUTY MELON.

CHAMPION MARKET is of the Netted Gem type, producing fruits nearly three times the size; thick flesh of true Netted Gem flavor. JENNY LIND is a small-sized extremely flat fruit, grown in the Eastern States for the earliest market and is the earliest ripening and hardiest variety of fine flavor. In our 'JERSEY BUTTON STRAIN' we have a selection of the Jenny Lind which is even earlier and of superior flavor. This strain is now planted almost ex-Jenny Lind.

HACKENSACK, or "Turk's Cap," is a much larger

slightly flattened fruit, heavily netted, while the EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK is a selection from it, of earlier maturity. They are the earliest of the large heavy melons. Long Island Beauty is another large, heavy-ribbed, and well-netted fruit of the same season as Early Hackensack, but more flattened in form. ACME, or Baltimore, is an oval fruit with a slight neck at the stem end and grows at hird to a half larger than the Netted Gem. Bay View is a large oblong fruit of the type known as "cantaloupes" in some sections in distinction from the term "citron" or musk melon, which is applied to the small round fruits.

MONTREAL NUTMEG is a very large strong-ribbed, and heavily netted sort, which is of very fine quality when grown in cool locations. All of the large-fruited sorts

succeed best in a rather cool location, while in warm light soils the smaller-fruited kinds mature more quickly and give the best returns.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
544 Burpee's NETTED GEM. O True "Rocky Ford." (See below),	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 65
548 Early Jenny Lind. Small, early, flattened,	6	20	70
550 Burpee's "Jersey Button" Jenny Lind. O Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	35	1 25
552 Hackensack, or Turk's Cap. Large size; flattened at both ends,	10	25	80
554 Extra Early Hackensack. Ten days earlier than preceding,	10	30	90
556 Long Island Beauty. Of finest quality. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 40
562 MONTREAL Green Nutmeg. O Of immense size. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	50	1 75
566 Burpee's CHAMPION MARKET. • Nearly three times as			
large as Netted Gem; very thick flesh. Pkt. 10 cts.,	20	60	2 00
568 Burpee's Bay View. Oblong melons of large size; thick fleshed,	10	35	1 25
570 Acme, or Baltimore. Oblong, with slight neck; flesh firm and			
of superior quality. Popular in the South,	10	30	1 00

Each of the above, except where priced, 5 cents per packet.

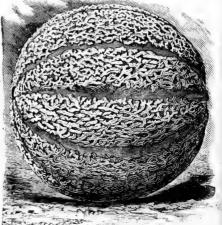
- 544 BVRPEE'S NETTED GEM. or "ROCKY FORD."O

The Best Small Green-Fleshed Melon.

This famous variety was first introduced by us twentyfour years ago, and is still the finest extra early, small fruiting, green-fleshed Melon in cultivation. Our strain is selected most carefully, and we offer only seed which is grown from

very special A I selected stock, subject to our personal inspection. The fruits are most attractive in appearance, generally a perfect globe but sometimes slightly oval in form, remarkably uniform in size, weighing from one and a quarter to one and a half

They are quite thick meated, with very thin rinds; skin light green, regularly ribbed and heavily netted, turning to a golden yellow as the melons ripen. Flesh light green in color, quite firm but melting, of uniformly fine flavor. Vine of strong, healthy growth, very prolific, and ripening a large number of fruits early in the season. This has been for many years the most popular basket or crated variety in all markets. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. at 60 cts.; 10 lbs. or more at 55 cts. per lb. & See also illustration on page 43.



Pe G(

BURPEE'S NETTED GEM MUSK MELON.

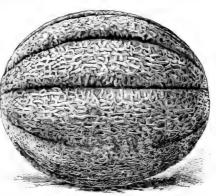
MUSK MELONS,—Salmon-Fleshed Varieties.

BURPEE'S EMERALD GEM is a small flat fruit of dark green skin and rich orange flesh of the finest quality. It is the earliest ripening of all melons and the finest in quality for a home market, but the flesh is too soft to stand shipping.

PAUL Rose is a fine oval fruit of the size and general appearance of Burpee's Netted Gem, but having rich salmon flesh of fine flavor which is sufficiently firm to stand shipping short distances to market. This is a "basket melon" of even, uniform size, such as are grown for the market in the middle Western States, where they are shipped in handle-baskets containing two layers of eight fruits each,—consequently it is very important to have a fine, uniform fruit; the Paul Rose and Netted Gem representing the best for this purpose.

Western States, where they are shipped in handle-baskets containing two layers of eight fruits each,—consequently it is very important to have a fine, uniform fruit; the Paul Rose and Netled Gem representing the best for this purpose.

Osage, or Miller's Cream, is a large round fruit of the same appearance, coloring, and flavor as our Emerald Gem, and is especially adapted for growing in cool sections or elevated locations. Burppee's Melrose is a smoothly round fruit of good size without ribs, and the entire surface of the melon is densely covered with heavy netting. The flesh is a light green, tinted with rich salmon next to the seed cavity, thus having something of the character and fine quality of both the green- and salmon-fleshed sorts. Burppee's Golden Eagle is an exceedingly strong grower, producing a large number of fine fruits even in an unfavorable season. Fruits are of good size, fine quality, and firm enough for shipping purposes.



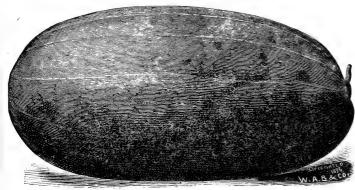
from a photograph.

In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.
558 Burpee's Melrose. © Rich light-green flesh, shading to salmon S	0 10	\$0 35	\$1 25
575 EMERALD GEM. © (Burpee's.) Sweetest of all. Pkt. 10 cts.	15	50	1 75
577 Miller's Cream, or Osage. Popular in the West: fine flavor	7	25	85
579 PAUL ROSE, or "Petoskey." • An ideal melon: oval shape.	7	25	85
585 Burpee's GOLDEN EAGLE. © Extra fine. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	50	1 75

Res Each of the above, except where priced, 5 cents per packet

WATERMELON,—"Kleckley Sweets." o

This famous "Sweetest of All" Watermelons, first introduced by us eight years ago, has become so popular that it has been almost impossible to grow enough of the seed. In superb



BURPEE'S "KLECKLEY SWEETS" WATERMELON, -from a photograph.

luscious flavor it is equaled only by one other melon,—the new Burpee's Halbert Honey, described on page 47. While the skin is too tender to admit of fruits being shipped any distance to market, it is most desirable to plant for home use or nearby markets. Fruits are of large size, oblong in form, with dark green skin; very thin rind. Flesh bright scarlet, with broad heart; the

seeds are placed close to the rind. Flesh most crisp, sugary, and melting in the highest degree; entirely free from any stringiness. The melons average eighteen to twenty inches in length by ten to twelve inches in diameter; of handsome appearance and most uniformly superior quality. With us the melons ripen quite early, and we consider it a most desirable variety for the home

garden. For the seed grown by the originator, Mr. Kleckley, upon his home ranch in Texas, we charge: 608 Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. for 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts. For our other choice seed (grown from the original stock) we charge: 609 Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts. On either strain

deduct 5 cts. per pound if the seed is ordered in lots of five pounds or more.



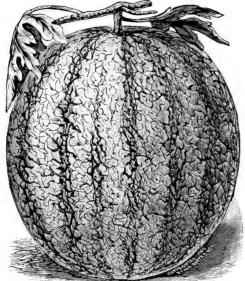
BURPEE'S SEEDS are sold in any quantity, but only under seal. They are always GENVINE as dated,—if seal is unbroken.



WATERMELONS.

Of these the earliest is Cole's Early, a small oval green- and white-striped fruit. This and the Phinney's Early Of these the earliest is Cole's Early, a small oval green- and white-striped fruit. This and the Phinney's Early are grown chiefly in northern locations where the summer is too short and cool for success with those which require a longer season. Hungarian Honey is a very hardy small round-fruited sort, having an extra hard rind or shell, with bright red flesh of honey sweetness. It is adapted for cool sections and where a small-sized melon is desired.

FORDHOOK EARLY is the earliest variety of good size and fine quality. The melons are of a shortened oval in form and have a sufficiently tough skin to with-



stand shipping some little distance

BURPEE'S HALBERT HONEY and SWEETS are both early ripening and of the finest quality, but both are too tender or brittle to stand shipping by freight and can be used only where the fruit is sold from the wagon in a nearby market. CUBAN QUEEN, KOLB'S GEM, and PRIDE OF GEORGIA are the popular KOLB'S GEM, and PRIDE OF GEORGIA are the popular market type, making medium-sized fruits, oval in form, with green and white stripes. They are strong growers, quite attractive and of fair quality. ICEBERG, or "BLUE GEM," resembles Kolb's Gem, but is darker in color and has yellow skin where it rests on the ground. During the past wet summer this and the SWEET HEART have been the most satisfactory varieties, as they have withstood blight and continued heavy rains better than anyther sort in our trible these two rains better than any other sorts in our trials; these two are now very popular varieties for planting in the Middle States. The SWEET HEART is a large oval or

Middle States. The Sweet Heart is a large oval or round fruit, of a light grayish-green color.

In large oblong melons, which are so popular in the South, we would place the new Sucar Stick, McIver Sucar and Striped Gypsy (or "Raulesnake") as finest in flavor and most attractive in appearance. as much in layor and most attractive in appearance. Grary Monarca resembles the Sweet Heart in color, but is of a large oblong form. DIXIE is a dark-striped melon; the fruits are large, oblong in form, with bright-red flesh, and it has been very largely grown for market. in preceding years; it has a tough rind and is an ex-cellent shipper. Triumph and Duke Jones are very large, thick, oval melons with dark-green skin and

of a good market type.

Florida Favorite produces long deep green fruits with bright red flesh of excellent quality. BURPEE'S

Florida Favorite produces long deep green fruits with bright red flesh of excellent quality. Burples's Mammoth Ironclad and Cuban Queen are both large well-formed striped melons of fine quality; good tinctly barrel-shaped, retaining its thickness throughout the entire length. Burples's Santiago produces a melon distinctly barrel-shaped, retaining its thickness throughout the entire length. Well-grown melons measure two feet long, twelve to fourteen inches in diameter, weighing from forty to fifty pounds each. Flesh is deep blood-red, of sweet flavor and free from any stringiness; rind light green, striped and mottled with darker green.

ILEC Cram, or "Veerless," is an oblong melon with dark green skin and deep pink sweet flesh. Dark Icing and Round Light Icing are round melons of melium size, and both are of the finest flavor. The Dark Icing is very largely grown in the Western States for shipping to distant markets, and is so popular that it is known under many local names.

In 5 pound lots, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per tb.
588 FORDHOOK EARLY. © Earliest large melon,	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 65
590 Cole's Early. Extra early, but small; green, with white			
stripes,	6	15	. 55
592 Phinney's Early. An extra early; of medium size; oblong,	6	15	55
594 Burpee's Hungarian Honey. Small, round; rich red flesh,	7	25	75
596 Burpee's Cuban Queen. The old favorite,	6	20	60
598 Burpee's Mammoth Ironclad. Large oblong; tough rind,	6	20	60
600 Jordan's Gray Monarch, or Long White Icing, \odot	6	20	65
601 "Sugar Stick." New. (See page 43.) Pkt. 10 cts.,	25	80	2 75
602 Dark Icing, or Ice Rind. • Of round form; sugary flavor,	6	15	55
604 Round Light Icing. © Clear light-colored skin,	_	15	55
606 Sweet Heart. • Oval form; mottled light-green skin; red flesh,	, -	15	55
608 KLECKLEY SWEETS, grown by Kleckley. • Per pkt. 10 cts.,	_	25	85
609 Burpee's KLECKLEY SWEETS. © (See page 45),	6	20	65
611 Burpee's "Halbert Honey." Finest of all. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	25	85
612 Halbert Honey, grown by Halbert. O Pkt. 15 cts.,	15	40	1 50
614 Kolb's Gem. The great market melon; but of poor flavor,	5	15	45
616 Blue Gem, or Iceberg. The yellow-bellied Kolb Gem,	6	15	55
618 Dixie. O A famous oblong Southern melon; good shipper,	6	15	50
620 McIver Sugar. O Large oblong striped; sugary flavor,	6	20	. 60
622 Frame's New Mammoth SANTIAGO. © Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	50	1 50
624 Striped Gypsy, or Georgia Rattlesnake. A large oblong melon,	-	15	55
626 Duke Jones. A famous sweet Southern melon,	6	15	50
	6	15	55
628 Florida Favorite. An oblong melon; of fine flavor,	6	15	55
630 Original Mountain Sweet. The old-time favorite,	6	15	50
632 Triumph. Large, oval, solid; dark-green skin,	6	15	50
634 Ice Cream, or Peerless. True white-seeded; oblong; luscious,	6	15	50
636 Pride of Georgia. Round in form; skin striped,		$\frac{15}{25}$	75
645 Colorado Preserving. • The best for making citron preserves,.	- 1	20	10
Event where otherwise pried each of the above Float	ata non	magleat	



Burpee's "Halbert Honey" Watermelon®

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., October 17, 1904.

Gentlemen:—Enclosed we hand you the certificate of Mr. Chas. Downing, Secretary of the INDIANA STATE FAIR, held at Indianapolis, Ind., September 12 to 16, 1904, certifying that we were awarded first premium for the largest and best collection of vegetables which were grown from your seeds, and therefore entitles us to your premium of twenty dollars.

The contest for this money was one of the hardest fought in the history of this fair, every exhibition showing the products of your seeds, with only one exception, and this exception was so badly beaten we are sure he will never again take any chances on seeds from other sources.

In our display were about twenty fine specimens of your HALBERT HONEY WATERMELONS, and to put the public on to a good thing we provided six dozen plates, cut these melons into small slices, and distributed them among the visitors at the fair. It would have done you good if you could have seen that crowd when they got a taste of these melons, and heard their expressions of delight as they made a scramble for the scattered seeds, which they picked up as eagerly as a lot of hungry fowls would shelled corn. One aged colored man voiced the sentiments of the crowd when he remarked, "Fo de Lawd! dat am de sweetest million dat eber tickled dis nigger's mouth, and Ise gwine to plant ebery one of dese seeds next year such."

It gives us much pleasure to write you that your seeds have fully maintained their high quality in every instance.

Truly yours, B. F. Whaley & Son. The finest of all Watermelons for the home garden and for local markets! 'Halbert Honey fully equals the Kleckley Sweets in superb luscious flavor, and has fruits more even and regular in outline, with a darker, richer colored skin.

The vines are of strong vigorous growth and set fruits very freely,—four or five fine large melons are frequently seen clustered closely together. Will ripen choice fruits even in the Northern States if planted in a good location. The melons average eighteen to twenty inches long and are full or

bluntly rounded at both ends. The skin is a dark glossy green. The flesh is a beautiful crimson, the rich coloring and luscious quality extending to a clearly defined line where it joins the thin white rind. A great number of planters who sell melons in nearby markets report that the new HALBERT HONEY will outsell any other variety, and frequently brings double the price of other sorts,—even when the markets are well supplied.

611 Our Own Seed, of the choicest selected stock.
Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.; 5 lbs. at 80 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 75 cts. per lb.

612 Halbert's Own Growing.
Per pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

The prize-winning products of BURPEE'S popular "Seeds that Grow" are famous in every State. If You want to know of their unequaled record you should ask for our PRIZE SUPPLEMENT, as announced on page 4.

Best English Milltrack MUSHROOM SPAWN.

We offer our own importation of English Milltrack Spawn from one of the most celebrated makers. This Spawn is of exceptionally fine quality and strong vitality. Stored in the cool, dry cellar of our new warehouse, under the most favorable conditions, it cannot fail to give satisfactory results in properly prepared beds. For beginners and gardeners wishing to experiment with the growing of Mushrooms we send free with the Spawn, if requested, a Leaflet giving directions for preparing the beds.

Best English Milltrack Mushroom Spawn; 9 cents per tb.; 10 tbs. for 85 cts.; \$7.50 per 100 tbs.

Special prices quoted on large quantities.



MUSTARD.

This is grown for salad during the fall, winter, and spring in the Southern States. It is also becoming quite popular in the north; more seed being sold each season. The Black or Brown is the common variety. The White has more foliage and the large seeds are used for flavoring. The New Chinese and Southern Giant Curled are much more vigorous in growth than either of the above, yielding five or six times the quantity of foliage, as well as having the edges of the leaves finely curled, making them quite desirable for garnishing. Burpee's Fordhook Fancy is a new variety with dark green curled leaves of fine substance. Burpee's Elephant Ear is a new variety with the largest and thickest leaves of all mustards.

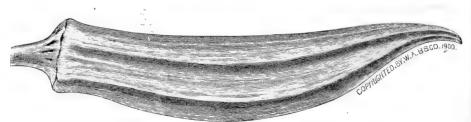
4 lb. 1	Per lb.
30	\$1 00
10	25
10	25
15	50
15	50
	10 10 10 15

Each variety, except *Elephant Ear* and *Fordhook Fancy*, 5 cents per packet.

NASTURTIUM.

The young seed-pods are gathered with a portion of the stem attached before they become hard, and meet with ready sale in the markets for pickling. Two ounces of seed will plant 100 feet of drill.

659 Tall Mixed. Useful and ornamental; trailing. Per pkt. 5 cts., . . . \$0 05 \$0 15 \$0 45 For other varieties, please refer to our General List of Flower Seeds, pages 95 and 96.



'PERFECTED' PERKINS' LONG POD OKRA

OKRA.

Okra, or Gumbo, is used largely in the Southern States both as a separate dish and for soups, etc.; it is gradually becoming better known and more popular in the North. The pods should be gathered and marketed while still young and tender, before the hard woody fiber develops. Dwarf Prolific is excellent for the Northern States, being quite hardy and productive, but has been almost displaced by the Perfected Perkins' which is nearly as dwarf, quite as productive and makes longer, handsomer dark green pods. Lady Finger and White Velvet are southern varieties which have very long sleender pods; the former is pale green in color, while the latter, as the name signifies, has pods of a creamy-white tint.

KLECKLEY'S FAVORITE is a new variety, originating with Mr. Kleckley, of melon fame, which has the creamy-white coloring of the White Velvet. It is a good grower, with very attractive pods, of good length and thicker than those of either White Velvet or Lady Finger.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
661 Dwarf Prolific. Prolific dwarf plants,	5	12	35
663 White Velvet. Beautiful, smooth, velvety white pods,		15	40
665 Lady Finger. Long, slender, tender pods,	5	15	45
666 Kleckley's Favorite. Tender, white pods. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
667 Perfected Perkins' Long-Pod. ⊙ Long green pods of best quality,	6	18	50

Each variety, except Kleckley's Favorite, 5 cents per packet.

ONIONS.

To grow onions profitably, the preferences of the markets in which they are to be sold should be consulted as well as the character of your soil; in some markets onions of a certain shape or color can be sold more readily and at a better price than can those of another variety with which the market is not familiar. In selecting an onion to plant you should keep in mind that the flat-shaped onions are the earliest and surest-ripening type; these should be selected either for an extra early crop or for a soil which is liable to be wet at the time the onions should ripen. As a rule, the globe-shaped onions will grow to a larger size, yield a heavier crop to a given area, but do not ripen quite so early nor so evenly as do the flatter varieties. Those which grow to a very large size require a longer season in which to make

Market gardeners have now come to understand that a crop of large bulbs can be almost as readily and much to make their growth and should not be planted on light dry soils, or they will ripen prematurely before they reach full size.

Market gardeners have now come to understand that a crop of large bulbs can be almost as readily and much more cheaply grown direct from the seed in a single season as by the old method of raising sets one year to be carried over and planted the following spring. The chief purpose in raising sets at the present time is to have them to plant out in the fall to grow during fall and winter and make an extra early crop of bulbs in the spring. This plan is pursued in the South for the earliest market, but we think that where there is sufficient moisture to germinate the seed early in September, equally as satisfactory results could be obtained by sowing the seed directly in the row to produce an early spring crop of bulbs and thus avoid the extra labor of handling and replanting a crop of sets.

ONIONS.—American Yellow Varieties.

In this class the Yellow Danvers is the earliest to mature, being followed by the Yellow Strasburg, or Dutch which is almost as early and grows to a larger size. The STRASBURG is largely used for growing sets.
Yellow Globe Danvers is the variety most generally sold

in our eastern markets. The bulbs are of a smooth round outline, thin-skinned, of a soft light yellow, being most attractive in appearance. Ohno or Michigan Yellow Globe runs a trille larger and hence should be a little more productive. Southport Large Yellow Globe is a still larger variety of the same type and coloring, but growing to a larger size requires longer season in which to mature and does not ripen so

thoroughly in cool moist soils or wet seasons.

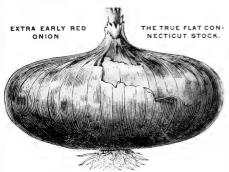
Our two new varieties,—Australian Yellow Globe and Burpee's Early Golden Globe,—are very distinct, finely selected strains of early maturity, of even, regular size and handselected strains of early maturity, of even, regular size and nanosome appearance; they are destined to become the most popular market sorts. The American PRIZE-TAKER is a yellow globe onion of very large size when grown under favorable conditions or by the transplanting method. The large yellow onions, which are sold in the fruit-stores in the fall as Spanish Onions, can be produced in good rich soil from seed of this variety in a single season. Grown in the ordinary way the bulbs will grow fully as large as those of the Southport Yellow Globe, and we consider this one of the most profitable varieties to plant where the crop is to be marketed in the fall or early winter.



LARGE VELLOW STRASBURG, OR DUTCH ONION.

	In lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest prices, quoted in last column.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.	5 fbs. or more, per fb.
669	Yellow Danvers. The well-known favorite	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0.70	\$ 0 65
	Yellow Globe Danvers. A specially selected strain,		22	75	70
673	Michigan, or Ohio Yellow Globe. A fine strain,	6	20	70	65
675	Australian Early Yellow Globe. (See page 52),	10	25	85	80
676	Burpee's Golden Globe. (See page 51.) Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	50	1 75	1 70
677	Yellow Strasburg, or Dutch. A great favorite,	6	22	70	65
679	Southport Yellow Globe. Finest strain,	10	25	85	80
681	True American Prize-Taker,	10	. 25	85	80

Each of the above, except Golden Globe, 5 cents per packet.



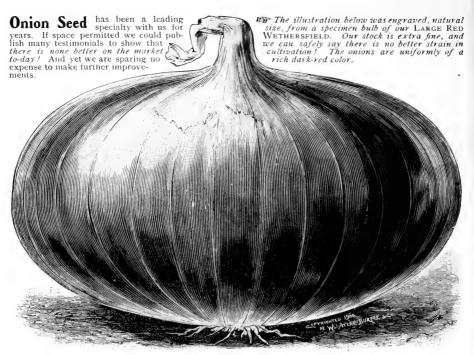
ONIONS,—American Red Varieties.

EXTRA EARLY RED produces a medium-sized flat bulb that matures early, ripens evenly, and is a good keeper. RED WETHERSFIELD is the standard main-crop, dark-red variety, making thick flattened bulbs of large size and deep SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE is uniformly globerich coloring. or ba'l-shaped and is very popular in many of the northern markets.

New Australian Brown is in form halfway between the flat and the globe-shaped varieties. It is ex-tremely early, an excellent keeper, and is now largely used in the Southern States for early fall planting to make a spring crop of bulbs. It is a most useful variety, where sets are grown in the spring for replanting in the fall, as the sets can be kept in fine plump condition for quite a long period. It is also an especially good variety to plant where the crop is sold by weight, as it weighs more heavily for its bulk than any other red variety.

				Per lb.	
685	Extra Early Red. Extra early and long keeping,	\$0.07	\$0.22	\$0.80	\$0.75
687	Large Red Wethersfield. The favorite. (See page 50),	- i	22	80	75
689	Large Red Globe. True globe shape. (See page 51),	10	25	90	85
693	Burpee's Australian Brown. (See page 52),	6	20	70	65

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.



687 Extra Large RED WETHERSFIELD Onion. 0

This is the most popular standard variety for winter market in many Northern States. It is not an early ripening sort, as it continues in growth throughout the season, and consequently makes very large onions. Continued selection of bulbs planted for seed gives us a small-necked sure-ripening strain, entirely free from scallions or thicknecks. Though well flattened, the solid onions are thick through, as shown in the photograph of a specimen bulb reproduced above. This onion, shown natural size, weighed exactly six ounces. The outer skin is a deep rich purplish red, smooth and glossy; flesh white, lightly tinged with pinkish rose. The large solid onions are nearly as mild in flavor as many varieties with skin of lighter coloring, while they keep well to hold crops for late winter markets. There is no better strain of the true large Red Wethersfield in cultivation to-day than that offered by us. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ½ lb. 22 cts.; 80 cts. per lb.; 5 lbs. at 75 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 70 cts. per lb.

Chas. Camp, Greeley, Colo. Nov. 14, 1904, writes: Owing to an unprecedented cloud-burst in the Rocky Mountains last summer on a part of the water shed of the Cache La Poudre River, I got such a severe flooding on my farm and so much sediment and alluvial deposit that 35 acres out of 50 planted in onions last spring were covered up, and finally the land planted to onions and spoiled was planted in potatoes. But we matured 15 acres and although these were also flooded and injured, we harvested 9800 bushels from said 15 acres, an average of 652 bushels ber acre.

CHAS. H. SAWYER, R. F. D. No. 1, Clayton, Mich., Jan. 10, 1904, writes: Last year we had good success with your seeds and resolved to try them this year. From 3 lbs. of seed I harvested 425 bushels of Southport Yellow Globe Onions. From 1 packet of celery seed I sold \$19.36 worth of celery.

MRS. J. M. COCHRAN, Prairie City, Oregon, March 13, 1904, writes: I raised your Australian Onions for two years. They ripen for us better than any other. In fact, they all ripen.

Walter L. Bragg, East Aurora, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1904, writes: Please send me your Farm Annual for 1904. I did not buy my seed from you last year and have been sorry ever since. Rest assured that you shall have my order this year. All I have is a garden for my own use, but I want the best of everything.

My onions last year grew only tops, while my neighbor with your seeds had 40 bushels from a small patch of first-class onions. All the other seeds I bought turned out in the same way except some melon and cucumber seeds that my neighbor gave me for trial that he bought from your firm.

Mrs. Geo. W. Schurr, Hutchinson, Kans., Jan. 5, 1904, writes: The seeds I ordered a few days ago arrived yesterday, also your Farm Annual for 1904, and I planted most of the seeds at once. I think your seeds are the best I ever used. The Prize Taker Onions we raised from the seed last year were the finest I ever saw. We took the first premium at the State Fair and sold them all for from 50 cts. to \$1.00 per bu. more than what other onions were selling for on this market. And the peas and tomatoes were fine as could be and our celery crop was immense, the White Plume and Winter Queen. We have the only celery on this market and that has given entire satisfaction, the dealers coming to the place after it to be sure and have Schurr's celery, as the trade is calling for it.

E. N. Berry, La Junta, Colo., Jan. 14, 1904, writes: You will probably want to know how I am succeeding with the Gibraltar Onion. Will say I got 6285 pounds of onions off of a tract of land 360 feet—less than \(^1\)4 acre. Crated them in standard cantaloupe crates. 45 onions to the crate, weighing 72 pounds per crate. How's that?

Golden Taggart, R. F. D. No. 3, Martinsville, Ill., October 30, 1904, writes: I will send you a report of my onion crop for 1904. I raised 130 bushels off a little over a quarter of an acre. The Gibraltars were superior to either the Prize Takers or Welhersfields. They were enough to demonstrate "The Burpee Quality in Seeds."

Arby Hodge, R. F. D. No. 2, Cromwell, Indiana, December 12, 1904, writes: I have just closed the most profitable year of my life. I gathered 3700 bushels of as fine Red Globe Onions as you would care to look for anywhere. Why, my field of onions was the talk of the county, and how proud I was to tell the visitors that it was Burpee's Seed that produced those fine red onions!

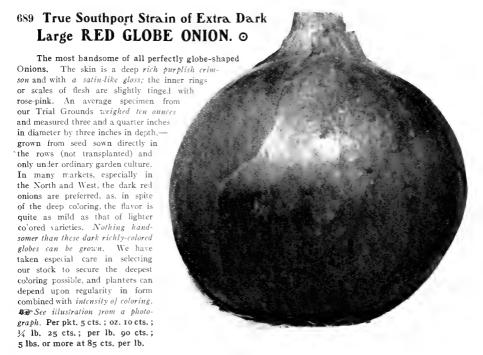


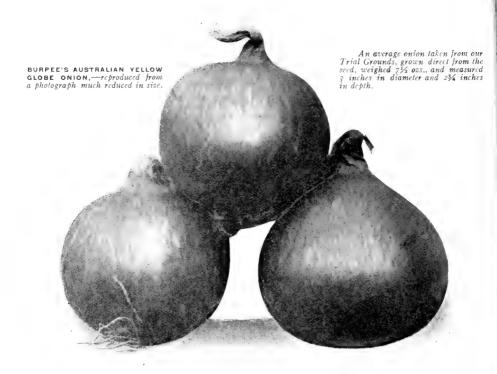
676 Burpee's New GOLDEN GLOBE ONION. © Ball-like Form,—Earliest and Best Long-keeping Onion.

Golden Globe is the earliest of all globe-shaped Onions, and in extra long-keeping character globe, with no tendency ever to become flattened; average weight seven to nine ounces. The skin is thin, uniformly of a beautiful light golden yellow. It has the smallest top of any onion we have ever grown. They are extremely hard and solid the pure white flesh is most mild and pleasant in flavor.



Golden Globe is undoubtedly the most valuable new on'on introduced in a generation. Its carliness, sure-cropping character, handsome appearance, and superb quality will soon make it a favorite everywhere. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 28 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.





675 Burpee's Australian Yellow Globe.

This globe-shaped yellow Onion is quick growing, a sure cropper, and of exceptionally long-keeping quality. The chief reason we do not mark it with a bull's-eye [O] this season, is because the new Burrer's Golden Globe (see preceding page) is a still better Onion of similar type! The onions are a perfect globe in form, and almost uniformly thin-necked. The flesh is very solid, crisp, pure white, and of sweet mild flavor. It is very early, while in sure ripening character and excellent keeping quality it equals our famous Australian Brown. The coloring is rather richer than that of the popular Southport Yellow Globe, while it is nearly as large, and being earlier will ripen more surely in wet seasons or in very moist soil. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 80 cts. per lb.



693 Early Australian Brown Onion.

Extra Early, a sure cropper, and extra longkeeping. The bulbs somewhat resemble the Round Danvers in size and form, but are thicker through, thus yielding a larger crop both in bulk and weight, and mature earlier. Where onions are sold by weight it has been found that the Australian Brown and the new Australian Yellow Globe will weigh about five pounds per sack more than any other varieties. The skin is generally of a bright reddish brown, while the flesh is always white, crisp, extremely solid, and of sweet mild flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 65 cts. per lb.

ONIONS, -American White Varieties.

WHITE PORTUGAL, or Silverskin (see illustra-tion), is the standard early white, and from this has been made a special selection, Philadelphia Silverskin, which is largely planted for producing white sets.

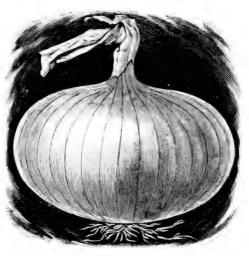
EXTRA EARLY WHITE PEARL (Bloomsdale Pearl)

is the earliest white onion and is quite popular in the is the earliest white onion and is quite popular in the South for fall planting. This is the variety that is used by most pickling houses, as it matures early when sown in the spring and can be relied upon to produce bulbs of a uniform small size. The SOUTHPORT LARGE WHITE GLOBE commands the highest price on the New York market on account of its handsome appearance and exceedingly for the state of the sta

ingly fine flavor.

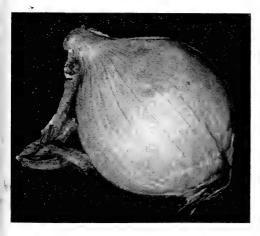
"How to Grow Onions." may be grown directly from seed quite as easily and more cheaply than from sets which have been grown a previous season and carried over. In this esting New Learlet on culture we give brief but clear directions for preparing the soil, sowing the seed, and cultivating and harvesting the crop.
This useful new leaflet will be

FREE to all who ask for it when ordering. The



WHITE PORTUGAL ONION.

	In lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest price, quoted in last column.	Per oz.	₩ ħs	· Par th	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
695 697	Large White Globe. © Extra fine; true globe shape, White Portugal, or Silverskin. © Handsome flat	80 15 80	0 40	\$1 50	\$1 45
698 699	onions, Philadelphia Silverskin. Especially desirable for sets, White Pearl, or Bloomsdale, Extra Early Pearl, O	15	40	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 40 \\ 1 & 40 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	1 35 1 35 1 45
	Each of the above, 5 cents per p	acket			



BURPEE'S MAMMOTH WHITE VICTORIA ONION,-from a photograph, -greatly reduced in size.

ONIONS,—Italian Varieties.

These are best adapted for planting early in the fall in the Southern States to produce a spring crop of bulbs, and as a rule do not ripen so well from spring planting in the cool Northern States as do the American sorts previously described. Those of the flat form are, of course, the earliest and surest to ripen bulbs

WHITE QUEEN, or Extra Early Barletta, is a small flat pure white bulb, running from an inch to an inch and a half in diameter and should be left to grow quite thickly in the row. These are mainly planted to produce small onions for pickling. Giant White Italian Tripoli and BURPEE'S MAMMOTH SILVER KING are large flat white onions and excellent to plant for an early market crop, but should be gathered and marketed as soon as they ripen. The WHITE and RED VICTORIA are very large globe-shaped onions, -exceptionally sweet and tender. BURPEE'S GIGANTIC GIBRALTAR is similar to Prize-Taker in size and coloring, but does not ripen quite so early from seed planted in the open ground; the bulbs are very tender and even more delicate in flavor.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
701 Earliest White Queen, or Extra Early Barletta, O	. \$0 15	\$0.40	\$1 40
703 Burpee's Mammoth White Victoria. O Per pkt. 10 cts.,		40	1 50
704 Burpee's Mammoth Red Victoria. Fine, large, globe shaped,.		25	90
705 Giant White Italian Tripoli. El Paso, or "Large Mexican" onion	ı, 10	30	1 00
707 Burpee's Mammoth Silver King. O Largest white,		35	1 25
708 Burpee's Mammoth Pompeii. Reddish skin; large, flat,		25	85
709 Giant Rocca of Naples. Brown-red; large-size, globe shaped, .	. 7	22	80
711 Burpee's Gigantic Gibraltar. © Extra fine. Per pkt. 10 cts.,.		50	1 75

Each of the above, except White Victoria and Gibraltar, 5 cents per packet.

ONION SETS AND BULBS.

We do not make a specialty of these, as we consider it a greater advantage to market gardeners to grow their main crop of onions direct from the seed, as this can be done much more cheaply both in the original cost of seed over sets and the greatly reduced amount of labor in sowing the seed from what would be involved in planting out the sets. For the

convenience of our customers, however, who wish to plant sets in the fall for an early crop of green bunch onions or "scullions," and for those who wish to put out a limited area of sets to produce the earliest crop of bulbs for market, we offer choice well-ripened sets of the following varieties.

WHITE OF SILVERSKIN SETS are grown from our choice selected strain of the Philadelphia White Silverskin Onion seed, which is the best type for this purpose. Our Yellow Sets are grown from the Flat or "Round" Dancers and the Yellow



POTATO ONIONS

Dutch or Strasburg, both of which make a large well-ripened bulb of a light goldenbrown color. The Yellow Potato Onions are usually planted early in the fall or in northern sections very early in the spring. Small sets will produce large well-ripened bulbs the following season, while the larger ones planted early in the fall will make a cluster of green bunch onions in the spring or later a cluster of small sets for replanting. The WHITE MULTIPLIER also increases at the root and makes a small, round, hard, white

bulb, averaging one inch in diameter, which sells very readily on the market as pick-POTATO ONIONS. ling or small stewing onions. It does not at any time make large bulbs. ECYPTIAN, or 'Perennial Tree Onion,' is an exceptionally hardy variety, which is planted in the fall for the earliest spring bunch onions and can be used only for this purpose, as it does not at any time make

They should be planted in the fall. These cannot be supplied between March 1st and September 1st,

	Quart.	2 quarts 4 qu	uarts Pe	eck. I	Bushel.
White Onion Sets (Best Philadelphia),	\$0.30	\$0 50 \$0	85 \$1	50	
Yellow Onion Sets (Best Philadelphia),	25	40 :	75 1	25	
Potato Onion Sets (Yellow),	20	35	60 1	10	\$4 00
White Multiplier Onion Sets,	20	35	60 1	10	4 00
Egyptian, or Perennial Tree,	15	30	50	85	3 00
Du's a second of the second of	.1	: 4 - 6			

Prices vary according to the market,—please write for quotations.

We hope to be able to supply sets at prices quoted per peck.

PARSLEY.

Parsley is the most extensively used plant for flavoring Parsley is the most extensively used plant for flavoring or garnishing, and there is a steady demand in the market throughout the year for small bunches of fine well-curled leaves. The varieties are all similar in growth, differing mainly in the finely curled or mossed character of the foliage. Our DARK MOSS-CURLED has very finely curled leaves of a rich dark-green color. The NEW DWARF PERFECTION is an extremely heavily curled sort of low compact growth with light golden-green foliage in the young leaves. growth with light golden-green foliage in the young leaves.

The Turnip-Rooted Parsley is grown solely for the

root, which resembles a small turnip in shape and is used for flavoring stews, soups, etc. In this variety the plants should be thinned out to stand only one in a place and at a little distance apart in the row; they should be given good cultivation throughout the season of growth.



Except Dwarf Perfection, each 5 cents per packet.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Per lb.	5 fbs. or more, per fb.
714 Plain, or Single. Plain leaves of excellent flavor	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0.35	\$0 30
715 Fine Double Curled. Dwarf; crimped leaves,	6	15	45	40
717 Extra Curled Dwarf, or Emerald. Leaves bright green,		15	45	40
719 Extra Dark Moss-Curled. Dark-green curled leaves,		15	50	45
720 Dwarf Perfection. A fine strain. Pkt. 10 cts.,	25	75	$2\ 50$	
721 Fern-Leaved. Delicately cut leaves,	6	15	55	50
723 Turnip-Rooted, or Hamburg. Grown for the edible roots,	5	15	45	40

PARSNIPS.

These are esteemed for the table during winter and early spring months. They are entirely hardy and are usually left in the ground where grown until needed for market, as a hard freezing develops the richness of the sugary flavor. They are very desirable also for stock feeding, and any surplus can be used for this purpose.

EARLY SHORT ROUND FRENCH is, as its name implies, of rounded or turnip-shape, of quick growth; it is planted for summer and early fall market, or to use in connection with small lecks, carrots, etc., in making bunches of potherbs for flavoring. Long SMOOTH, or HOLLOW CROWN, is the popular smooth carrot-shaped parsnip of our winter market. He GLURDEN is a proposed to the total carrot shaped parsnip for use the proposed to the carrot shaped parsnip of our winter market. market; the GUERNSEY is an improved type, broader at the top and rather shorter in length. Both are very fine and will yield heavy returns when well cultivated in good ground.

Each variety 5 cents per packet.	4 tb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
725 Improved Guernsey. © The best,			
728 Early Short Round French. The earliest, but very	15		

Our list is complete as to prolonged season of bearing and distinct character of growth, at the same carefully selected to include only those of superior quality and productiveness. Our Seed Peas are all grown far north, thoroughly rogued, and carefully hand-picked; - they are raised only from finest selected strains.

Burpee's Best Extra-Early.

The best strain of Extreme Early and remarkably uniform Extra Early Peas that has ever been produced! This superb "Pedigree" strain is the crowning achievement of most careful expert work of selection and re-

selection continued through a long series of vears. This unequaled strain (of which we now grow our entire crops of BURPEE'S BEST EXTRA EARLY) is of the finest quality; it excels in purity of stock and freedom from sports all other extra early peas ever offered in this or any other country.

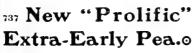
Equally as early as the choicest stock of Alaska, the peas are much better in flavor.

The vines are quite slender, of very quick growth, and average eighteen to twenty-four inches in height. The pods are well filled and the entire crop can be gathered generally in one pick-Undoubtedly the best of all Extra Early Peas! Where planted exclusively, sowings should be made every week to insure a constant supply of fresh young pods. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 40 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; per peck \$1.25; ½ bushel \$2.15; bushel \$4.25; 10 bushels or more at \$4.00 per bushel,—sacks included.

This choice strain is next best to Burpee's Best Extra Early.

This choice strain is next best to Burpee's Best Extra Early.

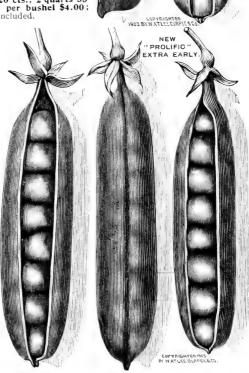
The In fact, this is the same strain which as "Burpee's Best" has given such excellent satisfaction for so many years,—but is now surpassed by our new "PEDIGREE" stock, offered above. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 35 cts.; 4 quarts 65 cts.; peck \$1.10; per bushel \$4.00; to bushels or more at \$3.75 per bushel,—sacks included.



A long=podded Extra Early, con= taining one or two more peas to a pod and bearing more pods to the plant than any other strain of Extra Earlies. The illustration shown herewith was engraved exactly natural size from a photograph of three pods.

It is a conservative estimate to state that this "NEW PROLIFIC" will produce twenty to thirty per cent. larger crop and is ready for market only four days behind Burpee's Best Extra Early. The vines average twenty-four to thirty inches high and produce pods singly. One picking will take about three-fourths of the crop, and a second picking, which is to be made about three days later, will take the balance. It is remarkably uniform and very free from The peas are of the sports of any kind. finest quality.

Our stock is grown for us by the originator, who has developed this superb new "PROLIFIC" strain from one pod of an extremely vigorous plant, discovered thirteen years ago. Per pkt. 10 cts.; quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 40 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; peck \$1.25; per bushel \$4.50; 10 bus. or more at \$4.25 per bus.



BURPEE'S BEST EXTRA

EARLY

PEAS.—Round-Seeded Extra Earlies.

Burpee's Best Extra Early is the earliest and sweetest of all extra-early peas;—the seed being smooth, round, and hard, can be planted in well-drained soil as early in the spring as the ground can be properly prepared, or late the pre-eding fall to lie dormant in the soil all winter and grow early in the spring. This latter plan in well-drained soil gives the very earliest supply of peas which can be grown in the spring. Under favorable conditions this variety from spring sowing will make pods for market in about sixty days from the time the seed is planted. In many localities plantings in succession of this variety are made to afford a continuous supply, in preference to using the large-seeded later sorts for a summer crop. In addition to this we have found that Burpee's Best Extra Early, planted during the month of



A POD OF ALASKA PEA

Extra Early, planted during the month of August, making two or more plantings, gives us the largest and best supply of sweet-flavored peas for fall use and market;—therefore we strongly recommend Burpee's Best Extra Early as the very best market pea. In ordinary soils the vines grow about eighteen inches in height, very regular and even in type, and do not re100

10 pea pod 116

> 1 fo Pi

regular and even in type, and do not require any brush or support whatever.

Burpee's Extra Early and Philadelphia Extra Early are both similar to the preceding, but from three to five days later.

The New Prolific Early is of similar to the process of the New Prolific Early is of similar to the process of the New Prolific Early is of similar to the Prolific Early is of the New Prolific Early is of the

lar extra early type, but the vines and pods grow fully a third larger and thus make a more profitable crop in regards to quantity of product that can be marketed from a given area. It is about five days to a week later than Burpee's Best Extra Early, but the quality is equally as fine. Philadelphia Extra Early is the parent or original variety from which the preceding selected extra early types have been developed. ALASKA, or "Earlists of All," is a blue-seeded variety, entirely hardy and extremely early; the flavor, however, is not equal to the white-seeded extra earlies.

Selected strains,—all hand-picked.		-	do not inc 4 quarts		stage.
731 Burpee's Best Extra Early. © (See page 55),	\$0 20	\$0 40	\$0.70	\$1 25	\$4 25
733 Burpee's Extra Early. Also a choice strain, 735 Philadelphia Extra Early (Daniel O'Rourke),	18			1 10 1 00	4 00 3 75
737 New Prolific Extra Early. © (See page 55), 739 Alaska, or Earliest of All. (True Blue-seeded),		40 30	70 55	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 00 \end{array}$	4 50 3 50
Each of the above, 10 cents per		of two	ounces.		

PEAS,—Extra Early Wrinkled Varieties.

These, while of very early maturity, yet, on account of the tender or wrinkled character of the seed, which is due to the large percentage of sugar they contain, they cannot be planted so early as the round hard-seeded sorts. If planted before the ground has become slightly warm and dried out in the spring, the seed will rot before germinating. The earliest of this type is the New Surprise, which resembles *Burpee's Extra Early* in growth and size of pod; the peas when gathered young are very tender and of sweet rich flavor. American Wonder is the earliest of the low-growing dwarf or bush type, with heavy dark-green foliage, and if planted at the same time comes in immediately after *Burpee's Best Extra Early* and Surprise. The pods are of good size and well filled with peas of excellent sweet flavor.

Nort's Excelsior is an improved type and equally early, but the pods are

type and equally early, but the pods are slightly longer and squared or blunt at the end. It is rather more productive than American Wonder. WILLIAM WILLIAM



AMERICAN WONDER PEA.

than American Wonder. WILLIAM
HURST is of similar season, but has a
slightly smaller pod with pointed ends. Extra Early Premium Gem grows a little taller and is a few days later in
maturity than the preceding sorts, but is regarded as a very productive and profitable market type of the dwarf early
peas. None of these varieties requires any brush or support, and in good ground the rows may be planted as closely
together as they can be conveniently cultivated; generally the entire crop can be gathered in one or two pickings, thus

clearing the ground early in the season for some other crop.

Gradde (also called "Prosperity") is a new large-podded variety of extreme earliness, which comes in right after Burpee's Best Extra Early, having a slender vine which grows about two feet in height and produces extra long pods well filled with large, sweet, and very tender peas which are regarded as being fully equal in quality to the finest of the large-podded late sorts. Farther north, in cool locations, this variety will attain a height of four feet and make a more continuous production. continuous production.

Continuous production.

Thomas Laxton is similar in growth and size of pod to Gradus, but a few days later, while the large pods are square-ended or b'unt. Both vine and peas are of a darker, richer green than Gradus, and by many the Laxton is considered slightly superior in flavor. These two, while they can be grown without support, will give the best results and finest pods if the vines are furnished with either brush or a suitable trellis to support them.

Sutton's Forcing grows only six to eight inches high. The plants average three pods which are two and a half to three inches long; the peas are of fine flavor. Valuable for forcing during the winter months.

	-These	e prices	do not in	nclude po	stage.—
Selected strains,—all hand-picked.	Quart.	2 quarts	4 quarts	s Peck.	Bushel.
745 Gradus, or Prosperity. © Earliest long-podded,	\$0 40	\$0 75	\$1 35	\$2 50	\$9 50
746 Thomas Laxton, O	40	70	1 25	2 40	9 00
749 Extra Early Premium Gem. • (McLean's),	25	45	80	1 50	5 75
751 American Wonder. • True stock; extra fine,	30	50	90	1 65	6 50
752 Sutton's Forcing. O Pkt. 15 ets.,	40	75	1 35	2 50	9 50
753 William Hurst,	25	45	85	1 50	5 75
755 Nott's Excelsior, O	30	55	1 00	1 85	7 00
757 Surprise Eclipse, or "Station," O	30	50	90	1 75	6 75

758 New Pea,—SENATOR Improved. O A grand new second early; very productive of large, luscious wrinkled peas. Of the same season as McLean's Advancer, the pods are much larger and more attractive, and the vines much more productive. The handsome, large, round pods are curved and always well filed with from seven to ten peas in a pod; quality excellent; sweet and tender, even when the peas are large. Vines grow two feet high and carry a large crop.

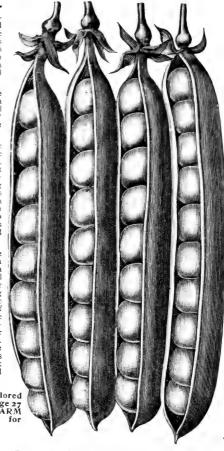
Improved Senator is a most desirable main-crop pea, both will be delighted with bolh quantity and quality of the crop! Per pkt. 15 cts.; pint 20 cts.; per quart 35 cts.; 2 quarts \$1.20; peck \$2.25.

787 Hurst's Reliance. O A most valuable and productive second-early variety. Vines are of quick, strong growth, attaining a height of four to five feet. It is an excellent variety for planting late in the spring for a summer supply where many large-podded sorts fail to set pols during the latter part of July and in August. The haulm is thickly set with well-filled round pols three inches in length, which are completely filled with peas of a rich dark-green color, very sweet and tender. Per pkt, 10 cts.; per pini 15 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 40 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; per peck \$1.25; per bushel 4.75,—sacks included.

746 Thos. Laxton. The only rival to the famous Gradus,—as a long-podded extreme-early winkled pea,—and in some respects even better. The growth is identical with that of Gradus, but the pods are a deeper richer green, square at the end instead of having a long sloping point. In the judgment of experts who have grown the two side by side, the Thos. Laxton is even sweeter and finer in flavor than the Gradus, while as the large peas are of a deeper green they present a more attractive appearance on the table. The crop ripens only three to four days after Gradus. Per pkt. 10 cts.; quart 40 cts.; 2 quarts 70 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; 4 quarts 51.25; per peck \$2.40; per bushel

from a photograph.

\$2,40; per bushel \$9,00. \$\mathref{F}\$ See colored plate on page 27 of THE FARM ANNUAL for 1905.



Four Pods of IMPROVED SENATOR PEA, —engraved from a photograph.

786 New Pea,—BRITISH WONDER.O

Tested by experts, British Wonder was pronounced sweeter in flavor than either Gradus or Thos. Laxton! The growth is similar to Carter's Daisy, except that the foliage is darker green and pods are not so large nor so sharply pointed, -see natural size pods herewith. It is, however, much more reliable, as it is a sure cropper! Under ordinary conditions the vines grow twelve to fifteen inches high; under more favorable conditions, from fifteen to eighteen inches. The pods are produced most abundantly and uniformly well filled. The fresh peas are large and dark green; dry seed is green wrinkled. This pea seems to have a season of its own, -coming a little later than Telephone and earlier than Stratagem or Carter's Daisy. Be Although first offered in America last year we have grown this new pea for several seasons from the original English stock. The crops from "our acclimated" American seed are sure to please both private planters and market gardeners. It is a much better pea for general use than the popular Carter's Daisy! By express or freight: Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 15 cts.; per quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts 45 cts.; 4 quarts 85 cts.; per peck \$1.65; per bushel \$6.50.

We recommend planters to use BRITISH WONDER instead of Carter's Daisy as it is so much superior.

PEAS,—Second Early and Main-Crop Varieties.

These are of two distinct types of growth, namely: those which are of low dwarf growth, fifteen to eighteen inches in height, which do not require any support, and those making vines of running growth, which range in different varieties and soils from two and a half to five feet in height and which in most cases will give the best results if provided with a brush support or a suitable trellis of string or wire.

In the dwarf type we have two new English varieties of midseason maturity which we in the dwarf type we have two new English varieties of midseason maturity which we consider of excellent quality and which fill in the period between Not's Excelsior and the very large-podded late sorts, such as Stratagem and Daisy. These are British Wonders, which is pronounced sweeter in flavor than either Gradus or Thomas Laxton, and the English Wonder, which is a very prolific second-early variety, making pods about the same size and character as Notl's Excelsior.

IMPROVED PRIDE OF THE MARKET is a very late variety of dwarf growth, with extra large pods and peas of a deep rich green coloring, but while of handsome appearance it is rather inferior in flavor. DAISY is a very large-podded variety with peas of the largest size and fine sweet flavor, slightly earlier than Stratagem. IMPROVED STRATAGEM is the standard large-

sweet flavor, slightly earlier than Stratagem. Improved Stratagem is the standard large-podded late sort; the very large pods and peas are of a light green color, exceptionally sweet and tender. Dwarf Champion makes a close short-jointed growth, eighteen inches to two feet in height, thickly set with fine large peas of the popular Champion of England type and flavor; it is probably the most productive of the dwarf-growing late sorts.

In the taller growing sorts, Admiral is a very productive variety with medium-sized pods and small reund peas, popular with canners on account of its great productiveness, but we consider it inferior in flavor as a market variety. Burfefe's Quality and Quantity are very productive second-early or midseason sorts, growing two and a half to three feet in height. As indicated by their respective names, Quality is slightly superior in flavor and Quantity in productiveness, but both are excellent market sorts. Burfef's Profusion is slightly later than the two preceding, with larger pods and peas of the finest flavor and a longer season of bearing. Bliss's Abundance, Exerbearing, Horsford's Market Garden, and McLean's Advancer are all good productive second-early sorts, growing from two and one-half to three feet in height and producing round well-filled pods about three inches in length in great profusion and are all excellent market garden sorts. and are all excellent market garden sorts

CHAMPION OF ENGLAND is one of the best known and most popular market varieties for the crop, being a strong grower and continuous bearer. The pods on our strain are unia late crop, being a strong grower and continuous bearer. The pods on our strain are uniformly large in size and well filled with large sweet peas.
YORKSHURE HERO is similar to *Champion*, but of dwarfer growth; the pods are slightly

larger and of rather earlier maturity. Duke of Albany is a fine large-podded second-early of the Telephone type, size and flavor;—makes a good variety to plant to come in after Gradus for markets where the large-podded and very sweet large peas are desired. Telephone is the standard large-podded late or main-crop variety, having long pods well filled with large peas of a rich sugary flavor. Boston Unrivaled and Alderman are of the Telephone type,

peas of a rich sugary flavor. Boston Unrivaled and Alderman are of the Telephone type, but with still larger pods and peas; they make a strong growth and are slightly later in season. Long Island Manmodh is a favorite large-podded sort for the New York market, but we do not consider it equal in flavor to the two preceding new varieties.

S. NATOR (Improved) is of the same season as McLean's Advancer, but is more productive and the pods are larger. Vines grow two feet high. Kelvedonian grows two and a half feet high: a very productive and continuous bearing variety. Pods are three inches long, square-ended, and contain five to six large deep green peas of mild sweet flavor. Hurst's Reliance is an excellent variety for planting late in the spring for a summer supply where many large-podded varieties fail to set pods during July and August. Vines grow quickly, attaining a height of four to five feet, and are thickly set with pods which are filled with peas of fine flavor. Heroine and Shropshire Hero are late wrinkled varieties, each growing about two and a half feet high. Laxlon's Evolution grows four feet high and bears magnificent long pods containing eight to ten large wrinkled peas of rich sugary flavor. magnificent long pods containing eight to ten large wrinkled peas of rich sugary flavor.



YORKSHIRE HERO.

			1				,	
	Selected strains,—all hand-picked.	Quart.	2 quarts	4 quarts	Pe	eck.	Bush	el.
756	English Wonder. A very prolific second-early,	\$0 30	\$0 50	\$0 90	\$1	65	\$6	50
758	Improved Senator. Of finest quality. Pkt.						1	
	15 cts	35	65	1 20		25	8	50
759	McLean's Advancer. A good second-early,	20	35	65		10		00
760	Admiral. A popular favorite with canners,	20	35	60	1	10		75
761	Burpee's Quantity. Extremely productive,	30	50	90	1	65	6	50
763	Burpee's Quality. Of finest quality. Pint 25 cts.	40	75				1	
765	Burpee's Profusion. A very heavy yielder,	30	55	1 00	1	75		
767	Duke of Albany, or "American Champion,"	30	55	1 00	1	85		00
769	Bliss's Everbearing. Very prolific,	20	35	65	1	10		-
771	Bliss's Abundance. Deservedly popular,	20	35	65	1	10	-	00
	Kelvedonian. A continuous bearer,	25	45	80	1	50		50
772	Horsford's Market Garden. A heavy bearer,	20	35	60	1	10		75
773	Telephone. Large peas of rich sugary flavor,	30	50	90	1	75		50
775	Telegraph, or Long Island Mammoth,	30	50	85	1	60		75
779	Laxton's Evolution. Magnificent long pods,	30	55	1 00	1	85		25
781	Yorkshire Hero. An improved Champion,	18	30	55	1	10		00
	Boston Unrivaled. An improved Telephone,	30	50	95	1	85		00
	Alderman. Five days later,	30	50	90	1	75		75
786	British Wonder. Better than Carter's Daisy,	25	45	85	1	65		50
787	Hurst's Reliance. Peas of fine flavor,	20	40	70	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{25}{75}$	4	75
789	Improved Stratagem. A selected strain,	45	85	1 50	1	65	0	50
	Improved Pride of the Market, O	25	45	85	$\frac{1}{2}$			50 00
	Carter's Daisy. O Crop very short,	35	65	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 20 \\ 75 \end{array}$	1			00
795	Heroine. Medium early; long well-filled pods,	20	40	70	1	25		75
	Shropshire Hero. Well-filled pods; very prolific,		40 35	65	1	$\frac{25}{10}$		00
	Champion of England. The popular standard,		40	70	1	25		75
800	Dwarf Champion. ⊙ Grows two feet high,	20	40	10	1	20	1 4	10

PEAS,-Marrowfats and Edible-Podded Varieties.

'THE MARROWFAT" is the old-time late garden pea, growing four to five feet in height and bearing a ve and continuous supply of pods late in the season, but the peas are greatly inferior in flavor to the newer introductions. White Marrowlat is superior in flavor to the Black-Eye Marrowlat, the latter being generally grown for stock feeding and poultry or as a green crop to turn under to enrich the land. The Marblehead Marrow jat is a selected strain of uniform

poultry or as a green crop to turn under to enrich the land. The Marbichead Marrowjat is a selected strain of uniform growth and is immensely productive.

In the edible-podded or sugar peas the Dwarf Sugar grows about eighteen inches in height and does not need any support, producing a large crop of small pods about three inches in length. The tall grows three or four feet in height and produces larger pods than the preceding, but which are quite small and round as compared with those of the Mammoth Melting Sugar, which produces a very large broad waxen yellow pod which is fleshy and fully equal to the finest string-beans when gathered and cooked in the same way.

Forb to conto you will be 11 to 1	—These prices do not include pos				stage.—	
Each, 10 cents per packet,—all hand-picked.					Bushel.	
807 Royal Dwarf White Marrowfat,	\$0.15	\$0.25	80 45	80.75	\$2.75	
809 Black-Eyed Marrowfat,	15	25			2.75	
810 Marblehead Marrowfat, O	20		50	•	3 00	
811 Dwarf Sugar (Purple Blossom)	20	40	75	1 40	5 25	
815 Mammoth Melting Sugar. O Extra fine; tall,.	25	50	90	1 65	6 50	

PEPPERS.

In planting peppers for the market it should be kept in mind that as a general rule the smaller the fruit the hotter and more pungent is its flavor, and that those producing the large sweet-flavored fruits which grow to the largest size, generally

more pungent is its flavor, and that those producing the require a longer period for their growth and ripening.

Quite recently there has been a great demand for green peppers of medium size to serve as a cooked vegetable during spring and summer months;

—this use has greatly increased the market demand for this fruit over preceding seasons when they were used only for pickling and flavoring. In view of this new market for peppers, extreme earliness and development of fruits become an essential feature in growing them as a market from the essential feature in growing them as a market crop, the earliest fruits naturally bringing the highest returns.

earliest truits naturally bringing the highest returns.

In the large-sized sweet-flavored fruits the New Neapolitan Large-Early is much earlier than any variety we have grown in preceding seasons.

Next in earliness is the well-known Large Bell. or "Bull-Nose," which makes a fruit four inches in length and from two and a half to three inches in diameter. Burpee's Ruby King is a very large fruit of bright red color and exceptionally mild sweet flavor.

Burpee's Chinese Giant is the largest of all, but is glightly late in girening; the representance of the state of the st

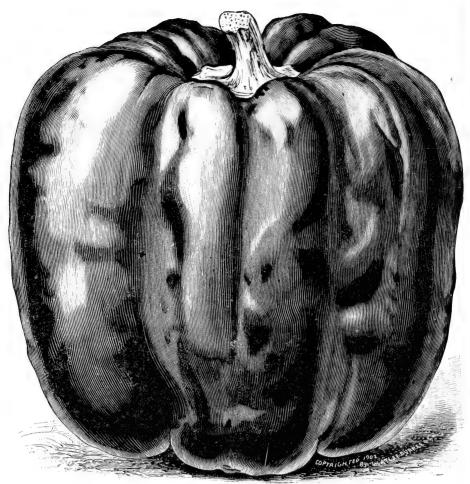
but is slightly late in ripening; the peppers grow to an immense size and have quite thick tender flesh of very immense size and nave quite thick tender liesh of very mild sweet flavor. Sweet Mountain is a large sweet-fruited sort of the same season as the Ruby King. Dwarf Early Red Squash has fruits somewhat resembling a tomato in shape, and is unusually thick-fleshed and mild. Golden Dawn is a yellow pepper of the same size as the Bull-Nose, while GOLDEN QUEEN is similar in size and season to the scalet-fruited Ruby King.

size as the Bull-Nose, while Golden Queen is similar in size and season to the scarlet-fruited Ruby King.

CELESTIAL and Fancy Wrinkled Peppers are small bright-colored fruits of an inch or an inch and a half in diameter, which are produced in great profusion and have a hot pungent flavor. Bird's-Eye, Tabasco, Red Cluster, Red Chili, and Cayenne are small round or slender-fruited sorts of extremely pungent flavor and great productives which have ground. gent flavor and great productiveness, which are grown and used solely for pickling and flavoring.



	Per oz.	14 lb.	Per lb.
818 "Neapolitan" Large Early. (See page 61.) Pkt. 15 cts.			
819 Burpee's New Chinese Giant. Enormous fruits. Pkt. 10 ets.	, \$0 40	\$1 35	\$5.00
821 Burpee's Ruby King. Very mild and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.,	20	60	2 00
823 Bull Nose (Improved Large Bell). Standard, sweet-flavored	, 20	50	1 75
825 Sweet Mountain. Nearly identical with Bull-nose,	. 20	50	1.75
827 Dwarf Early Red Squash. Thick fleshed; of mild flavor,	. 20	60	2 00
829 Procopp's Giant. Extra long thick-fleshed scarlet peppers,	20	60	2 00
833 Burpee's Black Nubian. Long, nearly coal-black fruits,	= 20	60	2 00
847 Red Cluster. Small, thin, hot, coral-red; immensely productive	, 20	60	2 00
849 New Fancy Wrinkled, Mixed. Of three colors; beautiful,	. 22	70	2 50
837 Long Red Cayenne. The true Cayenne; hot and pungent,	. 20	60	2 00
839 True Red Chili. Small bright red peppers; very hot,	. 20		2 00
841 Golden Dawn. Golden-yellow peppers; mild and sweet,	. 20	60	2 00
843 Golden Queen. O Largest sweet yellow pepper. Per pkt. 10 cts	. 22	70	2 50
851 Celestial. O Creamy white to scarlet,		60	2 00
853 Bird's-Eye, or Creole. Extremely hot; smallest red,	20	60	2 00
857 Tabasco. O Hottest; small bright red. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	35	1 10	4 00



CHINESE GIANT PEPPER, -from a photograph, -only the Average Natural Size.

Burpee's New "CHINESE GIANT" Red Pepper.o

Double the Size of Ruby King,—this is the largest and finest mild red pepper. Truckers planting for market will find Burpee's "Chinese Giant," one of the most profitable varieties they ever handled. Not only is it immensely productive for so large a pepper, but its enormous size will cause it to sell most readily. The plants are vigorous in growth, but of stocky



habit, seldom more than two feet in height. They are well branched and thickly set with enormous fruits, which appear to hang in clusters,—so many being set on the comparatively small plants. Frequently half a dozen fruits will touch each other, as if in a single bunch; the strong growth of the plants and abundant foliage enable them to mature the gigantic fruits only slightly later than our well-known Burpee's Ruby King. The monstrous fruits are of thick blocky form and of most brilliant glossy scarlet. They grow four to five inches broad at the top and are of equal length, divided into four or more large ridges; when ripe they are indented at the blossom end. The first fruits set

in a cluster of three to five at base of the plant, and are generally longer than those setting later on the upper branches, although the latter fruits are equally as broad. All are uniformly of most "enormous" size. The flesh is extremely mild,—as sweet as an apple,—and unusually thick; it makes an excellent salad sliced and served like tomatoes. The true seed of a selected strain,—producing uniformly large fruits,—will always be high in price. 819 Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.; per oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.35; per lb. \$5.00.

True "Tabasco." The seed we offer has been again saved for us in New Iberia Parish, Louisiana, by New "Neapolitan" Large-Early. The earliest sweet large red pepper. Immensely productive and so extremely early, this grand new pepper is of exceptional value to market gardeners. For illustration and description,—see next page.

818 New "Neapolitan" Large-Early Pepper.0

Decidedly the Earliest of all Large Mild Red Peppers,-and the Most Productive of all Large Peppers!

Last season, from seed started February 15th and plants set out May 20th, the first peppers were picked for market on June 24th.

first fruits measured four inches long and four and a half inches in round circumference; the later fruits are slightly larger,—see illustration from a photograph. Bringing the seed from their home, the Italian growers around Boston and Philadelphia have had almost a monopoly of the first-early markets for several years. It will now be found equally valuable for other sections, as no other large pepper develops so quickly,-

by ten days to two weeks!

The strong vigorous plants grow two feet high by eighteen inches across; they are completely laden with large handsome fruits and bear continuously until frost. Single plants carry from thirty-five to fifty marketable fruits at one time! The peppers grow upright until they become so heavy that their own weight turns them down. The skin and flesh are bright red; they are thick meated, sweet, and "mild as an apple"; they carry well and keep in prime condition a long time. So unusually productive is this variety that twelve plants will furnish an ample supply for a family throughout the season. For market gardeners and pickling establishments this NEW LARGE-EARLY PEPPER is of incalculable value. We only wish we had been able to save several times as much seed!

Per pkt. (200 seeds) 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.

To market gardeners we offer: 1000 seeds for 50 cts.; 2500 seeds for \$1.00.

Stuffed Peppers. Few planters realize what a delicious vegetable the sweet

pepper is when stuffed and baked. In our book, "How to Cook Vegetables," Mrs. Rorer says: "For this use the sweet Spanish peppers, and to each six allow a half pint of chopped cooked chicken, a half pint of stale bread crumbs, a level teaspoonful of salt and a saltspoonful of pepper, a tablespoonful of chopped parsley, two tablespoonfuls of butter.

Cut off the stem, end of the peppers and remove the seeds. Throw them in a saucepan of boiling water and cover; stand on the back of the stove fifteen minutes. Mix all the ingredients together except the butter. Melt it and pour over after you have everything thoroughly mixed. Drain the peppers, fill with the stuffing, sprinkle the tops with bread crumbs. Put here and there bits of butter,

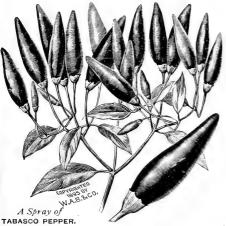
stand in a baking-pan, and bake in a quick oven fifteen minutes. Serve with roasted beef.'

'NEAPOLITAN' LARGE-EARLY

Photograph.

PEPPER,-natural size,-trom a

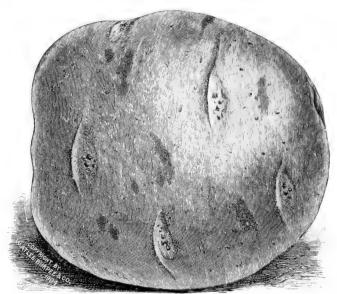
At FORDHOOK we use for this purpose the New "NEAPOLITAN" LARGE EARLY and CHINESE GIANT, and instead of black pepper for seasoning use a small hot pepper like TABASCO chopped fine. Urge your customers to try a few stuffed peppers and your sales of green peppers will show a decided increase.



857 Tabasco Pepper. Of tall, bush-like growth, three to four feet in height, producing an immense quantity of small, slender, very hot and fiery fruits one inch in length and vivid scarlet in coloring. This is the true variety, from which the famous *Tabasco Sauce* is made, but usually fails to ripen fruits as far north as Pennsylvania, by reason of its large growth; this difficulty is overcome if seed is planted very early. Perpkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.10; per lb. \$4.00.

Uncle Gideon's Quick Lunch Potato.o

The most valuable early potato produced since the famous Early Rose;—ten days to two weeks earlier, it is a surer and heavier cropper and of better quality!



QUICK LUNCH,—from a Photograph, natural size; weight 7\% ozs.

Quick Lunch April 30, 1904, there were tubers a little larger than a hen's egg ready June 25th. In fact, tubers dug at this date were used on the table of Mr. L. R. SURDAM, North Bennington, Vermont, a nephew by marriage of "Uncle Gideon." For two seasons now they have proved the very earliest potato of any value grown at FORDHOOK,—earlier than our "Eureka," while averaging larger in size and more productive. The tubers mature so quickly that there is no reason why growers all over the country may not almost compete with the first-early potatoes shipped from the South.

Read "UNCLE GIDEON'S" own opinion, on page 22 of The Farm Annual.

Quick Lunch is most handsome in appearance! The tubers are nearly globular in form; they run the most uniform in size, color, and quality of any extra early potato that "Uncle Gideon" has ever seen in his long years of experience. The eyes are shallow, with a pinkish cast around each eye, while the smooth brownish-white skin is also flaked with rosy crimson,—giving a handsome appearance, entirely unlike any other potato heretofore known. They are quickly pared for cooking, as the skin peels easily.

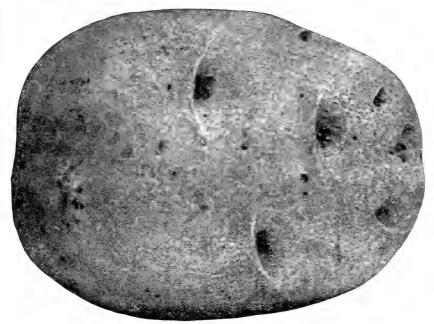
Quick Lunch is extremely hardy! The plant is very distinct in growth. The stalks grow stiffly erect and are closely set with deep-green foliage; the leaves are broad and flatly spread. The foliage retains its vigor and rich coloring until the plants are full grown. Under the most trying weather conditions it has not been affected by blight, rot, or any disease. As the potatoes mature the vines die down completely to the ground.

Quick Lunch is more productive than any other first-early potato and keeps better! Should the market price of early potatoes not be satisfactory you can safely keep your crop, as well as you could the tubers of any late variety! Properly stored, Uncle Gidson's "QUICK LUNCH" potatoes will keep in fine marketable condition all winter,—in fact, until late in the spring and even until the next year's crop is ready to dig!

Prices. Carefully packed in pasteboard boxes, by mail, postpaid: Per lb. 85 cts.; 2 lbs. for \$1.50; 3 lbs. for \$2.25. By express or freight, not prepaid: Per lb. 75 cts.; 2 lbs. for \$1.35; 3 lbs. for \$2.00. ## In each box is included our Special Leaflet on culture.

\$250.00 in Cash Prizes. Beginning with Cash Prizes of \$50.00 and two of \$25.00 each, there are offered \$160.00 for largest yields from one pound of the seed; largest for 1905 (sent only to purchasers of "UNCLE GIDEON'S QUICK LUNCH") gives list of these prizes and also tells how to get largest yields. Even at the high price charged this season, it will pay to get seed of this

New "Quick Lunch,"-Earliest of All and Most Profitable of Extreme-Early Potatoes!



NEW VERMONT GOLD COIN POTATO, -from a Photograph.

New Potato.—VERMONT GOLD COIN.

The hardiest, most vigorous in growth, most productive, and the best in table quality of all potatoes, it has proved to be absolutely unequaled for main crop!

Beats Our Picture!

W. H. Brown, Milan, Rock Island Co., Ill., October 31, 1904, writes:—I will try and tell you a little about seeds bought of you last spring. . . The Danish Roundhead Cabbage is splendid. . . I bought last spring. . . The Danish Roundhead Cabbage is splendid. . . I bought one pound of the Vermont Gold Coin Potatoes. I had just thirty eyes in the pound and I made thirty hills, and when ripe I dug 160 pounds of as fine potatoes as man ever laid eyes on, two and two-thirds bushels. How is that? If I had not forgotten about the hill photographed in the catalogue I would have had my first hill photographed. I saw, after I had them weighed and mixed with the others, your seventeen potatoes, eight and a half pounds, are not in it! My first hill had nineteen good eating potatoes weighing fourteen pounds-almost one-quarter bushel. was the largest hill in the row, and, remember, all came from one eye. If you have anything to beat it please let me know. I cooked one mess and find them as good as ever tasted.

Simply Superb!

H. A. McGowan, Danville, Wash., Sept. 1, 1904, writes: — Gold Coin is simply superb. The best potatoes out of ten varieties that I tested this year. Every hill came up. In the growth plants came out of ground strong and robust. I could readily see they meant business as soon as above ground. In the hill the spuds touch each other, the ground is full all around the hill. Shall plant it next year sure.

The vines are strong, with exceptionally luxuriant deepgreen foliage, making a healthy growth when other varieties are cut down by blight. The tubers are all of good size and lie closely together in the hill. While the vigorous growth and great productiveness will commend the VERMONT GOLD COIN to all potato planters, the handsome appearance and superior quality are equally important.

In form the tubers are slightly oblong, rather broad and quite thick through; -see illustration at top of page. The eyes are small and there is but little waste

in paring. The skin is thin, smooth, and glossy, of a light golden tint, having just sufficient coloring to distinguish it from the white-skinned varieties. The flesh is fine grained, of a pure pearly whiteness, and cooks to a dry floury whiteness. Unlike most of the main-crop or late sorts, which need to be well dried out



before they will cook properly, these new VERMONT "GOLD COINS," even when freshly dug, cook dry and mealy. Its vigorous growth and great productiveness make it the most profitable variety for the planter, and its great solidity, smooth regular form, and unequaled table quality will make it the most popular and quickest selling on market. Per lb. 30 cts.; 3 lbs. for 80 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per peck (15 fbs.) 85 cts.; bushel (60 fbs.) \$3.00; per barrel (165 lbs. net) \$6.25; in lots of 5 barrels or more at \$6.00 per barrel.

Uncle Gideon's Quick Lunch, now first introduced by us, is the earliest of all extra Coin, originated with Gideon T. Safford,—"Uncle Gideon,"—of North Bennington, Vermont, and is the crowning effort of some sixty years' hard work on seed potatoes. See Uncle Gideon's photograph and opinion on page 22 of The Farm Annual, and for description of this earliest of all potatoes see page 62.



BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY POTATO .- from a bholograph

POTATO,—Burpee's Extra Early.

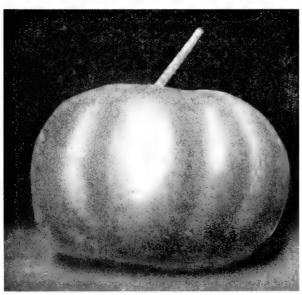
The finest in quality of all early potatoes, and the earliest variety of good size excepting only Uncle Gideon's Quick Lunch and Eureka Extra Early. We have tested it thoroughly for fourteen



years, and still find that it is generally as early as the very early small southern sorts under the same conditions while it produces larger and finer tubers. The potatoes are oblong in form, averaging three to four inches in length with pure white or very pale brownish skin, few eyes, and those quite shallow. The cooking quality of BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY is all that could be desired,—it being the very finest table variety that we have ever grown,—excepting only Burpee's Superior and the new Vermont Gold Coin. It ripens very evenly and the tops die down as soon as the crop is matured, so that the potatoes may be dug and the land planted with second crop for succession. Per lb. 25 cts.;

3 lbs. for 60 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per peck 65 cts.; ½ bushel \$1.00; per bushel of 60 pounds \$2.00; per barrel of 165 pounds \$4.50. Please order EARLY.

Two Good Potatoes to tie to are Burpee's Extra Early and Burpee's Great Divide; but as good as they are there are now two new varieties that in some respects are even better,—Vermont Gold Coin (see page 63), and Uncle Gideon's Quick Lunch (see page 62).



THE GENUINE MAMMOTH PUMPKIN.

875 Genuine Mammoth Pumpkin. O

Also called "King of the Mammoths" and New Mammoth "Jumbo" Pumpkin.

This is the very best genuine strain of the true Mammoth Pumpkin, which is offered under so many various names by different seedsmen. Fruits grow to enormous size, sometimes reaching two feet or more in diameter, and from one hundred to two hundred pounds or even more in weight. In 1884 our prize was won with one of 226 lbs. Salmon orange skin, very thick bright yellow flesh, which is fine grained, tender, and of excellent quality for pies. To raise the largest pumpkins vines should be allowed ample room in which to grow. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.

No For prices on all other Pumpkins see next page.

POTATOES.

In potatoes we handle only choice selected Northern stock of the varieties best suited for market and home use, which are put up in barrels containing 165 lbs. net, or two bushels and three pecks by measure. Orders for seed potatoes received during the winter months are placed on file in rotation as received and shipment is made by freight or express as early in the spring as we think they can be sent without danger of freezing while in transit. Orders shipped during as early in the spring as we think they can be sent without danger of treezing while in transit. Orders shipped during the cold winter months to Southern customers are entirely at purchaser's risk; but to many points in the south we can make early shipments by boat with comparatively little risk of freezing in transit. For the very earliest market we consider the BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY and the EXTRA EARLY FURFKA the most profitable market sorts. The former is oval in shape, of good size, matures very early and cooks dry and floury. The Eureka is thick, short and round in shape, of good size, and extremely early in light warm soil. It is an excellent shipper

and cooking solid is excellent for frying or for salads.

In a late or main crop sort, the new Vermont Gold Coin combines strong vigorous growth with the largest yield of finest cocking quality, and the tubers are of smooth handsome appearance and excellent keepers. Europe's Great Divide and Superior are large oblong varieties, with white skin, are strong vigoreus growers and very preductive on good soils. We also offer choice selected Northern grown seed of the standard market varieties, such as are generally planted

by farmers and planters who grow for market.

Please note that prices quoted in this catalogue are f.o.b. cars or boat in Philadelphia to be forwarded at purchasers expense for transportation. If you need several barrels of one or more varieties, kindly write us for special quotations.

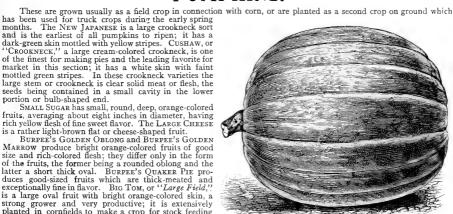
	Per lb.			
	by mail.	Peck.	Bushel.	Barrel.
Burpee's Empire State. Late; a heavy yielder,		\$0 60	\$1.75	\$3 85
Burpee's Extra Early. • The very best extra early potato,	25	65	2 00	4 50
Uncle Gideon's Quick Lunch. O See page 62,	85			
"Eureka" Extra Early. Round white tubers,	25	65	2 00	4 50
Burpee's Superior. Of superior quality; a long keeper,	25	60	1 75	3 85
Carman No. 1. A very large variety,	25	60	1 75	3 85
Beauty of Hebron. An old favorite,	25	60	1 75	3 85
Early Ohio. Very popular in some localities,	25	60	1 75	3 85
Early Rose. The standard early potato,	25	60	1 75	3 85
Vermont Gold Coin. The best for main-crop,	30	85	3 00	6 25
Burpee's Great Divide. O Longest keeping and best				
shipping,	25	65	2 00	4 50
Rural New Yorker, No. 2. Of distinct and handsome ap-				1
pearance,	25	60	1 75	3 85
State of Maine. A fine late variety,	25	60	1 75	3.85

PUMPKINS.

dark-green skin mottled with yellow stripes. CUSHAW, or "CROOKNECK," a large cream-colored crookneck, is one of the finest for making pies and the leading favorite for market in this section; it has a white skin with faint mottled green stripes. In these crookneck varieties the large stem or crookneck is clear solid meat or flesh, the seeds being contained in a small cavity in the lower

portion or bulb-shaped end. SMALL SUGAR has small, round, deep, orange-colored fruits, averaging about eight inches in diameter, having rich yellow flesh of fine sweet flavor. The LARGE CHEESE is a rather light-brown flat or cheese-shaped fruit.

BURPEE'S GOLDEN OBLONG and DUKKEE S OCCUR.
MARROW produce bright orange-colored fruits of good size and rich-colored flesh; they differ only in the form of the fruits, the former being a rounded oblong and the latter a short thick oval. BURPEE'S QUAKER Pte produces good-sized fruits which are thick-meated and Burpee's Golden Oblong and Burpee's Golden duces good-sized fruits which are thick-meated an exceptionally fine in flavor. Big Tom, or "Large Field," exceptionally fine in flavor. Big Tom, or "Large Field." is a large oval fruit with bright orange-colored skin, a strong grower and very productive; it is extensively planted in cornfields to make a crop for stock feeding in the fall and early winter. GENUINE MAMMOTH is the largest fruited variety.



"BIG TOM" PUMPKIN, -engraved from a photograph.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
861 Small Sugar. Small, orange-colored; sweet,	\$0 06	\$0 15	\$0 50
863 Big Tom, or Improved Large Field. O Best for feeding stock,		15	35
865 Large Cheese. Form flat, like a cheese,	6	15	50
867 Burpee's Golden Oblong. Small fruits; rich golden color;			
fine for pies,	6	20	55
868 New Golden Marrow. One of the best pie pumpkins,	7	20	70
869 Japanese. © Green-striped skin; rich orange flesh,	7	25	75
870 White Cushaw. Thick flesh of fine quality,	6	20	60
871 Burpee's Quaker Pie. O Of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
875 Genuine Mammoth, or True Potiron. O Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 40

Each of the above, except where priced, 5 cents per packet.

Radish as we have been. new MARKET GARDENERS will undoubtedly be as much delighted with this us find an appropriate name for it; also a worthy description?

A New "Rapid-Forcing" Round-Red Radish for 1906.

This distinct new Radish from two years' trials at FORDHOOK, we believe to be the quickestgrowing red radish in existence. But we want to have our opinion confirmed (or disproved:) by others and hence prior to its introduction offer a trial packet FREE, to all customers who



:

or to its introduction offer a trial packet FREE, to all customers ask for it in connection with an order for one dollar or more, which includes either Crimson Giant Globe, Burpee's Earliest, or Burpee's Hailstone. Shall we send You a packet FREE? There is none for sale! In connection with these advance trials we offer seventy-seven dollars (\$77,00) in cash prizes,—see particulars on the Spectal. CIRCULAR enclosed with each packet. Perhaps You can suggest an appropriate name or write the best describing and thus win a cash prize of twenty or best description and thus win a cash prize of twenty or

twenty-five dollars. Will you try?

Radish, — Crimson Giant Globe. O

A distinct novelty in extreme early or forcing radishes. Slightly oval or nearly globe shaped, the radishes are about two inches deep and fully an inch and a half in diameter. The skin is a clear bright crimson and the flesh crisp, mild, and of snowy whiteness. The foliage is comparatively small, so that they can be grown almost closely together. Most valuable for home use and market. Their bright color insures quick sale on market. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

Radish, -Burpee's Hailstone.

The quickest-growing Radish on record,—ready for the table in from fifteen to eighteen days. The radishes are regularly "turnip-shaped." They measure one inch in diameter and about half an inch in depth; snowy white with a short slender taproot. The flesh is solid, crisp, and mild in flavor. The foliage is extremely small. A matured radish will have only a few small leaves, not more than two inches in length.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

A root, full size, from a photograph of the new early CRIMSON GIANT GLOBE RADISH.

RADISH.

This is a leading market garden crop in all sections and seasons. The seed we offer in the different varieties has all been grown from very carefully selected roots, with the idea of producing the finest and most even market type. It should be especially borne in mind by the planter that these selected strains have a smaller amount of foliage and produce roots more even in size and maturity,—more richly and brightly colored than common stock which can be purchased at lower prices, but the product of which would not sell so readily nor command as high a price on the market. The features of small compact growth of foliage and early maturity are highly espential to a crop of Radishes where these are grown under glass during the winter months for market, which is now a most important feature in the operations of many market gardeners and florists in our Northern States. Such planters realize the great importance of securing their supply of seed in the finest selected strains and type.

RADISH,—Early Round or Turnip-Shaped Varieties.

These produce small round or turnip-shaped roots, having comparatively small foliage and crisp tender flesh of mild flavor; they are extremely popular during the winter and early spring months. By frequent repeated sowings they may be had in finest condition for market throughout the cool months. Burfer's Earliest, or "Scarlet Button," Early Round Dark Red, and Extra Early Scarlet Turnip are all extremely early sorts, with smooth round richly colored roots. Vick's Scarlet Globe is of an elongated turnip shape producing early extremely bright-scarlet medium-sized radishes of fine flavor; one of the most profitable market varieties. Burfer's Ruby-Pearl (Improved Scarlet Turnip White Tip) and Scarlet Turnip White Tip are similar in size and season, but are distinct and more showy in appearance by having a slender tapered root and a small circle at the base of the radish of a clear white, which contrasts finely with the bright scarlet coloring.

The new Burpee's White Hall-Stone is a very flat, extremely early "button" radish, clear white with very small foliage; it is earlier than Scarlet Button and other small forcing sorts and is splendidly adapted to plant under glass during the winter months to produce the small "cherry-stone" radishes for market. Early White Turnip is slightly larger in size and correspondingly later in developing. Philadelphia White Box is a popular variety for first plantings in the open ground or cold-frames for the earliest spring market, having oval-shaped or tapering white bulbs, one and a half inches in diameter;—it develops quickly under good cultivation and is esteemed as the earliest white radish of good size for the spring markets.

CRIMSON GIANT GLOBE is a new and distinct variety with globe-shaped roots. Skin is a bright crimson; flesh white, crisp, and mild. Stands for a long time before getting pithy.



BURPEE'S HAILSTONE RADISH

PIn lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.			
877 Burpee's EARLIEST, or Improved "Scarlet Button," O 80	06	30 18	80 55
879 Burpee's Hailstone. The quickest growing,	6	18	55
881 Early Round Dark Red. Very handsome; round, rich colored.	5	15	40
883 Vick's SCARLET GLOBE. O Intensely bright color,	6	18	50
885 Extra Early Scarlet Turnip. Standard small; round, red,	5	15	40
886 Crimson Giant Globe. O Largest early radish. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	90
887 Burpee's Golden Dresden. O Golden skin; crisp white flesh	5	15	45
889 New LEAFLESS. Bright red; leaves phenomenally short,	7	25	75
891 TRIUMPH. • White, marked with scarlet stripes,	7	25	75
895 Burpee's RUBY-PEARL. O Brightest red, tipped pure white.	6	18	50
893 SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIP. O (Rosy Gem),	5	15	40
897 Early White Turnip. Skin and flesh white; crisp and tender, .	5	15	40
899 Philadelphia White Box. O Similar to preceding, but larger,	5	15	45

Each variety except Crimson Giant Globe is 5 cents per packet.

RADISH,-Early Olive-Shaped Varieties.

Burpee's Earliest White is a straight slender olive-shaped radish, equally thick at the shoulder and at the blunt lower end. It is of very quick growth with small foliage and equally as early as Burpee's Scarlet Button; it is very desirable for growing under glass and is ready for pulling in from eighteen to twenty days from the time the seed is planted. Both flesh and skin are of the clearest paper whiteness, very brittle, tender, juicy and mild in flavor. Early White Olive Shape is similar but not quite so early in season and with more foliage. Earliest Carmine Olive Shape is of good size, finest quality and attractive in color.

FRENCH BREAKFAST is a straight slender oblong, thick or blunt-shaped at the bottom and a deep rose-pink in color with a large white tip; bright and attractive in color and delicate in flavor. New Bright Breakfast is identical with French Breakfast excepting the color, which is a rich bright scarlet. Burpee's Surprise is a larger oval-shaped variety with deep yellowish-brown skin, and is one of the finest bunching radishes to plant for early market in the open ground.

	In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
905	Burpee's New EARLIEST WHITE, O	80 06	80 18	\$0.55
907	French Breakfast. Red, tipped white; quick growing,	5	15	45
909	New Bright Breakfast. O Rich dark red, tipped white	6	18	50
911	Earliest Carmine, or "Red Rocket." Extra fine; bright,	6	2	50
913	Scarlet Olive-Shaped. Quite early; very crisp,	. 5		45
917	Early White Olive-Shaped. White skin; crisp white flesh,	5	15	45
915	Burpee's Surprise. O Brown skin; white flesh,	. 6	20	60

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.



RADISH,—Early Long Varieties.

Of these the Early Long Scarlet Short Top is the standard variety, producing long slender scarlet radishes which are clear white in the lower portion. These are known as "finger radishes" and are highly esteemed in the spring market. Wood's Early Frame is an extra early selection of the Long Scarlet, while Cincinnati Market is a strain especially selected for bright coloring and crispness of flesh. Half-Long Deep Scarlet, or "Paris Beauty," is next in season, which and not of as great a length, being more of an olive shape, from three to four inches long. It is a very bright

Trick scarlet, changing to a pure white in the lower portion.

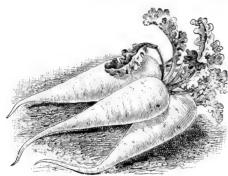
Long Cardinal, or "Brightest Scarlet," is larger and slightly later than the popular Early Long Scarlet; it is a rich bright scarlet in color with a distinct clear white tip. It is one of the showiest and finest long radishes to plant for

late spring and summer.

Long White Icicle is the earliest and finest of the long white or "finger" radishes, having comparatively small Long White Icicle is the earliest and finest of the long white or "finger" radishes, having comparatively small construction. foliage with smooth slender roots of a clear paper-whiteness, exceptionally brittle and tender fleshed. It is as early if not earlier than the Long Scarlet Short Top.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
928 Early Long Scarlet Short Top. • The most popular of all	\$0 05	\$0 12	\$0 35
930 Cincinnati Market. Fine strain of Long Scarlet; small tops,	5	15	45
932 Wood's Early Frame. Similar to Long Scarlet, but shorter,	5	15	40
934 Half-Long Deep Scarlet. The New Orleans favorite,	5	15	45
936 Long Cardinal, or Brightest Scarlet. Tipped with white,	5	15	40
938 New White "Icicle." © Finest early long white,	6	20	65
Each of the above. 5 cents per packet.			

RADISH.—Summer Varieties.



TE STRASBURG RADISH

These produce roots of much larger size than the earlier varieties, and although they require a longer time in which to mature, the radishes are crisp, mild in flavor and remain in fine condition for a long period. CHARTIERS, or "Shepherd," is the standard long variety for summer, growing to quite a large size, having roots o deep crimson or pinkish purple with long white tip. VIENNA is a finely selected long clear white radish and an extremely popular market type, especially with the Germans, who know them as "Beer Radishes." LARGE WHITE GLOBE is later and larger than the White Box and white Globe is later and larger than the while box and more nearly round in shape; it is very fine for bunching from the open ground. Golden Globe is similar to the Large White Globe, but has a skin of a rich golden yellow hue. White Strasburg is a strong-growing late variety with crisp hard fiesh; plants have ample foliage and produce oval-shaped radishes of large size. Giant White Chuttard is a very late variety of strong growth heavy Stuttgart is a very late variety of strong growth, heavy foliage and quite large turnip-shaped roots. The flesh is hard, crisp, and quite pungent in flavor, somewhat resembling that of the winter radishes.

Fin lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per tb.
951 Chartiers, or Shepherd. O Long; crimson, tipped with white,	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 45
953 Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger Radish. © Excellent,		15	40
955 Large White Globe. A favorite summer variety,	5	15	45
957 Golden Globe. Yellow skin, white flesh; for summer use,	5	15	40
959 White Strasburg. ⊙ A fine solid summer radish of large size, *	5	15	40
961 Giant White Stuttgart. An immense white summer radish,	5	15	40
Fach of the above, 5 cents per packet.			

954 New Radish,—"White Delicious." o A most excellent new variety, both for market and family use; -of good size, handsome appearance, and particularly crisp mild flavor. It is a finer radish for summer use than the White Vienna. The roots are thicker in diameter, and have more solid flesh. It does not grow so quickly, but will stand longer in good condition, and makes a better shipping variety after the warm weather sets in. The roots are of a pure-paper whiteness, half long in form, gradually tapering at the lower end. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.;

1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 85 cts. per lb.

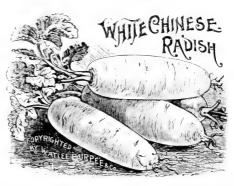
RADISH,—Winter Varieties.

These are of two distinct types: those which have the very hard, firm but fine-grained flesh of the European type, which can be kept in good condition throughout the winter, and the larger Chinese type, which are of very large size and have white flesh which is tender, crisp, and extremely juicy. Of the latter the WHITE CHINESE ("Celestial") is the largest and best known, producing

large size and have white flesh which is tender, crisp, and extremely juicy. Of the latter the WHITE CHINESE ("Celestial") is the largest and best known, producing very large roots which are oval in form and clear white in color. These do not succeed from spring sowing, but make fine large radishes from seed planted the last of July or during the month of August to come on for market during the cool fall months.

BURPEE'S OSAKA is similar to the preceding, but the roots are more slender and oval in form. CALIFORNIA MAMMOTH WHITE WINTER has flesh of a firmer texture and better keeping qualities than the White Chinese. CHINESE ROSE, or "Scarlet China," makes a radish of large size, but considerably smaller than the New White Chinese or "Celestial." The skin is a bright scarlet throughout and the flesh is pure white, crisp, hard, more pungent in flavor and of better keeping quality.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH and Long Black Spanish are European varieties of very hard but crisp pungent flesh. The flesh is pure white; the skin is a dark brownish gray or almost black on the outside. Long White Spanish is similar to the Long Black Spanish, differing only in the lighter coloring of the skin.



In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
963 New White Chinese. Best for autumn; extra large,	\$0 06	\$0.18	\$0 50
965 California Mammoth White Winter. Long; of immense size,	5	15	45
967 Chinese Rose, or Scarlet China. © Excellent; good keeper,	- 5	15	45
969 Round Scarlet China. Extra fine round roots for winter,	5	15	50
977 Burpee's Osaka. Mammoth half-long white, from Japan,	5	15	50
971 Long Black Spanish. Black skin; white flesh,	5	15	45
973 Long White Spanish. White skin and flesh; keeps well,	5	15	40
975 Round Black Spanish. The favorite winter Rettig of Germany,	5	15	: 40
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.			

RHUBARB, or Pie Plant.

Fine roots or clumps of Rhubarb can be grown easily from seed in a single season, making a very cheap way to secure a stock for plants for setting out a permanent bed. The stalks from these plants make one of the most profitable and salable market products in the early spring.

		Per	pkt.	Pe	r oz.	3/4	ib.	Per	ħ.
	The most popular,	\$0	05	\$0	10	\$0	30	\$1	00
Victoria Rhubarh	Roots, Per dozen, \$1.00.								



VICTORIA SPINACH from a photograph.

SPINACH.

The hardiest sorts, such as are planted in the fall for winter and earliest spring, run to seed quickly on the approach hot weather and do not develop nearly so much foliage as the larger and later improved types, which make a greater amount of leaves to the plant and which stand much longer before running to seed after the weather becomes warm. For fall planting the chief variety used is the Norlolk Savoy-Leaved, or "Bloomsdale," but for a late planting or very cool locations the Prickly or Winter is an excellent variety.

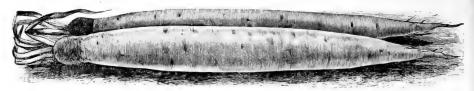
For the earliest spring planting the Norjolk Savoy-Leaved may be used, but we think it much more satisfactory to use one of the long-standing varieties, such as the Thick-Leaved Round, Long-Standing or Long-Standing Prickly. The New Victorata is the strongest growing of any of the spring or summer varieties, and will produce the largest amount of leaves and stand equally as long as any of the

others before running to seed.

The New Zealand is a distinct type—(Tetragonia expansa)—the plants growing in branching form and are well furnished with thick succulent leaves. The leaves and stems can be gathered for use or market at any time after they are well grown and the plants will start out into new growth, the same plants affording a succession of crops throughout the summer.

	Write for Special Prices on large quantities.	Per o	z,	1/4 H	٥.	Per lb.	5 lbs. ormore, per lb.
991	Victoria. O Long-standing; broad, thick leaves,	\$0 0	5	\$0 1	0	\$0 22	\$0 20
	Thick-Leaved Round. Not equal to Victoria,		5	1	0	22	20
995	New Long-Standing, or Enkhuizen. For spring,		5	1	0	22	20
997	Long-Standing Prickly. For late spring sowing,		5	1	0	22	20
999	Norfolk Savoy-Leaved, or Bloomsdale,		5	1	0	25	22
1001	Prickly, or Winter. For fall sowing,		5	1	_	22	20
1005	New Zealand (Tetragonia expansa). For summer use,.	7	7	2	5	70	

Each variety named above, 5 cents per packet.



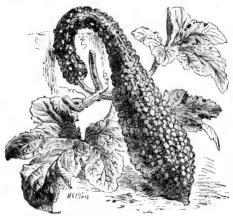
SALSIFY, or Vegetable Oyster.

Largely grown for the fine flavor of the roots. Seed should be sown early in the spring in deep, rich soil, in drills fifteen inches apart; cultivate frequently, keeping the soil constantly loose and fine.

Re Each 5 cents per packet.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per tb.
981 Long White. The popular standard "White French" variety	\$0 07	\$0 20	\$0 75
983 Sandwich Island Mammoth. • The largest. (See illustration),	10	30	1 00

SORREL.

		Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
987 Broad-Leaved French.	The best variety,	. \$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00



SQUASHES.

Among the early or summer sorts the Early White and Yellow Bush and their improved forms, Mammoth White Bush and Mammoth Yellow Bush, are the type known as "Patty Pan" or "Cymlings"; they are very largely grown in the South and also in this section for the summer markets. Farther north the Warted Crookneck is the main type for summer plantings.

In Burpee's Fordhook Squash we have both the

bush and running types of growth, and where the squashes are grown for winter use we consider the running variety the most satisfactory, being more productive. Delicata is similar in size to the running Fordhook, but has creamywhite fruits striped with dark green.

In the large-fruited winter squashes the Boston Mar-ROW and HUBBARD are the leading types. The Boston Mar-row has an oval fruit, pointed at both ends, with smooth deep orange-colored skin. The HUBBARD is a very large oval dark green-skinned variety. The WARTED HUBBARD is a selection having slightly larger fruits with darker color and thickly warted skin. Golden Hubbard has the appearance of the original Hubbard, but is of a rich reddish-orange shade. ESSEX HYBRID has a broad round orange fruit, slightly

GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK SQUASH.

GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK SQUASH.

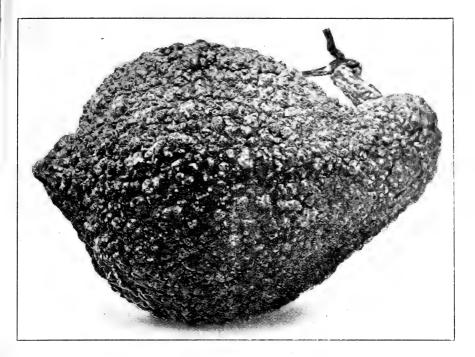
Somewhat similar to the Golden Bronze, but does not grow quite so large, is lighter in color and somewhat more produc-

tive. Mammoth Chill is a very large-fruited variety with smooth reddish-orange skin marked with broad bands of faint creamy-white stripes. Mammoth Whale is a very large dark-green squash of peculiar form.

Fig. In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 tb.	Per tb.
1010 Early White Bush, Scalloped. (White "Patty Pan"),	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 60
1012 Mammoth White Bush, Scalloped. O Similar but larger,	7	20	65
1014 Early Yellow Bush, Scalloped. Deep-orange color,	6	20	60
1016 Mammoth Yellow Bush. Same as preceding, but larger,	7	20	70
1018 Golden Summer Crookneck. Favorite small crook-necked,	6	20	60
1020 Giant Summer Crookneck. © Eighteen inches long,	10	25	85
1032 Fordhook. ⊙ Superb for all-the-year-round,	10	25	90
1034 Bush Fordhook. O Of bushy growth,	10	30	1 00
1036 Boston Marrow. O A bright orange squash for autumn,	7	20	65
1038 Hubbard. The well-known and most popular winter squash,		20	75
1040 Chicago Warted Hubbard. "An ideal Hubbard,"	7	22	80
1042 Red, or Golden Hubbard. O Orange-red skin,	10	30	1 00
1044 Essex Hybrid. A good squash for fall and winter use,	7	22	80
1048 Livingston's Pie Squash, or Winter Luxury Pumpkin, O		20	70
1050 Gregory's Golden Bronze. Bronze-green skin,	10	30	1 00
1052 Gregory's Delicious. O A new variety. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
1053 Pike's Peak. Oval fruits; dark olive-green,	10	30	1 00
1054 Delicata. A small-fruited variety,	6	20	65
1056 Mammoth Chili. Extra large-fruited. Pkt. 10 cts.,	16	50	1 00
1058 Mammoth Whale. ⊙ "Jumbo" of the Squash family. Pkt. 10 cts.,	12	35	1 30
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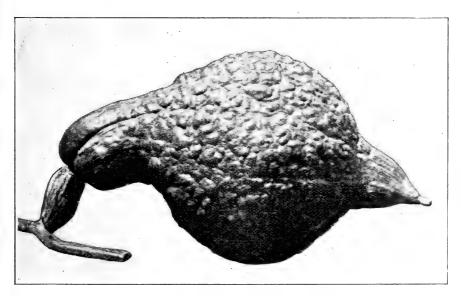
Except where priced, all are 5 cents per packet.

• Please bear in mind • that a bull's-eye [•] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types. •



THE TRUE HUBBARD SQUASH,—from a photograph of a specimen from our Trial Grounds in Southern New Jersey which weighed just Twenty Pounds.

1038 True Hubbard Squash. This is the well-known winter squash, now grown so largely throughout the country. Vines of strong running growth; fruits large olive shape, with dark green skin and very rich flesh. An excellent keeper and of splendid quality. Our strain is extra fine. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 2 ozs. 13 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.; in lots of 5 lbs., at 70 cts. per lb.



RED OR GOLDEN HUBBARD SQUASH, -from a photograph.

1042 Red or Golden Hubbard Squash. The heavily warted skin is of a rich orange-yellow, turning to deep salmon-red when ripened. It is equally as productive and fine in quality as the original Hubbard Squash. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

TOMATOES.

We recommend Sparks' Earliana for warm light sandy soils, and Chalk's Early Jewel for cooler locations and heavier soil. For the New England States, FORDHOOK FIRST is a most satisfactory early market sort, while for the extreme North and cooler sections one of the erect bush varieties with heavy potato-like foliage would give the best results, and for heavier soil. For the New Engagne States have the New Engagne States have to a location we would great the North and cooler sections one of the erect bush varieties with heavy potato-like longe would great in certain such a location we would recommend Burpee's Quarter-Century. Other special varieties are popular in certain such a localities, and of these, such as the Allantic Prize, Nolle's Earliest, etc., we offer choice carefully selected strains.

Magnificent.

**Racket Burpee's Climax, and Livinoston's Beauty are smooth-fruited, round, purplish-pink sorts of medium size.

**Trucket's Favorite is the largest smooth purple and the purple strains of the purple strains and the purple strains.

In the scarlet-fruited sorts, BURPEE'S NOBLE,

Perfection, Favorite, Paragon, and Stone are standard varieties, producing large crops of fine, smooth, bright-red fruits. Success is a new variety of handsome color, even size, and great solidity. TROPHY is an old-time

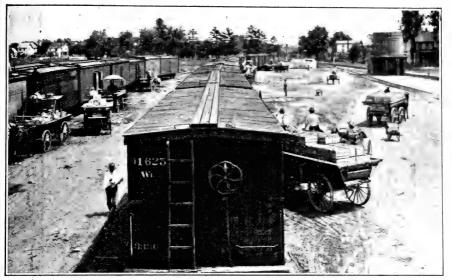
BURPEE'S MATCHLESS is our finest and best scarlet variety either for market or canning purposes. Magnificent is a new scarlet-fruited variety of great promise. In the bush or so-called "tree" va-

rieties, which are of stiffly erect growth and close heavy potato-leaved foliage, Fordhook Fancy is the most distinct, erect, and the earliest to ripen, but the fruits are too small in size for a market crop. DWARF CHAMPION is the original crop. DWARF CHAMPION is the original variety in this type and produces a large crop of purplish-red or deep pink fruits. BURPEE'S QUARTER-CENTURY is of the same type as the Champion, but more dwarf and compact with bright red fruits of good size. DWARF STONE is also of this of good size. DWARF STONE is also of this type, but is later in season and produces

the largest fruits of any dwarf variety.
PONDEROSA and TURNER HYBRID
("Mikado") are very large-fruited sorts of

There is slight call for a yellow tomato in the market, but the best of these are the GOLDEN QUEEN,

of running growth, and Burpee's Golden Dwarf Champion, which is of the erect or "bush" growth.						
In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 10 cents per pound.	Per oz.	½ tb.	Per tb.			
1062 Atlantic Prize. Small, irregular bright red; extremely early,		\$0 55	\$1 85			
1064 Nolte's Earliest. Similar but not equal to Sparks' Earliana,	20	60	2 00			
1100 Sparks' Earliana. Finest selected strain. Pkt. 10 cts.,	40	1 35	5 00			
1104 Sparks' Earliana. Western-grown. Pkt. 10 cts.,	30	85	3 00			
1099 Chalk's Early Jewel. Seed grown by CHALK. Pkt. 15 cts., .	75	2 50	8 50			
1101 Chalk's Early Jewel. Seed grown at Fordhook. Pkt. 10 cts.,	50	1 75	6 50			
1103 Chalk's Early Jewel. A fine strain. Pkt. 10 cts.,	40	1 25	4 50			
1066 Acme. The well-known standard bright pink tomato,	15	50	1 75			
1102 Fordhook First. © Best early purple tomato. Pkt. 10 cts.,	25	85	3 00			
1068 Burpee's Climax. Solid, smooth, deep purple; quite early,	18	60	2 00			
1070 Livingston's Beauty. Large, solid, smooth; purplish pink,	18	60	2 00			
1072 Paragon. The well-known standard bright red tomato,	15	50	1 75			
1074 Stone. O Large, smooth, solid, scarlet; highly recommended,	15	50	1 75			
1076 Livingston's Perfection. Identical with Paragon,	15	50	1 75			
1078 Livingston's Favorite. Bright red, smooth; of good size,	15	50	1 75			
1080 Livingston's Magnus. Large, purple; potato-leaf foliage, '	20	60	2 00			
1082 Turner Hybrid, or Mikado. O Large, purple; potate leaf,	20	60	2 25			
1084 Imperial. Purple-fruited early; not equal to Fordhook First,	20	60	2 00			
1086 Burpee's Noble. • An improved larger "Best of All,"	20	60	2 25			
1088 Enormous. Extra large, solid, bright red; rather shy bearer,	20	60	2 25			
1090 Honor Bright. First white, then brilliant scarlet,	18	60	2 00			
1092 Dwarf Aristocrat. Upright growth; bright red fruits,	20	60	2 00			
1093 Dwarf Stone. Best dwarf or bush tomato. Pkt. 10 cts.,	40	1 10	4 00			
1094 Dwarf Champion. Deep purplish red; most popular dwarf,	20	60	2 00			
1096 Fordhook Fancy. Hardy, dwarf; deep purplish red,	20	60	2 25			
1098 Trophy. Large, solid, and generally smooth; selected strain, .	20	60	2 00			
1105 "Success." Bright scarlet, second early. Pkt. 10 cts.,	20	60	$\begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$			
1106 Burpee's Combination. A productive variety. Pkt. 10 cts.,	$\frac{20}{30}$	70 90	2 50 3 40			
1108 Burpee's Matchless. Grown at Fordhook. Pkt. 10 cts., .	25	70	2 60			
1109 Burpee's Matchless. From selected stock-seed. Pkt. 10 cts.,	30	85	3 00			
1110 Magnificent. O New main-crop scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.,	40	1 25	4 50			
1113 Trucker's Favorite. A first-class strain. Pkt. 10 cts.,	30	85	3 00			
1114 Ponderosa. Largest of all; deep purple. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	30	1 00	3 50			
1116 Burpee's Quarter-Century. © Fordhook grown. Pkt. 10 cts.,	40	1 10	4 00			
1118 Burpee's Quarter-Century. Michigan grown. Pkt. 10 cts.,	30	85	3 00			
1136 Golden Queen. A first-class large, smooth, pure yellow tomato,		60	2 00			
1138 Golden Dwarf Champion. Best yellow, of upright growth,		65	2 40			



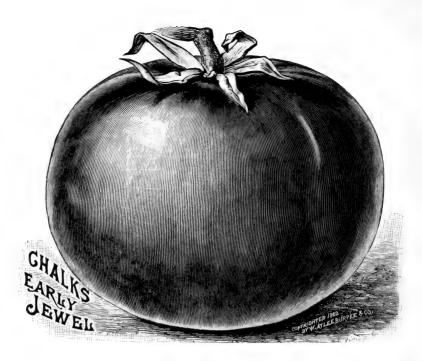
SHIPPING SPARKS' EARLIANA TOMATOES,—(thirty carloads in one day!)—from Swedesboro, N. J.

From a photograph taken by us on July 20, 1904. For On this day we counted on the tracks eighteen box cars and twelve refrigerator cars,—all loaded with Sparks' Earliana Tomatoes! On the preceding day (July 19) there were shipped from this station thirty-six cars, all fully loaded with this same single variety of Tomatoes! Just think of one day's shipment of 22,600 crates, and you will have some idea of the "money-making" qualities of Sparks' Earliana!



1104 Sparks' Earliana. For Western-Grown Seed from our own stock seed,—and really first-class, being quite equal to the seed generally used.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 14 lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00; 5 lbs. or more at \$2.75 per lb.



New Tomato,—Chalk's Early Jewel.

See Impartial Testimonials on Page 12 of THE FARM ANNUAL.

The largest, smoothest, and finest flavored extra-early Tomato in cultivation! Within a week to ten days as early as the famous *Sparks' Earliana*, it is even a heavier cropper, with tomatoes of larger size and sweeter flavor, while its more robust growth makes it a surer cropper in the warm Southern States. The foliage does not blight when the sun shines hotly after a heavy rain, as is sometimes the case with *Earliana* on the Delaware Peninsula and farther south.

Chalk's Early Jewel. Originated within twenty miles of FORDHOOK FARMS by our friend, Mr. James Chalk, of Montgomery County, who has continued for seventeen years his selection to establish hardiness and extreme earliness. Of compact growth, the plants are fairly loaded with fruit,—both early and throughout the season. The tomatoes are uniformly of good size,—seventy-five will fill a five-eighths bushel basket.

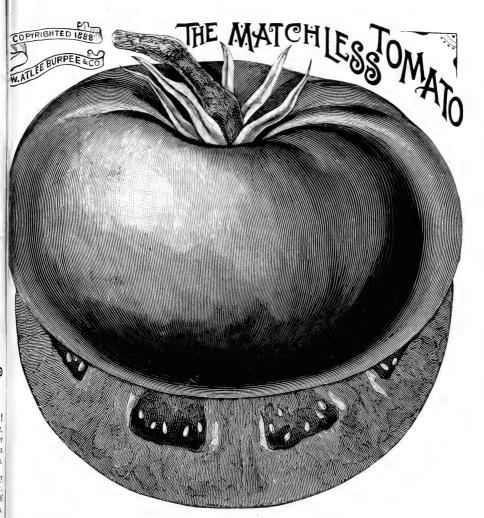
The large handsome fruits are very solid and deep through, being almost round or ball-shaped. An average specimen, as shown in our illustration at top of page, will measure three and a half inches across by nearly three inches in depth from stem to blossom end. Color brightest scarlet, ripening right up to the stem without any cracks or green core. The foliage is rather open, admitting the sunlight to the center of each plant, so that all the fruits are thoroughly ripened; but the leaves are dark green and not inclined to curl as in most other extreme-early varieties. The thick flesh is bright scarlet, very solid, with comparatively few seeds, and of fine sweet flavor; skin thin but sufficiently strong to make it a good shipper.

The past season (1904) Mr. Chalk made his first picking on June 29th, and had control of his local market (Norristown, Pa.) for nearly two weeks; selling the earliest fruits at 10 cts. each and a few days later at three and four for 25 cts. Mr. Chalk's crop this season was unusually fine, and many single tomatoes weighed a pound or more. We have the entire crop of seed saved by Mr. Chalk this season, and also our own growing from two large fields grown at FORDHOOK FARMS,—so that we hope to be able to supply all demands for the genuine stock of CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL,—"the most profitable large early tomato yet produced."

1099 Seed Grown by Chalk can be had only direct from us in our sealed packages. MR. JAMES CHALK, the originator, does not supply a single ounce of his seed to any other seedsman! Per pkt.15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; 1/2 oz. 40 cts.; per oz. 75 cts.; 2 ozs. for \$1.35; 1/4 lb. \$2.50; 1/2 lb. \$4.25; per lb. \$8.50.

1101 Seed Grown at Fordhook from James Chalk's stock seed and carefully selected by ourselves. This also can be had only in our sealed packages, and, in our opinion, is nearly equal to that of Mr. Chalk's own growing! Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 20 cts.; 1/2 oz. 30 cts.; per oz. 50 cts.; 2 ozs. for \$1.00; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; 1/2 lb. \$3.25; per lb. \$6.50.

thalk's Jewel Seed produced on contract by our private growers in Pennsylvania and whose seed, while strictly first-class, we do not consider quite equal to either Mr. Chalk's seed or our own growing. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ 0z. 22 cts.; 0z. 40 cts.; 2 0zs. 70 cts.; ¼ 1b. \$1.25; per lb. \$4.50.



1108 BURPEE'S MATCHLESS TOMATOO

The best large-fruited bright red Tomato. The Matchless is well worthy of its name; in beauty of coloring and symmetry of form it is indeed without a peer. The vines are of strong vigorous growth, well set with fruit. The engraving accurately shows the form and also the remarkable solidity of a section. The fruits are entirely free from core, of a rich cardinal-red color, and are not liable to crack from wet weather. They are of the largest size, and the size is maintained throughout the season, the healthy growth of foliage continuing until killed by frost. The flesh is so firm that ripe specimens picked from the vine will keep in good marketable condition for two weeks. For selected seed of our own growing at Fordhook Farms we charge: Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 18 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. 90 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.70; per lb. \$3.40. In lots of 5 lbs. or more at \$3.25 per lb.

1109 Matchless Grown in Ohio and Michigan. This seed, which is also first-class (or we would not handle it), we offer at the following prices: Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ 0z. 15 cts.; per 0z. 25 cts.; 2 0zs. 40 cts.; ¼ 1b. 70 cts.; per 1b. \$2.60. In lots of 5 lbs. or more at \$2.50 per lb.

Trucker's Favorite. The finest large-fruited purple Tomato. Most regular in form and size, thick-meated and very solid, this is one of the largest smooth tomatoes grown. Of a beautiful purplish-red color, well ripened throughout, the smooth fleshy fruits always bring the highest prices on our Philadelphia markets, where their have flavor is specially esteemed. The vines are of strong healthy growth, not subject to rust or blight, and produce enormous crops until killed by frost. The fruits continue of large size to the very last and are always unexcelled for slicing or cooking.

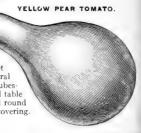
1112 Fordhook-Grown. Unfortunately our crop was extremely short the past season. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 22 cts.; per oz. 40 cts.; 2 ozs. 70 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.25; per lb. \$4.50.

1113 First-Class Seed grown in Pennsylvania and New Jersey: Per pkt, 10 cts.; ½ oz. 16 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

TOMATOES.—Small-Fruited Varieties.

These are quite largely used in certain sections for making preserves, fancy pickles, etc., and different shapes, colors, and sizes are desired in different markets. The YELLOW PEAR and YELLOW PLUM, which differ only in outline, are those most largely grown for market. RED PEAR-SHAPED is similar to Yellow Pear, excepting in color. The small fruits grow in clusters and have a very distinct neck at the stem end. The Red and Yellow Cherry Tomatoes have small round fruits about half an inch in diameter and are used for pickling.

BURBANK PRESERVING is of stiff erect growth, with small heavy leaves, and produces long clusters of very small round bright-scarlet fruits of a rich sweet flavor. The Peach Tomato, as its name denotes, has fruits the size and general appearance of a peach, the skin being thin and tender and covered with a soft pubes cence resembling the fuzz of a peach in texture. These are used as an ornamental table fruit for eating raw. Strawberry, or "Husk Tomato" (Alkekengi), is a small round yellow fruit about half an inch in diameter, enclosed in a thin husk or outer covering. These are very rich and sweet and largely used in making preserves.



		1/4 lb.	
1137 Yellow Plum. Skin and flesh deep yellow,	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
1139 Pear-Shaped, Yellow. True pear-shaped	20	60	2 00
1141 The Peach. Resembles the peach in form,	15		1 75
1143 Burbank Preserving. Small, round fruits. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	25	75	2 50
1145 Yellow Cherry. Small, round, yellow fruits	20	60	2 00
1147 Red Cherry. Little round fruits in clusters,	20	60	2 00
1149 Pear-Shaped, Red. O True pear-shaped,	20	60	2 00 -
1151 Strawberry, or Winter Cherry (Husk Tomato). Fine for pre-			
serves,		60	2 25

Except Burbank Preserving, each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

TURNIPS.—Garden Varieties.

In the warmer States the quick-growing early varieties of turnips are the most popular, while in the cooler Northern In the warmer States the quick-growing early varieties of turnips are the most popular, while in the cooler Avolution. States the varieties which have harder firm-grained flesh and the Ruta Bagas are the ones generally planted for market. The word "turnip" should not confuse the planter, as in the Northern States it is applied both to the quick-growing the planter of the planter

early varieties and to the large late winter sorts, as well as to Ruta Bagas. Ruta Bagas, however, require a longer season in which to grow and develop, and should be planted at least six weeks earlier in the summer than it is necessary to plant to secure a crop

of quick growing turnips.

In the early turnips, the Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved and Early Red or Purple-Top Strap-Leaved are the best known. These, however, are surpassed in earliness by the Extra Early Purple Top Milan and Extra Early White Milan, which are similar except in extreme earliness. They are not good keepers, however, and valuable only for early use. Scarlet Kashmyre, or Cardinal, is a very early flat variety of exceptionally bright deep color. Petrowski is very quick growing; deep orange skin, unusually sweet; rich yellow flesh of finest quality.

of the preceding have the distinctly flat root.

RED TOP WHITE GLOBE is a large round variety of very quick growth and most popular either for market or field crop for early feeding. WHITE GLOBE STRAP-LEAVED and WHITE EGG are excellent table sorts, of a clear white coloring and producing smooth roots of large size. POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE, AMBER GLOBE, and WHITE GLOBE AND ADDITION TO BE ADDITIONAL OF THE COLOR OF THE ADDITIONAL YELLOW ABERDEEN are large-gize. FOMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE, AMBER GLOBE, and YELLOW ABERDEEN are large-growing late varieties, with flesh of crisp hard texture, which are planted both for market purposes and stock feeding in the Northern States. The Sweet German, or Long White French, is properly a ruta baga and needs early planting, but is commonly known as a turnip in most sections. Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly, is a medium-sized round turnip, with deep yellow skin and flosh;—firm and hard grained of fine flavor and excellent keeping qualities.

—firm and hard grained, of fine flavor and excellent keeping qualities.

Long White, or "Cowhorn," is slender and penetrates the soil quite deeply. EARLY RED OR PURPLE-TOP STRAP-LEAVED TURNIP.

is planted usually either for stock feeding to grow as a green crop to turn under to enrich the soil. The Seven-Top Turnip is a hardy variety planted in the South to produce leaves for boiling greens or to provide pasture for stock; it does not make any roots.



In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. O	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
1155 Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved. • Popular early,	\$0 05	\$0 12	\$0 35
1157 Early Red, or Purple-Top Strap-Leaved. Standard early,.	5	12	35
1165 Scarlet Kashmyr, or Cardinal. © Extra early,	5	12	35
1161 Extra Early Purple-Top Milan. • The earliest in cultivation,	5	15	45
1159 Extra Early White Milan. The earliest flat white,		20	70
1163 Red-Top White Globe. • A fine globe-shaped table turnip,	5	15	40
1167 White Globe Strap-Leaved. White globe-shaped; early,	5	12	35
1169 White Egg. • Of handsome oval form, with thin white skin,.	5	15	45
1171 Sweet German, or Long White French. Flesh hard; crisp,		12	35
1173 Long White, or Cowhorn. Pure white, except at top,	5	15	40
1175 Pomeranian White Globe. Both for feeding and table; large,		. 12	35
1185 Petrowski. ⊙ Extra early, flat; sweetest yellow,	6	17	50
1179 Large Yellow, or Amber Globe. • Fine for table and feeding,	5	15	40
1181 Yellow Aberdeen. For both table and stock feeding,	5	12	35
1183 Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly. Very tender and of fine flavor,		12	40
1177 Seven-Top. Favorite in the South for forage,	5	12	35

RUTA BAGAS,—Swedish or Russian Turnips.

These are very hardy and produce large smooth bulbs, having crisp hard fine-grained flesh. The smaller sized bulbs are quite extensively used in the markets of the Northern States during the winter months, and this crop is grown also in many sections on an extended scale to furnish green food for stock and cattle during the winter months. The foliage is distinct from that of the earlier turnips, in having long deeply-lobed leaves of a smooth surface and cabbage-like appearance, as distinct from the rough hairy leaves of deep green coloring of the turnips. In the table varieties we offer a new and very distinct ruta baga which is of early maturity and of as quick growth as the turnip. This is the New Neckless. The roots grow three to four inches in diameter, are smoothly round and have no neck the stranged foliage starting from a central crown at the top of the bulb in the same roanger as in the

In the table varieties we ofter a new and very distinct ruta baga which is of early maturity and of as quick growth as the turnip. This is the New Neckless. The roots grow three to four inches in diameter, are smoothly round and have no neck, the strap-leaf foliage starting from a central crown at the top of the bulb in the same manner as in the early strap-leaved turnips. Burpee's Breadstone is an improved smooth white-fleshed ruta baga of the finest table quality. Burpee's Improved, Purple-Top Yellow grows to a large size and has rich golden-yellow flesh of fine quality. These are all excellent table or market varieties. Monarch, Imperial Hardy and Large White are stronggrowing productive varieties, which are planted to produce a large crop of roots for stock-feeding purposes.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
1189 Burpee's Breadstone. O Of finest table quality,	\$0.06	\$0.20	\$0.60
1191 Burpee's Improved Purple-Top Yellow. O A superb strain,		15	40
1193 Monarch, or New Elephant. Of oblong form; yellow flesh,		12	35
1194 New Neckless. O Extra fine, early globe-shaped; yellow flesh,	6	16	45
1195 Imperial Hardy. Smooth round roots; yellow flesh,	5	12	35
1197 Large White. Large size, white skin; nutritious and sweet,	5	12	35
ome in the second of the secon			

Each variety, 5 cents per packet.

HERBS.

The planting of herbs as market garden crops varies to a considerable extent as to the varieties grown in different The planting of herbs as market garden crops varies to a considerable extent as to the varieties grown in different sections. Those which are grown for the seed, such as Dill, Caraway and Coriander, are most extensively planted in the cooler Northern States for markets frequented by Germans, who make the most liberal use of all the seasoning herbs. Sage, Winter Savory and Thyma are planted in large areas in certain sections. The tender leaves and stems are cut and dried during the summer and sold in quantity to the butchers and packing houses who make use of them during the winter for flavoring sausage, potted meats, etc. The most general cultivation of herbs, however, is for small plantings or beds of the most popular varieties to be sold green or dried in small bunches of a single variety or combined with young Leeks, Parsnips, Carrots, small Onions and Parsley in what are known as "Bouquets of Pot Herbs"; these are sold either on the market stall of the grower, or at wholesale to the green grocers; and while sold for a small amount, the demand is quite constant and will yield a very considerable return in the aggregate as well as frequently helping the sale of other garden products. garden products.

OUR SPECIAL LEAFLET, giving full directions for growing the different varieties of herbs, curing them and their uses, will be sent free to all customers who ask for it in their orders.

	The state of the s			
		Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.
1304	Anise (Pimpinella anisum),	\$0 05	\$0 07	\$0 20
1306	Balm (Melissa officinalis)	5	20	60
1307	Basil Sweet (Ocymum basilicum),	5	10	35
1309	Bene (Sesamum orientale),	5	10	35
1311	Borage (Borago officinalis), Per lb. \$1.00,	5	10	30
1313	Caraway (Carum carui)	5	7	20
1315	Catnip, or Catmint (Nepeta cataria),	10	25	75
1317	Coriander (Coriandrum sativum). Per lb. 55 cts.,	5	6	17
1319	Dill (Anethum graveolens). Per lb. 40 cts.,	- 5	5	15
1321	Fennel, Sweet (Anethum faniculum),	5	7	20
1323	Horehound (Marrubium vulgare),	5	15	50
1325	Lavender (Lavendula spica). The variety generally sold,	5	10	30
1326	Lavender (Lavendula vera). The true Lavender,	10	28	85
1327	Marjoram, Sweet (Origanum marjoram). Per lb. \$1.00,	5	10	30
1329	Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis),	5	20	75
1331	Rue (Ruta graveolens),	5	10	30
1333	Sage (Salvia officinalis). Per lb. \$1.75,	5	15	50
1335	Summer Savory (Satureia hortensis)	5	7	20
1337	Winter Savory (Satureia montana),	5	15	50
1338	Tansy (Tanacetum vulgare),	5	25	90
1341	Thyme (Thymus vulgaris),	10	15	50
1343	Wormwood (Artemisia absinthium),	5	15	45

TOBACCO.

		Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
1345	Connecticut Seed Leaf. Old and well known,	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 60
1347	Lancaster County Broad Leaf,	5	15	50	1 60
1349	Havana (one year from imported seed),	10	28	1 00	3 75
1351	Bonanza. Very superior,	10	18	60	2 00
1353	General Grant. Matures even in Minnesota,	10	30	1 00	3 50
1355	Sterling. One of the earliest to ripen,	10	18	50	1 75
1357	Improved White Burley. The Western favorite,	10	25	85	3 00
1359	Improved Long Leaf Gooch. Very long leaves,	10	18	60	2 00
1361	Improved Yellow Oronoko. Bright manufacturing leaf,	10	18	60	2 00
1363	Sweet Oronoko. A favorite variety for fillers,	10	18	60	2 00

BURPEE'S SELECTED FARM SEEDS.

Our Farm Seeds are uniformly of the very best grade. They have been grown especially for seed, carefully selected and thoroughly cleaned. The prices quoted include bags and delivery to any freight depot, express, or vessel in Philadelphia.

			Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per tb.	10 fbs.
Teosinte (Euchlæna luxurians),		\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$5 50
Dwarf Essex Rape. (Per 100 fbs. \$7.00),		10			10	75
Australian Salt Bush,		10	12	30	1 00	9 00
Giant Beggar Weed,		5	7	15	40	3 50
Kaffir Corn,		10			10	65
Vicia Villosa, or Hairy Vetch (\$5.25 per bushel of 60		10			10	90
	/ /					
			4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.	2 Bush.
Broom Corn, Improved Evergreen,		15	40	75	2 85	5 50
Mammoth Russian Sunflower,		15	40	65	2 00	3 50
Spanish Peanuts,		15	40	65	2 25	
New Mammoth Peanut. (Per pkt. 15 cts.),		35	1 10	2 00		
Chufas,		20	75	1 25	4 75	
Soja Bean,		20	65	1 20	4 50	
Clay Cow Peas,		20	45	75	2 60	5 00
Whip-poor-will Cow Peas,		20	45	75	2 60	5 00
Silver Hull Buckwheat,		10	25	40	1 30	2 40
New Japanese Buckwheat,	• •	10	25	35	1 25	2 25
Early Orange Sugar Cane,		15	45	65	2 25	4 00
Early Amber Sugar Cane,	• • •	15	45	65	2 25	4 00
Valvet Rean	• • •	15		85	3 50	6 75
Velvet Bean,			50		0 00	
Canada Field Peas,		10	25	45	1 65	3 10

FIELD CORN.

We test annually at FORDHOOK FARMS all the new and distinct varieties of field corn, and recommend confidently the following as the most desirable kinds. Early Canada Yellow Flint is long-eared, eight-rowed, and very hardy, ripening in advance of all other large-eared sorts, but, on account of the small fodder and hardy flint grain, is very seldom planted where the finer dent sorts will mature, unless quite late as a catch crop on unoccupied ground. WATERLOO EXTRA cated softs, but, of account of the shall not deep and hand had yilling fails, is very seldom planted where the finer dent sorts will mature, unless quite late as a catch crop on unoccupied ground. WATERLOO EXTRA EARLY DENT is the finest of the extra early Dent corns, maturing with us in one hundred days from planting; the ears are of good size, grains slender and quite deep, yielding a very large product of shelled corn. King of the Earlies and Pride of the North are of the same type, slightly earlier, and with smaller ears. Early Mastodon Dent is a heavy cropper and has the largest grain of any early Dent corn. Leaming is medium early, with large ears well filled with deep, slender grains. White CAP DENT is quite hardy, medium early, with light amber grains, capped with pearly white; the grain is slightly hard and floury. Hickory King is an extra large white-graing type of our Golden Beauty; a very strong grower and heavy yielder; we consider it the best variety for general planting. Chester County Mammoth grows to a large size, both in stalk and ear, and is second in productiveness only to our Golden Beauty, which yields the largest crops of any variety of yellow corn we have ever grown; both require strong, rich soil and a

yields the largest crops of any variety of yellow corn we have ever grown; both require strong, rich soil and a season of four months in which to mature the grain.

	Per	Per	Sack of	
	Peck.	Bushel.	2 Bush.	10 Bush.
King of the Earlies. The best early variety,	\$0 55	\$1 65	\$3 10	\$14 50
Pride of the North, or Queen of the Prairie,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Early Mastodon Dent. Very handsome ears,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
Waterloo Extra Early Dent. Usually ripens in ninety days,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Burpee's Golden Beauty. Large, handsome yellow grains, .	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
Pedrick's Perfected Golden Beauty. A selected strain,	70	2 40	4 50	21 00
Chester County Mammoth. A productive large-eared variety,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
The Learning. The favorite in many sections,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
White Cap Dent. Grains amber-yellow, tipped white,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Snow=White Dent. Large-eared white variety,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
White Hickory King. A favorite white variety,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
Early Canada Yellow Flint. Selected strain; earliest of all,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Sugar Corn for Green Fodder,	75	2 50	4 75	22 50

OATS.

The Danish Island is a very hardy variety, with strong stiff straw; it is a heavy yielder, and in northern New York, where we have our seed grown, has replaced most other varieties. The Welcome Oats, first introduced by us, have long been a standard variety; they grow quite tall, furnishing a large crop of fine straw, while the large branching heads yield an immense crop of heavy grain. The Goldben Glant Side Oats are very hardy and productive; we have found it especially adapted to thin land and dry hilly locations. Sow two to three bashes are agree broadcast, as early in the spring artist strand can be according to the second of the sec to three bushels per acre broadcast, as early in the spring as the ground can be properly prepared.

		Sack of Per 10
	32 lbs.	2 Bush. Bush.
Danish Island. (See illustration in The Farm Annual),	\$1 00	\$1 85 \$9 00
Welcome. (See page 110 of The Farm Annual),	1 00	1 85 9 00
Golden Giant Side. (See page 110 of The Farm Annual),	1 10	2 00 9 50

CLOVER SEED.

The Clover seed we offer is exclusively of the finest grades the market affords, and is free from trash, weed seeds, or dodder. We do not attempt to compete in price with the low-priced grades usually sold in country stores and by jobbers. The small additional cost for the best and cleanest seed is money well invested, when the prime importance of securing a good stand with freedom from noxious or troublesome weeds is considered. While the seed we offer is all of high germinating power, we advise sowing a liberal quantity to insure a satisfactory stand, as the extra cost of five or ten pounds of additional seed per acre is very slight as compared with cost of plowing and reseeding, aside from the loss of a season's crop of hay or pasturage.

The common or RED MEDIUM CLOVER, frequently called *Cow Grass*, and its larger type, the MAMMOTH PEA-VINE CLOVER, are the varieties usually sown in the Northern and Middle Western States, either alone or in addition to other grasses.

Northern and Middle Western States, either alone or in addition to other grasses. Both are strong-growing perennials, yielding two or more crops per season of valuable forage and endure for several years.

ALSIKE OF HYBRID CLOVER is not so generally known as the preceding, but we consider it of even greater value. It is especially desirable for sowing with other grasses for mixed hay, as the stalks are more slender, grow to a greater height, and, blossoming later, it is in the best condition for cutting at the same time a Timothy and other late-flowering grasses. It is also more persistent than the Red Clovers and will endure longer in the sod when grown with other grasses.

blossoming later, it is in the best condition for cutting at the same time as Timothy and other late-flowering grasses. It is also more persistent than the Red Clovers and will endure longer in the sod when grown with other grasses.

The CRIMSON or ITALIAN CLOVER is an annual variety of very rapid growth during cool moist weather, and is now quite largely planted for a green crop to turn under in the spring. If sown late in the summer or early in the fall among cultivated crops, it will grow strongly during the winter, affording a dense heavy mat of green foliage to turn under in the spring, in ample season for planting corn and other crops. Gathering large quantities of nitrogen from the atmosphere, it is a wonderful soil enricher when used in this manner. It can also be cured into excellent hay if cut before the hairy seed-heads form; if these are allowed to mature, they are quite injurious when fed to stock, forming hair-balls in the animal's stomach.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne, is largely grown in the West, and is being extensively planted in the Eastern States. It is a perennial clover-like plant growing from two to three feet high, and is especially valuable for dry climate and soils, as the roots penetrate deeply. When once established it increases in strength with succeeding years. It endures for many years, makes a rapid growth, and yields immense crops of very valuable forage,—from three to five cuttings in a season. It is of great value as a soil enricher, and for the best results should be sown alone early in the spring.

Sainfoin, also called French Grass and Holy Hay, is a perennial plant of clover-like growth, thriving best in chalkv and sandy soils, dry gravel, etc. The stand improves with age, the well-established plants being of strong luxuriant growth, excellent for forage and to enrich the soil. It will resist drought much better than other clovers and is extremely valuable to prevent soils from washing during heavy rains, as well as binding and enriching light, loose soil. It is rather tender in



ALSIKE CLOVER.



rate of fifteen to twenty-five pounds per acre.

Per th.
Red Medium (Trifolium pratense). Write for prices, Fluctuates.
Mammoth Red, or Pea-Vine (Trifolium pratense hybridum), Fluetuates.
Alsike, or Hybrid (Trifolium hybridum). (Bushel of 60 fbs., \$10.80), \$0.20
Lucerne, or Alfalfa (Medicago sativa). (Bushel of 60 lbs., \$10.80),
White Dutch (Trifolium repens). (10 fbs. at 25 cts. per fb.),
Sainfoin (Onobrychis sativa). (10 fbs. at 7 cts. per fb.),
Crimson Trefoil, or Scarlet Italian (Trifolium incarnatum). (Per bushel, \$4.00), 8

The Only Gold Medal for Lawn Grass at the ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION, just produced from Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass. This is the highest award possible. The seed from which these lawns were produced was exactly the same "prescription" and quality as supplied regularly to our trade and advertised on the back of the colored plate on page 27 of The Farm Annual for 1905. See also page 104 of this catalogue.

We If you desire to have the very best lawn you should use this "Gold Medal Seed."

Extra Clean GRASS SEEDS.



Clean grass seed of strong vitality and free from any admixture of weed seeds is a most essential requisite for successful farming. Pasturage and hay are of chief importance in all kinds of stock raising and feeding, while the rotation with other crops is necessary to keep up the fertility of the soil. We offer choice clean seed of the leading varieties, which are of **the best grades obtainable**. We shall be glad at any time to exist our customers in the selection of the best proposed to the proposed to t assist our customers in the selection of the best varieties for especial locations or purposes, as well as to quote prices on large quantities of special varieties or mixtures. is subject to frequent market changes, prices As seed of some of the leading varieties

As seed of some of the leading varieties is subject to frequent market changes, prices will be quoted on these by letter at any time.

TIMOTHY is one of the best-known grasses, largely grown for marketing in the large cities, and of excellent value to grow in mixture with other grass to produce hay for stock feeding. It is of the greatest feeding value when well ripened and highly esteemed for feeding horses. Herd, or Red Top, is a valuable native grass, desirable for meadows, pastures, and lawns in mixture with other grasses.

KENTUCKY BLUE, pre-eminently a pasture grass, resists the tramping of cattle, and thrives best in dry soils, retaining its verdure during the hottest summer weather. It is also fine for lawns. English Rye is a nutritious permanent grass of quick growth for meadows, pastures, and lawns. ITALIAN Rye thrives in nearly all soils and is superior for irrigated meadows. Yellow Oat Grass is of strong growth, excellent for dry meadows and pastures. Crested Dogstall, on hard dry soils, is valuable for pastures and lawns. valuable for pastures and lawns.

HARD FESCUE is most desirable for dry soils, sheep pastures, and for shady lawns. SHEEP FESCUE is of smaller, more compact growth than the preceding. MEADOW FESCUE is useful for permanent pastures, very productive and nutritious. CREEPING FESCUE is useful for permanent pastures, very productive and nutritious. Creeping Bent succeeds in nearly all soils and locations. It is valuable for pastures, lawns. tennis courts, and golf links, as it resists tramping and will withstand repeated clipping. Meadow Foxtall is valuable only in the North and should be sown only in mixture with other grasses. Tall Meadow Oat is desirable for permanent pastures, being of early luxuriant growth, relished by cattle, and makes excellent hay. MEADOW is a very productive and nutritious grass, adopted for lawns and pastures; thrives well under the shade of trees. ROUGH-STALKED MEADOW is of quick growth, but desirable only for moist soils. BROMUS SCHREDERI, an annual of quick strong growth, is principally used for winter grazing in the South. HUNGARIAN BROME, or

Awnless Brome, a perennial of very luxuriant growth, four to five feet in height, is

Admiess Brome, a pereintial of very invariant growth, four to the feet in height, is an ideal grass for hot dry regions and light or sandy soils.

HUNGARIAN MILLET is one of the most useful annual forage plants, growing quickly in any ordinary soil and withstanding both heat and drought. Golden or German Millet is of much larger and stronger growth and is enormously productive on rich soil. EAST INDIA or PEARL MILLET, of very strong growth, eight to ten feet high, should be sown in rows four feet apart and cultivated like corn.

strong growth, eight to ten feet high, should be sown in rows four feet apart and cultivated like corn.

For general planting, either for hay or pasture on widely differing soils, we cannot too strongly recommend our Permanent Pasture Mixture, as it makes a close dense sod, grows strongly and yields large crops of hay or abundant pasturage. We have found it equally satisfactory for level meadow lands and exposed sandy hillsides, where the close sod is of great value in preventing gullies in heavy storms.

Our Fordhook Finest Lawn Grass is compounded of the choicest and best varieties for quickly forming a fine, close, velvety sward, which increases in density each season if kept properly rolled and frequently mown. We send, free with the seed, if requested, full directions for preparing and seeding the lawn.

Prices subject to market changes.	Per lb.	Bushel.
Grass Mixture for Permanent Pastures. (10 lbs. or more at 17 cts.),	\$0 18	
Fordhook Finest Lawn Grass. (10 lbs. or more at 18 ets.),	20	
Burpee's "Shady Nook" Lawn Grass. (10 lbs. or more at 32 cts.),	35	
Burpee's "Golf Links" Mixture. (10 lbs. or more at 32 ets.),	35	
Fancy Cleaned Kentucky Blue Grass (Poa pratensis). (14 lbs. to the bushel), .	15	\$1 65
Fancy Herd, or Red Top (Agrostis vulgaris). (32 lbs. to the bushel),	15	3 25
Orchard (Daetylis glomerata). (14 lbs. to the bushel),	20	2 35
Tall Meadow Oat (Avena elatior). (10 fbs. to the bushel),	20	1 85
Yellow Oat (Avena flavescens),	60	
Wood Meadow (Poa nemoralis). (14 lbs. to the bushel),	35	4 25
Rough-Stalked Meadow (Poa trivialis). (14 lbs. to the bushel),	32	4 00
Meadow Foxtail (Alopecurus pratensis). (7 lbs. to the bushel),	30	1 80
Sweet Vernal (Anthoxanthum odoratum). True perennial,	50	
Bromus Inermis (Hungarian Brome or Awnless Brome Grass). (14 lbs. to bushel),	16	2 00
Bromus Schrederi, or Rescue Grass,	22	
English Rye (Lolium perenne). (24 fbs. to the bushel),	10	1 90
Italian Rye (Lolium Italicum). (20 lbs. to the bushel),	12	1 90
Crested Dogstail (Cynosurus cristatus). (21 fbs. to the bushel),	25	4 75
Hard Fescue (Festuca duriuscula). (12 fbs. to the bushel),	18	1 90
Meadow Fescue (Festuca pratensis). (22 lbs. to the bushel),	15	2 75
Sheep's Fescue (Festuca ovina). (12 lbs. to the bushel),	16	1 90
Creeping Bent (Agrostis stolonifera). (20 lbs. to the bushel),	18	3 40
Johnson Grass (Sorghum halapense). (25 fbs. to the bushel),	15	3 00
Timothy (Phleum pratense). (45 fbs. to the bushel), about	10	2 65
Hungarian Millet,		1 60
Golden or German Millet, about		1 85
East India or Pearl Millet. (Extensively advertised as Pencillaria),	10	

Burpee's Special Fordhook

Grass Mixture for Permanent Pastures.

"One thing is certain, that good pasture land is the foundation of the riches of a farm."-Sinclair.

The most important features of successful farming (especially on the dairy or stock farm) are good hay crops and abundant pasturage. These are more readily and surely obtained by a proper combination of the most suitable grasses than by the old plan of seeding with Timothy alone or in mixture with Common Red Clover, which generally dies out after the first summer. This reops and addition pasturage. Inese are more readily and surely obtained by a proper comoination of the most suitable grasses than by the old plan of seeding with Timothy alone or in mixture with Common Red Clover, which generally dies out after the first summer. This Permannent Pastrure Mixture yields a very heavy crop of the finest and most succulent hay early in the season, together with a heavy crop of aftermath or abundant pasturage. We have planted this mixture extensively on our own fields at Fordhook Farms for several years with the most gratifying results, both when sown on dry sandy hillsides and on moist meadow lands. The base of this mixture is Orchard Grass, which is of quicker and stronger growth than Timothy and makes better hay when cut while in bloom. The Orchard Grass, however, is combined with a number of finer bladed grasses, which give not only greater permanence to the sward, but also entirely overcome the objectionable tendency of the Orchard Grass to grow in clumps or tuits.

We recommend using two bushels, or fifty pounds, of this mixture per acre, and it can be sown with grain or alone on well-prepared land either in the early fall or early spring. It is also an advantage to sow at the same time or in the spring, when fall seeded, ten or fifteen pounds per acre of Alsike Clover, as this variety is much the best for mixed hay and at the same time is hardier and will endure longer in the close thick sod of grass than any other. Price of our best Special Fordhook Mixture for Permannent Pasture, 18 cts. per 1b.; 10 hs. or more at 17 cts. per 1b.,—all by express or freight, at purchaser's expense. A measured bushel of this choice recleaned seed weighs about twenty-five pounds.



Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass.

Burpee's Fordhook Finest is composed exclusively of the best recleaned seeds of the choicest fine=bladed grasses, to which is added a suitable quantity of white clover.

This mixture weighs 25 to 27 lbs. per measured bushel. Fifty pounds of seed are sufficient for an acre, although, if quickest possible results are desired, seventy-five to ninety pounds per acre can be used.

For planters who require only a small quantity of the seed, we put up this finest mixture in POUND Boxes, with full directions, at 25 cts. per lb. box. Seed in bulk, to be shipped by freight or express, at 20 cts. per lb.; 25 lbs. or more at 18 cts. per lb.

This space was occupied by an illustration, when just as we were making up the "BLUE LIST" we are advised from St. Louis that we have been awarded

The GOLD MEDAL for LAWN GRASS

At the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

This is the highest honor possible, and is particularly noteworthy in that of all the seedsmen who had lawns at this GREAT ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION we received the ONLY GOLD MEDAL that was awarded to any American firm for Lawn Grass.

The mixture of seed which produced these most beautiful lawns at St. Louis was identically the same as we supply to all our customers.

With each order for seed in bulk we enclose our New Leaflet, giving directions for preparing the ground and sowing the seed, together with the subsequent care and proper treatment of the lawn.

Burpee's "SHADY NOOK" Lawn Grass.

Many of our customers, having fine shade trees in their lawns or shaded corners receiving but little sun-light, have written us regarding the difficulty of secur-ing a good growth of grass under the trees or in other heavily shaded locations. While we have frequently supplied seeds for such locations, we realize the general need of a proper mixture for this purpose, and now offer a special selection of varieties suitable for planting under trees or in damp shaded places.

The past summer we again experimented with a The past summer we again experimented with a number of mixtures of the finer grasses in varying proportions at Fordhook Farms, where they were sown under widely different conditions, and we can condidently recommend Burppes's "Shady Nook" Mixture as the very best for this purpose. If, when mailing your order, you will kindly send us a brief description of the condition of your soil and the extent of the shade cast by buildings and trees in the place you purpose seeding, we shall take pleasure in advising as to the proper preparation of the soil.

As this mixture is composed entirely of choice clean seed of the finest and most costly prasses it cannot be sold

seed of the finest and most costly grasses it cannot be sold at so moderate a price as our regular lawn mixture. It is all clean heavy seed, free from chaff, and will give the best results with a minimum quantity of seed. By express, at purchaser's expense, 35 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 32 cts. per lb. We shall enclose in each order, if requested, a copy of Our LEAFLET on the proper care of the lawn. the proper care of the lawn.

Burpee's "GOLF LINKS" Mixture of Grasses.

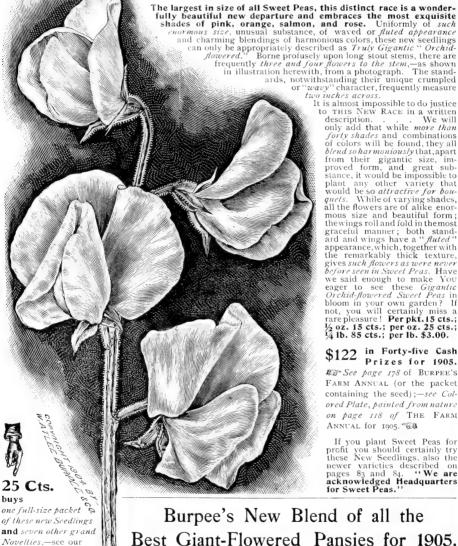
The game of golf is rapidly becoming one of the most popular outdoor sports, and for its thorough enjoyment a well-kept closely mown sward of fine grass is essential. Our long experience with the finest grades of grass seeds has enabled us to provide the grades of grass seeds has chanted us to provide the most satisfactory mixture for some extensive links in the vicinity of Philadelphia, and as the love of this splendid game is rapidly spreading in all sections of the country, we now offer this special mixture of fine grasses in our catalogue.

This mixture is composed exclusively of fine-bladed excesses which will mithered frequent close cutting

This mixture is composed exclusively of fine-bladed grasses which will withstand frequent close cutting and tramping. It is free from weed seed and contains no White Clover (the latter not being suitable for the closely cut golf lawn). It is the very best for seeding the "putting greens," where the sod must be very short, close, and fine. The mixture, being composed entirely of heavy weedlanged, each is sold by weight only, and the heavy recleaned seeds, is sold by weight only, and the price should not be compared with that of cheap mix-tures composed largely of chaff, which are sold by measure.

By express or freight, at expense of purchaser, 35 cts. per lb.; to lbs. or more at 32 cts. per lb. While the directions in our leaflet on the care of the lawn will apply to the golf lawn, we shall be glad at any time to answer special inquiries; and our grass seed over the still advice concerning the quarties of seed expert will advise concerning the quantity of seed needed and the best preparation and subsequent management of the lawns and "putting greens."

New Race of Gigantic "Orchid-Flowered" Tall Sweet Peas,—3153 Superb Seedlings of Countess Spencer.



It is almost impossible to do justice to This New Race in a written description. . . . We will only add that while more than forty shades and combinations of colors will be found, they all blend so harmoniously that, apart from their gigantic size, im-proved form, and great sub-stance, it would be impossible to plant any other variety that would be so attractive for bouquets. While of varying shades, all the flowers are of alike enorall the flowers are of alike enormous size and beautiful form; thewings roll and fold in themost graceful manner; both standard and wings have a "futed" appearance, which, together with the remarkably thick texture, gives such flowers as were never before seen in Sweet Peas. Have we said enough to make You before seen in Sweet Peas. Have we said enough to make You eager to see these Gigantic Orchid-flowered Sweet Peas in bloom in your own garden? If not, you will certainly miss a rare pleasure! Per pkt.15 cts.; ½ 0z. 15 cts.; per 0z. 25 cts.; ¼ 1b. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

\$122 in Forty-five Cash

See page 178 of BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL (or the packet containing the seed);-see Colored Plate, painted from nature on page 118 of THE FARM ANNUAL for 1905.

If you plant Sweet Peas for or Sweet Peas tor profit you should certainly try these New Seedlings, also the newer varieties described on pages 83 and 84. "We are acknowledged Headquarters for Sweet Peas."

Burpee's New Blend of all the Best Giant-Flowered Pansies for 1905.

This mixture is composed exclusively of truly giant-flowered pansies of the most highly developed new types and is undoubtedly "absolutely the Best."

It contains the finest strains, procured, independent of price, from five of the leading specialists of Europe—some of the seed costing fifty shillings (\$12.50) and fine circular form. Some of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies,—all of good substance on the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, the content of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, and the first part of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, and the first part of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, and the first part of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, and the first part of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, and the first part of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, and the first part of the flowers are so unusually full-pet-flowered pansies, and the flower pansies of the most highly developed new types and is undoubtedly "absolutely the Best."

It contains the finest strains, procured, independent of price, from five of the leading specialists of Europe—some of the seed costing fifty shillings (\$12.50) and the first part of that never before has it been possible, without the expenditure of several dollars, to gather together such a collection as is now united in one packet,—and even then they could not be obtained in America at any price!

Unequaled New

2327 The "Burpee Blend" will delight thousands of Pansy growers,—and we want to hear reports, we offer three cash prizes of \$25.00, \$15.00, and \$10.00, followed by prizes of \$5.00, \$2.50, and twenty prizes of one dollar each for the best brief descriptions of the surpassing beauty of the flowers produced by this new blend. Per pkt. 25 cts.; 5 pkts. for \$1.00. Half-size packets: Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.,—less usual discount of thirty-three and one-third per cent. Per 1000 seeds, \$1.00 net.

Most Beautiful New Tall Sweet Peas.

2982 Burpee's "Dainty." This unique new Sweet Pea has created quite a furore in England as well as in America.

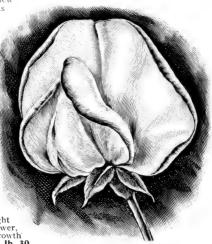
Flowers are of largest size and splendid substance, while they are borne three and four, set well at the end of long stout stems. The beautifully formed flowers, upon first opening, appear to be white, but quickly change to "white with pink edge,"—making a most charming contrast. Per pkt.

pink edge."—making a most charming contrast. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

2992 Janet Scott received Award of Merit, July, 1904, at the great London Show of The National Sweet Pea Society. This might almost be called a new shade of deep pink with Golden-Gate-shaped wings. The unusual size of the wings, in connection with the large substantial hooded standard, give the flowers are considerably deeper and richer in color than the

are considered. Atherine Tracy, while unlike that variety they are generally borne three on a stem. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

3009 Agnes Johnston. A bright rose-pink standard, shaded cream; wings cream, slightly flushed with the same bright rose-pink as the standard; a broad, fully expanded flower, of good medium size and fine substance. Of strong growth and constitution. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.



A Single Flower of BURPEE'S DAINTY.

2988 Countess Spencer. Agrand large flower of finest form and most beautiful coloring. This novelty, which is a distinct innovation in sweet peas, originated in England with the gardener to the Countess Spencer, whose name it bears. The flowers are not only of extremely large size and beautifully expanded form, but are distinct from the usual "grandiflora" type in having the outer edges of the standard and wings beautifully crumpled or waved; the tissue being so full that there is not room for it to lie flatly expanded or smoothly rolled as in other large-flowered kinds. The standard is both broad and tall, stiffly erect and boldly expanded; the wings are broad and well spread and held erect by the keel. The coloring is a silvery white, suffused and tinted with soft rose-pink, which deepens at the outer edges and becomes still deeper and richer or more heavily suffused in cool weather, or where this variety is grown in a cool location. The size, form, and coloring of COUNTESS SPENCER are simply exquisite and beyond the power of words to describe. The plant is a strong vigorous grower, and the large flowers come in threes on a long stiff stem. The true seed is very scarce and can be had only in sealed packets, each containing twenty seeds. Per pkt. 25 cts.

3046 Mrs. Sydenham. This is a grand gigantic orchid-flowered seedling of Countess Spencer. The color is similar if not identical with that of the popular Lady Mary Currie, but the flowers are nearly twice as large and hold true to type of the enormous blooms of this new gigantic-flowered class. It is certainly a most beautiful variety; the rosy-pink wings roll and fold; the standard is reflexed, showing the distinctly fluted effect, and is of a rich salmorphik color. The flowers produced at height of season measure one and three-quarters to two inches across. The blooms are truly of a gigantic size! Sold only in sealed packets, each containing twenty-five seeds. Per pkt. 25 cts., less usual discount of one-third.

2994 Florence Spencer. Another gigantic orchid flowered seedling of Countess Spencer. Now selection. The color of both standard and wings is a most attractive delicate pink, deepening to a richer pink toward the edges. Of vigorous growth, the enormous flowers are of the finest form and borne always upon long stiff stems, frequently four to a stem. Truly most exquisite and bound to become extremely popular for cut-flowers. Sold only in sealed packets, each containing twenty-five seeds. Per pkt. 25 cts., less usual discount of one-third.

3040 Scarlet Gem. "This is undoubtedly the greatest advance in color ever made and has already become famous. The color is almost dazzling scarlet, beautiful, bright, and clear, a color much to be desired both for home table decoration and for exhibition; for the latter purpose it is absolutely indispensable. It also shows well in artificial light, which is an immense advantage. It is strong in growth, with sturdy stems, and wonderfully free flowering, so that it should be planted at least six to nine inches apart."—Henry Eckford.—While the flowers are not of the largest size and generally come only two on a stem, SCARLET GEM certainly is a "startling" novelly. It has already created a great sensation in England, where it has been pronounced as "a wonderful color, closely resembling that of a Scarlet Geranium." Per pkt. (of twenty seeds) 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; ½ oz. 65 cts.

2963 Dorothy Eckford. "The grandest pure white yet produced."—so says Henry Eckford, the originator. And yet we are not willing to admit until another year strial that in all points it is superior to Eckford's famous Blanche Burpee. However, it is of heavier substance, which gives it a great advantage. The grand pure white flowers are beautifully shell-shaped, of extra large size, and borne three on a stem; while of beautiful hooded form, yet (unlike most other hooded varieties) it never curls badly. It is very robust in growth, and the vines produce an enormous mass of bloom. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

3034 King Edward VII. The best red sweet pea up-to-date. Such is the verdict, with which we are inclined to agree. The magnificent large flowers are of open form, with a well-shaped round standard. The wings are a trifle brighter in color than the standard; in this respect it resembles Firefly. While the color is, perhaps, slightly lighter than Salopian, the flowers are larger and borne upon longer stems; there is very little difference in the general tone of color. Most highly recommended. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

Other New Tall Sweet Peas.



2976 Burpee's Earliest Sunbeams.

This might be described as a primrose "Mont Blanc!" This one statement will make it eagerly sought for by commercial florists, as with the famous Burpee's Earliest of All it now gives a third color in this distinct class of extremely-early Sweet Peas for forcing. It is equally desirable also for early spring flowering in the open ground, particularly in sections where the later sorts are apt to be cut off by extreme summer heat.

The flowers are of a rich primrose color, and generally The nowers are of a rice primrose color, and generally borne three on a stem; stems strong and of good length for cutting. The plant is comparatively dwarf growing,—exactly of same habit as *Mont Blanc*, of which it is a duplicate except in color. *Unfortunately the crop of seed is very short*. Per pkt (40 seeds) 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.

2986 Marchioness of Cholmondeley.

"This is a decided acquisition, being the largest variety, with a Into its a decreed acquisition, being the largest variety, with a beautiful bold erect standard of the true grandiflora type. In color it is very exquisite, being a soft shade of cream overlaid and edged with a delightful shade of pink."—Henry Eckford. Per pkt. (of 25 seeds) 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.; 1/2 oz. 55 cts.; per oz. \$1.00.

2996 Mrs. Knights - Smith. "This grand new tirely new shade of pink, quite a refined flower, well advanced in size and nearly a self-color; the standard, which is edged, has a slight inclination to curl, which adds considerably to the dainty appearance of the flower. It is a strong grower, with good stems; beautiful for the table, and will have telling effect on the show bench."—Henry Eckford. Per pkt. (of 25 seeds) 10 cts.; 4 oz. 30 cts.; 4 oz. 55 cts.; per oz. \$1.00.

3094 Jessie Cuthbertson. A very large well-expanded flower, showilv striped with rich dark rose on a silvery-white ground. It is a

"SUNBEAMS."

In striped with first dark rose on a sivery-write ground. It is a finer flower and even larger than Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain; the stripings and flakes of color are more rich and striking in effect. The standard is tall and stiffly erect, with the upper edges slightly rolled or incurved; this, with the slight fold in the center, gives them a pointed effect. The wings are large and lie closely to the keel; they are rolled or incurved at the edges. The ground color of both wings and standard is a creamy white, very boldly striped, and lightly flaked with rich dark rose, most heavily in the wings than on the standard. This is one of the largest and most showy of the distinctly striped varieties. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.

3106 Mrs. Walter Wright. This is one of the largest and finest of the lavender-colored warieties. The flowers are self-colored, of a pinkish cream tint when first opening, changing to mauve and then to a reddish violet when fully opened. The standard is both tall and broad, with the edges heavily rolled; the wings are of the largest size, widely spreading with the outer edges heavily rolled or incurved, and are held nearly erect by the keel. The extra large size, beautiful form, and rich coloring make this a most desirable addition. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 02. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.

3114 Flora Norton. This is a beautiful rich light lavender, entirely free from any mauve or pinkight are large and of fine form, borne three on a stem and all facing one way. We think it will prove to be one of the most delicate and pleasing shades for florists' use as a cut-flower. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.

3116 Mrs. Geo. Higginson, Jr. This charming shade is described by the originator as a sky-blue. At FORDHOOK, the past summer, we found it to be a very delicate lavender and entirely free from any pinkish or mauve tint. The flowers are of fair size and fine open form, coming in threes on a good stem. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.

Burpee's "Latest Special" Improved Best New Mixed Sweet Peas for 1905.

This "brand" of the finest large-flowered Sweet Peas in mixture is absolutely unequaled.



Each year we strive to "surpass ourselves" in this special mixture. We are quite sure that, notwithstanding the claims of some competitors, an equally highgrade mixture cannot be obtained elsewhere. The seed, of course, is not grown in mixture at all. It is carefully "blended" in our warehouse of the largest-flowered, most beautiful named varieties,—each grown separately from the choicest selected Besides all the best and "only the best" of the varieties introduced prior to last year, this NEW "BLEND" FOR 1905 contains also a liberal proportion of all the Eckford and Burpee Novelties first offered by us last year, and other fine large-flowered Novelties never before included in any mixture.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

Burpee's Tall "Ivy-Leaved" Nasturtiums.

This new race of Nasturtiums is one of the most distinct novelties that has been offered for years, and yet vill succeed anywhere and under the most widely different conditions. They will prove especially desirable as pot bloomers or for planting as trailing plants in window boxes, vases, hanging-baskets, etc., as well as in the flower-bed or as a border row along the garden walks and on the lawn.

Not only is the foliage distinct in its sharp-lobed or pointed outline and light veining like that of the hardy English Ivy, but the flowers are a marked departure in form; the petals are quite narrow and set on a very slender foot-stalk, giving the flowers an open star-like effect which is both striking and attractive.

2944 Ivy-Leaved,—"Spotted King." Now first introduced, this has the same running growth of vine and distinct toy-like foliage as the three described below which were introduced last year. The flowers, produced most profusely, are a deep glowing yellow, splashed and mottled with rich velvety brown. The flowers are deeply fringed at the edges; the calyx and spur are primrose. Sold only at retail in our sealed packets. Per pkt. (of ten seeds) 15 cts.; per pkt. (of twenty seeds) 25 cts.; less discount of one-third.



Burpee's Dwarf Ivy-Leaved Nasturtium,

"Golden Butterfly." A strikingly beautiful bush type of these lovely new lvy-Leaved preen leaves of the distinct lvy-shaped form. The illustration above, from a photograph.

shows character of leaves and relative height of plant,—in comparison with the felt hat. These beautiful bushes burst into bloom very early and become quickly covered with bright golden-orange self-colored flowers. The flowers are larger in size than most Lyvorigin golden-orange self-colored flowers. The flowers are larger in size than most Ivy-leaved sorts; they are beautifully fringed at edges of the petals and at the throat. So early and continuous-blooming are these neat dwarf plants that, by actual count the past season, a single plant produced as many as two thousand flowers! At a little distance the plants present the appearance of numberless "Golden Butterflies" fluttering upon a bush of Ivy,—hence the name. For table decoration nothing could be handsomer than one of these dwarf plants as a center piece.



2163 "Golden Butterfly," the first of this new race, which is bound to create a sensation in Europe as well as America, is supplied only at retail in our sealed packets. Per pkt. (of ten seeds) 15 cts.; per pkt. (of twenty seeds) 25 cts. Positively not more than ten of the larger packets (200 seeds) will be sold to any one planter.

Burpee's Brilliant Blend for 1905

of New Tom Thumb Nasturtiums, including Most Beautiful Unnamed Seedlings, Now Offered as Nameless Mixture, Number 2160.

The brilliant effect of this new strain simply beggars description! At least so it seems to us, and we have decided to let our customers attempt to describe it, and also to suggest an appropriate name. Meanwhile we would only say that while it includes the best large-flowered novelties, it is remarkable for a number of wonderful new cross-bred seedlings, which have not yet been "established" sufficiently to offer separately. The flowers are of large size (larger than any so-called "giant-flowered" dwarf Nasturtiums previously

offered!), of fine form, and produced most abundantly upon the dwarf bush-like plants, The new colors and novel blendings of colors are so wonderful that we look forward to this new cross-bred strain to furnishing most of the "Novelties" in Tom Thumb

Nasturtiums that will be offered for years to come.

Perhaps we are making a mistake,—from a financial view-point,—in allowing this remarkable "break" to go out in mixture at all. However, when we have such a good thing, we want our friends to enjoy it with us. Hence we have decided to introduce these NEW NAMELESS SEEDLINGS in Mixture (but only at retail), and offer a series of Cash Prizes for the best descriptions, and for the best suggestions as to which colors we should develop separately. If only we can "hold" true to type some of the varied



Unique New Nasturtiums, -QUEEN OF TOM THUMBS, -see page 87.

laurels, or America will soon be recognized as headquarters for the world's best Nasas neadquarters for the world's best Nas-turtium Seed—as it is already for Sweet Peas. In showing our friend, the REV. W. T. HUTCHINS, the Sweet Pea Expert, our block of this new strain, he became so wildly enthusiastic that he attempted to count the number of distinct types.

He counted as many as ninety and then

ric counted as many as ninety and then exhausted about every adjective in the English language in trying to describe their wondrous brilliancy!

No. 2160—Per pkt. (about 45 seeds)
15 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; three one-ounce pkges. for 85 cts.

\$50.00 for a Name!

We will pay \$50.00 cash to the party who, after growing these seedlings, will suggest, not later than October 10, 1905, the best name, by which this mixture will be known in 1906. In case we are compelled to use a combination of several suggested names, then we shall divide the fifty dollars.

i n Other Prizes, including \$25.00 for the best description, fol-

lowed by other liberal prizes, and \$33.00 for photographs—as explained on each package of the seed.

E Could our customers realize how unusually beautiful and profuse-flowering is this New Race, every one who could afford to invest a dollar and had sufficient space in which to plant the seed, would certainly buy three one-ounce packages, so as to be sure of getting plants of all the various colors and color-combinations!

Other Choice New Dwarf Nasturtiums.

2157 Liliput,—Othello. Of dwarf compact growth with small foliage, the numerous flowers are of a deep reddish-brown coloring,—so dark and velvety in effect as to appear almost black in the strong sunshine. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

2130 Tom Thumb,—Golden Queen. Of finely rounded form, only six to eight inches this is beautiful as a foliage plant. The flowers are self-colored in a rich tint of orange-yellow, most intensely bright and glowing. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

2148 Tom Thumb,—Rudolph Virchow. Of perfect bush-like growth, the plants are attractive soft rosy-pink color that has made the tall Rudolph Virchow so much admired and to become very popular. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.

2151 Tom Thumb,—Vesuvius. The flowers are large, of fine form, with large rounded petals and widely open throat. The coloring is similar to that of the tall-growing Vesuvius, but even richer. The broad petals are heavily veined with deep salmonorange. It is certainly one of the very finest large-flowered Tom Thumb varieties, and is most conspicuous on account of its brilliantly colored flowers. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

New Tall or Trailing Nasturtiums.

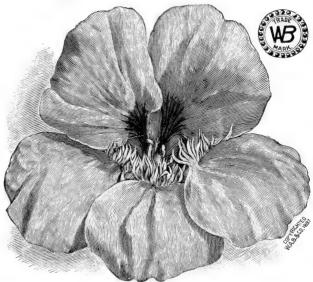
2898 "Coquette." In size of flowers, brilliant blending, and diversity of colors on the same plant, "CoQUETTE" is a vast improvement over the popular French "Chameleon." Now first offered, this entirely new strain is the result of six years' selection. It should be called "Chameleon," had that name not been already appropriated! Not only do the flowers vary greatly on a single plant, but the plants vary so greatly in bloom from each other that it is almost impossible to find any two that are at all allike! Coquette throws every color known in Nasturtiums, but in such diversity of combinations that have not been dreamed of before! We had a number of flowers painted, and only wish we could show this painting to all our friends. The vigorous plants are so profuse in flowering that a hedge or row trailing on the ground will be a source of constant delight all summer long. We recommend every one who can spare the space to plant liberally of this most charming "Coquette." Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 16 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.



2910 Black Prince. An unusual novelty of the Lobbianum type. While the flowers are not large they are of such an intensely dark, rich maroon as to appear nearly black; the bright golden-yellow stamens make a most showy contrast. The foliage also is dark that it might be called a black-green. Will attract attention wherever grown. 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.

2903 Burpee's New Giant-Flowered Nasturtiums.

Until the introduction of our CAPRICE and SUTTON'S SALMON QUEEN, the only truly giant-flowered Nasturtiums in cultivanowered Nasturtiums in cultiva-tion were the now famous BUR-PEE'S SUNLIGHT (see natural-size flower illustrated herewith) and MOONLIGHT. Five seasons ago one of our fields of SALMON QUEEN (Improved Vestivius), from some unaccountable cause. "broke" into several bright col-ors, principally shades of red, including the most brilliant glowing scarlet. We saved this seed in mixture and have now added to it a suitable quantity of our large-flowered Caprice and Crasus, also of Butterfly, Twilight, Sunlight, and Moonlight. This makes the most gor= geous and the first truly giantflowered complete mixture of Tall Nasturtiums. We are sure that it will give great pleasure to all lovers of Nasturtiums who desire to have the greatest variety of colors in the largest-flow-ering type of these showy flowers. It is an unequaled mix-ture! Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. It is an unequaled mix-\$1.50.



2892 Burpee's "Twilight."
The flowers are extra large and of full expanded form. They are most pleasing in color, having a faint salmon or beautifully veined with crimson. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 15 cts.; 4 lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



2864 Crœsus. The ground color ranges from light primrose to deep orange. The two upper petals are blotched with velvety crimson; the three lower petals are heavily fringed at the throat and marked with blotches of brown-red. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.





Burpee's "Hotspur Harlequin" Nasturtiums. This "Red-spurred" Mixture is a most beautiful type of Climbing Nasturtiums. They are very profuse in blooming, and remarkable for rich brilliancy of colors. Some of the flowers are deep orange, spotted with blood-red; others are creamy white, blotched with orange-scarlet, while there are also bright flowers of a color of the flower of the of the brilliant red, splashed with yellow. The flowers are further ornamented each with a red spur, contrasting beautifully with the dark-colored handsome foliage. While extremely showy if given support upon which to climb, their brilliant beauty is equally as effective if the vines are simply grown trailing on the ground. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

2145 Nasturtium,—Queen of Tom Thumbs. A Most Unique Novelty! Each bush, about nine inches in height and slightly greater in diameter. The light-green leaves grow so closely together as to overlap each other, and each leaf is showily variegated or marbled with silvery white.

It comes uniformly true from seed. After the plants have made their growth they produce rather small but the horizontal state of the state of the

rich purplish-crimson flowers, which are shown to the greatest advantage against the background of brightly variegated creamy-white leaves. It is especially desirable to plant as a border (allowing each plant ample room for its full symmetrical development), or to be grown singly in pots for a decorative plant in the window or on veranda. We predict that every lover of Nasturtiums will be delighted with this beautiful and allogether unique novelty. It is a very shy seeder and the seed will always be expensive. Pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.

CWEET-REAS FOR THE MILLION Cents buys these Eight

Including one full-size packet (70 to 90 seeds) of the new Gigantic "Orchid-flowered" Seedlings of COUNTESS SPENCER; Eckford's finest Novelties, including a regular ten-cent packet each of his superb new white DOROTHY ECKFORD; the best of all reds, KING EDWARD VII, and ten seeds of SCARLET GEM, the "sensational" new color

in Sweet Peas; the famous "white with pink edge" BURPEE'S

DAINTY and unequaled large pink JANET SCOTT, together with a full-size packet also of the beautiful new lavender, MRS. WALTER WRIGHT, and a large packet of the unequaled special new BURPEE'S BEST MIXED FOR 1905. **Signature* In each Collection Bag we include not only our upto-date New Leaflet on Culture, but also one packet of the beautiful improved new Covent Garden Gypsophila, which is so easily grown and of which the graceful, dainty sprays impart such an attractive appearance to a bouquet of Sweet Peas. **Signature* Peas **Per Never before have we been able to offer such a valuable collection of Sweet Peas for "only a quarter," and we shall be disappointed if there are not sold at least 50,000 of these unequaled collections. Price 25 cts. each.

WHOLESALE. This and the other popular quick-selling 25-cent collections are supplied at \$2.00 per dozen, postpaid, or \$1.80 per dozen sent by express or freight.

For One Dollar we will send all the above, a packet we will send one full ounce each of the New Gigantic Orchid-flowered Seedlings of Countess Spencer, and a full ounce also of Burpee's Best Mixed for 1905, together with a regular size packet each of the following superb novelties: Mrs. Sydenham,—Florence Spencer,—Jessie Cuthbertson,—Marchioness of Cholmondeley,—Mrs. Knights-Smith,—Scarlet Gem,—Agnes Johnston, and Burpee's Earliest Sunbeams. This unequaled DollAR BOX FOR 1905 contains also one regular size packet each of Burpee's Re-selected Earliest of All,—Eckford's Blanche Burpee,—Coccinea,—Burpee's Improved Salopian,—Burpee's Golden Rose,—Burpee's Navy Blue,—Burpee's Aurora,—Lady Grisel Hamilton,—Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon,—Miss Willmott,—Mrs.

In all, these twenty-seven Superb New Sweet Peas, at regular prices "per pkt." and "per oz.," amount to \$2.85, but all are included in our Special Dollar Box for 1905,—together with Leaflet on Culture and also a packet of the graceful Covent Garden Gypsophila. Wholesale, 75 cts. per box,—not prepaid.

Dugdale,-and Eckford's Othello.

Burpee's "Full-Pound" Dollar Box

contains one full-ounce package each of the following Sixteen Superb Tall Sweet Peas, which are unequaled by any similar colors yet sold by the ounce: Gigantic Orchid-flowered Seedlings of Countess Spencer,—Dorothy Eckford,—Eckford's Blanche Burpee,—Burpee's Dainty,—Countess Cadogan,—Burpee's "Janet Scott."—Burpee's Golden Rose,—Burpee's Re-selected "Earliest of All,"—Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon,—Burpee's Navy Blue,—King Edward III,—Lady Grisel Hamilton,—Miss Willmott,—Mrs. Dugdale,—Othello, and Burpee's Sunproof Salopian. Par At regular prices "per oz." these amount to \$2.40, but all sixten ounce packages, neatly boxed, will be mailed to any address in the United States upon receipt of One Dollar.

These Sixteen full-ounce packages (including the novelties) amount to \$2.40 at prices separately "per ounce,"—BUT, if you do not like our selection, please remember that of the standard varieties YOU can select ANY sixteen ounces for one dollar. Wholesale we offerthese "Dollar Boxes" at 75 cts. per box, not prepaid.



A Beautiful Moonflower,—"Sky-Blue."

Most beautiful for Of strong vigorous growth, the plants quickly attain twelve to fifteen feet in height. A dense mass of large heart-shaped teen feet in height. A dense mass of large heart-shaped leaves forms a most appropriate setting for the large sky-blue flowers, which come in September in great profusion.

The flowers measure nearly four inches across and are surpassingly beautiful.—of the softest corudwarf pot-plants as well as a climber lean blue, shading to white at the throat MOONFLOWER. "SKY-BLUE," Engraved from a Photograph, reduced in size

(about four inches in diameter) during the fall or winter, and the dwarfed plants will produce these enormous flowers when only six to eight inches high, and continue to bloom freely for a long time. As easily grown as a Geranium in an ordinary room, these dwarf pot-plants, covered with the immense sky-blue flowers, are extremely attractive.

No flowers, either in pots or as climbers in the open ground, have been more admired the past two seasons in the gardens
FORDHOOK FARMS. Per pkt. 10 cts. in the gardens at

For 25 Cts. we will mail one ten-cent packet of this SKY-Blue Moonflower, -a fifteencent packet of BURPEE'S NEW BLEND OF GIANT - FLOWERED PANSIES, and ALSO one packet each of Kochia Scoparia, the beautiful annual "ball of fire," illustrated on page 135 of The Farm Annual;-the gorgeous new CELOSIA MAG-NIFICENT, -the brilliant SALVIA SPLENDENS,

-and the unequaled mammoth FORDHOOK FAMOUS VERBENA,—the "gracefully gorgeous" IVY-LEAVED NASTURTIUM, GOLDEN GEM, and the beautiful new double SHRIMP-PINK POPPY, described briefly on page 144 of Burpee's Farm Annual for 1905.

Purchased separately these would cost \$1.00, but all Eight Packets will be mailed for only 25 cts., or Six Complete Collections for \$1.00. We We call this

Burpee's "New Gem" Collection for 1905,—

by which name you will kindly order as many collections as you may want for yourself and friends.

Five Finest New Nasturtiums.

For 25 Cts. we will mail one full-size packet each of the remarkable New Nameless Mixture of Tom Thumb Nasturtiums (price 15 cts.);—the wonderfully varied "chameleon-like" Nasturtium Coquette, now first introduced; the new mixture of the gracefully artistic Ivy Leaved Nasturtiums, now first offered;—the superbly brilliant strain of Hotspur Harlequin, and the unequaled mixture of Burpee's Superb Giant-Flowered Nasturtiums. Purchased separately these five packets would cost 55 cts.!

buys all the above—in full-25 Cts. size packets—(one dollar buys six collections or any six collections). In the large bag enclosing each collection is included our NEW LEAFLET on "How to GROW NASTURTIUMS."

This and the other popu-Wholesale. This and the other popular quick-selling 25-cent collections are supplied at \$2.00 per dozen, postpaid, or \$1.80 per dozen sent by express or freight.

Florists will find these collections to be quite popular with their customers. At prices quoted per dozen it allows the purchaser a margin of ten cents on each collection.

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We are the largest growers of FLOWER SEEDS in America,—excepting only one or two wholesale growers who do not sell to the planter. Besides greenhouses and frames, we devote many acres of our famous FORDHOOK FARMS to the growth of special strains, while others are produced on contract by careful growers both at home and abroad,—subject to personal inspection.

ON all ORDERS for SEEDS IN RETAIL PACKETS we allow a discount of thirty-three and one-third per cent.

from the price quoted "per packet," as stated on second page cover.

ABUTILON.

Our seed, although sold only in mixture, is saved from the choicest named varieties and gives great satisfaction grown either as pot-plants or for bedding.

							PE	ĸ	PL	ĸ
1503	Royal	Prize.	Mixed,				PK	т.	OZ	
	,	,	(1000	seeds.	75	cts.)	\$o	10	\$6 c	00

AGERATUM.

Mexicanum is the old, small, blue-flowered type, growing two feet high, and Albiforum its white-flowered counterpart. The new Tom Thumb varieties, though very dwarf and compact in growth, have large heavy foliage and very large flowers; they are excellent both as pot-plants or for bordering flower-beds.

	PK	T.	C)Z.
1505	Mexicanum,\$0		\$0	20
1506		5		20
1508		5		30

ALYSSUM.

Benthami is the popular old type, suitable for bedding; also an excellent plant for edges of vases, hanging-baskets, etc. Compactum is more dwarf and equally floriferous. Little Gem, a true dwarf of very compact growth, only three inches high when in full bloom, is the finest for pot-plants or edging, but too short-stemmed for cut-flowers. Saxatite, a hardy variety, blooming very early the second spring from seed, bearing a profusion of bright yellow flowers, is fine for cutting and a splendid plant for perennial borders.

	PF	T.	(οz.
1510	Benthami (Sweet Alyssum),\$0	05	\$0	15
1512		5		20
1515		10		30
3211	Saxatile Compactum,	5		25

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon).

These are becoming more popular each year. Picturalum is a strain of tall growth, having long spikes of large
tlowers and a wide range of brilliant colors, while the Dwarf
Mixed is a fine mixture of dwarfer growing sorts of compact
habit, bearing erect spikes twelve to fifteen inches in length.
Grown in a cool greenhouse the spikes generally sell well
in winter as cut-flowers.

	I	KT.	OZ.
$\frac{1525}{1527}$	Picturatum,	0 05	\$0 35 30

ASPARAGUS.

This is most popular with florists, both as a decorative pot-plant and for floral decoration; it is quite easily grown from seed.

					P	KI.
3337 3338	Sprengeri,	(100	seeds,	25 cts.) \$1.25)	\$ 0	25 15

ASTERS.

The earliest type to produce fine large flowers is the COMET ASTER, and of these the most desirable for cutflowers are the new branching varieties, as the plants grow two feet in height and the flowers have fine long stems. The new Earliest White Comet is an extremely early Comet, growing one foot high in the open ground, but if started early under glass the plants grow 18 inches high and the flowers are furnished with stems of good length.

For mid-season flowering, we recommend the Victoria, Truffaut's Paony Perfection, and Jewel or Ball Asters. These are all stiffly erect or upright in growth, averaging two feet high in good soil, and produce tine, large double flowers on stiff stems of good length. The Victoria flowers have flatly spread petals, reflexed or curving downward at the outer edges, while the Paony Perfection have the petals more erect and slightly curved inward. The petals of the Jewel or Ball are strongly curved inward, making a rounded ball-like flower which entirely hides the center.

For the latest supply, plant the Semple's Branching Asters. These grow two to three feet high and branch very freely, the flowers being of the largest size (2) to 4 inches across), and each furnished with a long stiff stem, rivaling the Chrysanthemum both in size of flower and length of stem.

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	SEMPLE'S NEW BRANCHIN	G.		
	•	PER	P	ER
		PKT.	0	z.
1533	White,	So 10	\$0	75
1535	Mary Semple,	10		75
1537	Rose,	10		75
1538	Crimson,	10		7.5
1540	Lavender,	10		75
1542	Purple,	10		75
1544	All Colors, Mixed,	10		60
	COMET ASTERS.			
1550	Pure White,	10	I	00
1573	Earliest White, (1/4 oz. 40 cts.)	10	1	50
1551	Clear Carmine,	10	I	00
1553	Pure Lilac,	10	I	00
1554	Dark Blue,	10	_	00
1555	Light Blue,	10		00
$\begin{array}{c} 1556 \\ 1558 \end{array}$	Dark Rose, Lilac bordered with White,	10	_	00
1560			1	00
1000	White,			00
1563	All Colors, Mixed,	10	_	00
2000		10		90
	GIANT COMET.			
1565	Branching White, (1/4 oz. 40 cts.)	10	I	50
1566	"Freedom," (1/4 oz. 40 cts.)	10		50
1567	"Freedom," (¼ oz. 40 cts.) "Victory," (¼ oz. 40 cts.) Giant Comet, Mixed,	10	X	50
1570	Giant Comet, Mixed,	10	I	00
	LARGE-FLOWERING DWARF Q	UEEN.		
1616	White Queen,(1/4 oz. 40 cts.)	10	τ	50
1618	Crimson, (1/4 oz. 40 cts.)	10		50
1619	Dark Blue,		1	50
1620	Light Blue,(1/4 oz. 40 cts.)	. 10	I	50
1622	Finest Mixed,	10	I	25
Ω				

TO

Varieties of Asters.—Continued. TRUEFAUT'S REOMY ELOWERED

TRUFFAUL'S PÆONY-FLOWER	ED		
PERFECTION.	PER	1	PER
	PKT.		oz.
1585 Thirty Colors, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 30 cts.)\$	0 10	\$1	00
1587 Snow White,(1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10	ī	35
1589 Darkest Blue, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10		35
1591 Glowing Dark Crimson,			00
(½ oz., 35 cts.)	10	т	3.5
() 4 == , () 3 === ,		_	33
VICTORIA.			
1593 White,(1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	I	7.5
1595 Scarlet,(1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10		75
1597 Blue,	10		75
1599 Twenty Colors, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10		50
NEW JAPANESE.			
1609 Flesh Colored,(1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	I	7.5
1610 Rose,(½ oz., 50 cts.)	10		7.5
1612 Mixed(½ oz., 40 cts.)	10		50
2020			5 -
OTHER ASTERS.			
1575 Christmas Tree, Mixed,	10	1	50
1577 Oueen of the Market, Mixed,	5		60
1579 Queen of Spring, White,	10	1	00
1582 " Mixed,	10		85
1601 Dwarf Chrysanthemum - flowered,			
Mixed,	5	1	10
1603 Diamond, Mixed,(1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10	1	25
1605 White Ostrich Plume, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10		25
1607 Fire King or Triumph, (1/4 oz., 60 cts.)	10		25
1614 Jewel or Ball, Mixed, .(1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10		50
1627 German Quilled, Mixed,	5	_	25
1629 All Varieties, Mixed,	5		60
1633 Fordhook Favorite Mixture,	10	1	25

BURPEE'S DEFIANCE BALSAMS.

Our New Defiance White is especially selected to produce the best double white flower of the largest size and finest camellia form (double centers and reflexed petals) for florists who grow on a large scale to furnish fine white flowers for design-work throughout the summer.

		PKT.	(οz.
	Chamois Rose,	01 0	\$1	75
1641	Exquisite,	10	2	00
	Pure Pink,	10	1	75
	Rose White-Spotted,	10	1	75
	Scarlet White-Spotted,	10	I	75
	Royal Purple,	10	I	60
1649	Shining Scarlet,	10	1	60
	Violet White-Spotted,	10	1	60
1653	Pure White,(1/4 oz., 45 cts.)	10	I	75
	White, Tinted Lilac,	10	1	75
	Mixed,	10	I	50
1663	Burpee's Camellia-flowered, Mixed,	5		50

BEGONIAS.

Few florists as yet realize what fine Begonias can be raised quickly and easily from seed for sale as pot-plants for summer bedding or for house blooming throughout the year. Begonia Vernon is a choice strain of the Semper-florens type, which grows finely and flowers profusely in the open ground, having deep pink flowers. Bur pee's Vulcan is similar in growth bearing flowers of the brightest scarlet. Duchess of Edinburgh, Queen Anna, and Gracilis alba are exceedingly fine and recommended for bedding.

BEGONIA, -Free-flowering.

(Semperflorens.)

			PKT.
	hess of Edinburgh,	$(\frac{1}{32} \text{ oz.}, 50 \text{ cts.})$	\$0 10
	cilis Alba,	(32 oz., 75 cts.)	10
	on,	$(\frac{1}{32} \text{ oz.}, 35 \text{ cts.})$	10
	ee's Vulcan,	$(\frac{1}{32} \text{ oz., 40 cts.})$	10
	en Anna,		10
	ee's Special Mixture,		10
3345 Larg	e-Leaved Rex,(5	500 seeds, 50 cts.)	25
_			

Tuberous-Rooted BEGONIAS.

3341 Foodhook Gigantic Tuberous-Rooted Begonias, Single, Mixed. We recommend the single varieties as the best for general purposes. A packet connes as the best for general purposes. A packet contains about 500 seeds. Per pkt. 25 cts.; 5 pkts. for \$1.00; half-size pkt. 15 cts. Trade packet of 1000 seeds, 35 cts. 343 Tuberous-Rooted Begonias, Double, Fine Mixed. Carefully hybridized. Per small pkt. 25 cts. Trade packet of 500 seeds, 75 cts. For prices of Bulbs,—see page 102.

BELLIS (Double Daisy).

Grown in cold-frames, these make fine plants for early spring sales, and furnish cut-flowers throughout the winter. Seed may be sown both in early spring and fall. The Shasta Daisy produces very large single flowers.

1690	German Double, Mixed,	PER PKT.	PE O2	
	Extra Double, White,	\$ 0 05	\$1.6	ю
1695	(½ oz., 25 cts.) Longfellow, (½ oz., 50 cts.) Double Snowball, . (½ oz., 50 cts.) Shasta Daisy, (1½ oz., \$1.25)	5 10 10 20	1 7 3 5 3 5	50

CALENDULA (Pot Marigold).

Very free-flowering plants for summer bedding, blossoming until cut off by frost, and quite desirable for pot-plants for spring sales. DET 0.7 1707 Double, Mixed (Pot Marigold), \$0 05 \$o 10 1709 Favorite... 1709 Favorite... 1711 Oriole, Bright Yellow,... 1713 The Royal Marigold, Trianon,.... 10 15

CALCEOLARIA (Pocket Flower).

Fine plants for decorating and pot-plants for early spring sales, while they can, with care, be used also as cut-flowers. PER

3349 Hybrida, Mixed,.....(1000 seeds, 35 cts.) \$0 25

CALLIOPSIS, or Coreopsis.

Free-flowering annuals of quick growth, fine for bedding, and quite useful for cut-flowers. Coronata has large flowers on good stems, bright yellow deepening to orange at the only good stellis, bright yellow deepening to range at the center, and richly marked with maroon; Drummondii, or Golden Wave, is compact in growth, with bright-golden flowers two inches in diameter, with dark-brown center.

		PKT.	OZ.
1717	Coronata,	\$0 05	\$o 12
1719	Drummondii (Golden Wave),	5	12
1721	Mixed,	5	10

CAMPANULA, or Canterbury Bells.

Hardy perennials, which produce large bell-shaped flowers in great profusion the second spring from seed. Colors very rich and showy, pure white, light and dark blue and pink selfs as well as shaded combinations.

		PER	PER	
		PKT.		
	Single, Mixed,			
3223	Double, Mixed	5	60	

CANDYTUFT.

This is one of the most useful flowers for design-work. and, by successive sowings, florists can have a fine supply during the summer season; it will also produce fine large flowers during the winter, when grown in a cool greenhouse. The new GIANT HYACHTH-FLOWERED is the finest house. The \bar{n} ew Giant Hyacinth-flowered is the linest strain in cultivation, producing immense heads of large snow-white flowers.

	Giant Hyacinth-flowered,	0 10	\$0 50
	Giant Empress,(Per fb, \$2.00)	5	20
	Tom Thumb (white),	5	15
1731	White,	5	10
	Rocket,(Per lb, 75 cts.)	5	10
	Dark Crimson,	5	10
1737	New Carmine,	5	15
1739	Mixed,(Per lb, 60 cts.)	5	10

CARNATIONS.

The MARGUERITE CARNATIONS are fine for bedding during the summer months; they bloom in about four months from seed and are more free-flowering and more rapid in growth during the summer than the regular greenhouse

varieties.	PKT.	OZ.
1750 Marguerite,(1/4 oz., 25 cts. 3229 German, Extra Fine, Double Mixed,)\$∞ 10	\$0 75
(1/4 oz., 75 cts)) 15	2 50
3231 Choice Double Mixed,	, 13	2 30
(¼ oz., 35 cts.)) 10	1 00
3237 Picotee, Fine Double, Mixed,		
(1/8 oz., 50 cts.)) 15	3 75
3239 "Fancy, Extra Fine, Mixed,	0.5	

3351 Perpetual Mixed,....(1/8 oz., 30 cts.)

CELOSIA (Cockscomb).

The dwarf varieties grow only ten or twelve inches in height and are crowned with immense velvety heads or combs of the most velvety form and richest colorings.

Among the Feathered Celosias, the Triumph of the Exposition grows two and one-half feet high and fully as large in diameter, branching freely in pyramidal form, and each branch terminating in a feathery plume of rich crimson. "Ostrich Plume" bears large close panicles of feathery bloom. Magnificent is a new strain of Feathered Celosia of unusual beauty.

		CT.		DZ.
	Triumph of the Exposition,\$o	95	\$0	40
1765	Ostrich Plume, (1/4 oz., 25 cts.)	10		80
1766	Magnificent,	10		
1800	Cristata Giant Empress, (1/4 oz. 80 cts.)	10	3	00
1803		10	I	50
1807	" Dwarf, Mixed,(1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	5	1	50

CENTAUREA (Cornflowers).

The CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS is a distinct new type, originating in a cross of Centaurea Marguerite and Centaurea moschata. Individual flowers are beautifully shaded, while the petals are finely fringed, giving a soft feathery effect; they are produced in great profusion. The plants succeed best in rather cool moist soil, and seed should be planted early in the spring.

planted early in the spring.

The Blue Cornflowers are extremely popular and meet with ready sale as cut-flowers; the plants come into bloom early in the season and continue until late in the fall.

	PK	T.	OZ.
		10	\$0 75
1773	" Clear Purple, (1/4 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
1775		10	50
1777	Cyanus, Mixed (Blue Bottle),	5	10
	Kaiser Wilhelm,	5	12
	Cyanus, Double Mixed,	5	15
1781	Dwarf Blue Victoria,	10	40
1783	Marguerite,	5	50
3353	Gymnocarpa,	10	85
3355	Candidissima,(1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	15	I 25

CHRYSANTHEMUM.

The annual or summer-flowering Chrysanthemums grow best and flower most freely in rather cool locations, not succeeding well during the hot summer of the South. The single varieties produce brightly colored flowers of large size. Inodorum plenissimum is a hardy variety, bearing clusters of double white flowers on long stems; it is useful for cut-flowers. Of the Perennial Varieties, Mixed, the plants raised from seed sown in the open ground flower freely with us before frost, in the fall; a large percentage produce double flowers in quite a range of colorings, and which are satisfactory for bedding purposes.

		PKI.		UZ.
1785	Annual Varieties, Mixed,\$	05	\$0	12
	Coronarium, Double, Mixed,	5		12
	Inodorum Plenissimum,	5		45
3227	Perennial, Mixed, $(\frac{1}{16}$ oz., \$1.00)	15		

CINERARIA.

Our strains of the winter-flowering CINERARIA are grown by the leading European specialists, and we especially recommend the large-flowering strain which is grown by Mr. James Douglass, whose plants receive the highest premiums at the English flower-shows. To have large plants in flower by December, the seed should be sown in April or May.

23.75 First Mixed. (1900 conder on the New York.)

3357	Fine Mixed,(1000 s	seeds, 35 cts.)\$0	15
3359	Large-flowering, Finest	Mixed (1000	
	seeds, 60 cts.:	1 OZ. \$2.50)	25

COBOEA.

2757	Cobœa	Scandens,	5	\$0	50
------	-------	-----------	---	-----	----

COLEUS.

Seed of choice strains of Coleus sown under glass in a warm greenhouse will produce fine plants for spring sales and in the greatest diversity of colorings.

1811 Burpee's Irish Zulu, So 15
1813 Sunset Strain of Large-leaved Varieties, (1000 seeds, 65 cts.) 15
1815 Giant Copper-leaved, 1000 seeds, 65 cts.) 15
1817 Fancy Fringed and Laciniated, (1000 seeds, 65 cts.) 15
1819 New Dwarf, 1000 seeds, 70 cts.) 15
1820 Mixed, 1000 seeds, 30 cts.) 5

COSMOS.

The Early Blooming Cosmos is a valuable strain for the cooler Northern States, where Cosmos is usually cut off by frost before blossoming. It is the New Giant-flowered Mammolh Fancy strain to which we wish to call special attention. The plants grow six to eight feet high, branching freely. The grand large flowers of this strain are of the most beautiful form and coloring. Klondike is a distinct plant growing eight to nine feet high, with brilliant yellow flowers, but requires a long season of growth. Grown in pots like a chrysanthemum it is very effective.

		PKT.	oz.
1823	White,	\$0.05	\$0.35
1825	Pink,	. 5	35
1827	Mixed,	. 5	12
1829	Early Blooming, Mixed,	10	35
1831	Giants of California Pure White	7.0	60
1832	" " " Pink	10	60
1833	" " Mixed	. 10	40
1834	Mammoth Fancy, Mixed,	. 10	60
	Giant Yellow Klondike,		1 00
1000	Oldin Tellow Ellowanic,	. 10	1 00

CYPRESS VINE.

A rapid-growing summer climber, with finely divided dark-green foliage, thickly starred with the small bright flowers. It is especially adapted for training on strings for ornament where no shade is desired.

		PAI.	
2761	Scarlet,	\$0 05	\$0 IS
2763	White,	- 5	15
2765	Mixed,	5	12

CYCLAMEN.

The Cyclamen is one of the best-selling winter potplants for florists, succeeding admirably in a cool greenhouse or room. To have fine plants in flower for fall and early winter, the seed should be sown in November or December of the preceding season. They succeed best in very rich soil and a cool moist temperature. Grown in this way, large plants in five- and six-inch pots, with twenty or more large blooms, may readily be had for the holiday sales from the giant-flowered strain.

DAHLIA.

Flowering plants of Dahlias may be grown nearly as easily from seed as from roots. Seed sown in February and March will make blooming plants by August, and with our fine strain the florist's stock of dahlias may be rapidly increased and much diversified in color. The Pompon Dahlias produce small, compact, very double flowers. The Large-flowering Double produces large double flowers in the richest colorings. The new Tom Thumb is dwarf and compact in growth, making fine plants for bedding. The Single-flowered Dahlias are equally showy as the double ones, come into flower more quickly, and bloom more freely; they embrace a wide range of rich colorings, and are frequently striped or spotted in contrasting colors. Florists using our selected strains can depend on a large percentage of very fine-flowered plants and occasionally choice new varieties.

	P	KT.	- (oz.
	Large-flowering Double, Mixed,\$	0 05	\$0	65
1839	Extra Choice Large-flowering Double,	10	1	50
1841	Choice Mixed Pompon,			_
	(½ oz., 40 cts.)	5	I	50
1843	Extra Choice Selected Pompon,	10	2	00
1845	Superb Single, Mixed, Extra Fine,	10		45
	Striped Single,	10		50
1849	New Tom Thumb, Mixed,	10		50

DELPHINIUM.

The Formosum flowers from seed the first season, but the spikes are much taller and the plants bloom more freely the second year; the flowers are of the richest dark blue and last well as cut-flowers. The plants live for many years and bloom all summer, a bed of them providing a constant supply of fine flowers throughout the season. The mixed strain is identical with the above, but embraces quite a variety of shades, from pale china-blue to the deepest and richest blue found in flowering plants.

PER PER

5	1		PKT.	oz.
5	3243	Formosum,	 .\$0 05	\$0 50
5	3245	Choice Mixed	 . 5	20

DOLICHOS.

These climbers are well worthy of culture in every flower-garden. Burpee's new "Daylight," a grand free-flowering white variety, and "¿Darkness," a fine companion with rich dark purplish-red flowers, are the best of the separate varieties now offered, and the flowers are succeeded by large showy pods of the same distinct colorings.

		PKT.	OZ.
2769	Darkness,(Per tb, \$1.2	5)\$0 05	\$0 15
2771	Daylight,(Per tb, \$1.0	0) 5	15

DIANTHUS (Chinese Pinks).

These are used chiefly for bedding, blooming freely from early summer until cut off by severe frosts. Some of the separate colors, like the pure white and the dark scarlet, are good for cut-flowers, while the bright colorings of both the single- and double-flowered strains make fine bouquets.

Dianthus plumarius (the Pheasant's-Eye Pink) and Dianthus scoticus, double-flowered, are hardy varieties, blooming freely in May and June the second year from sowing the seed. The flowers of Plumarius are brightly marked with violet-purple and the petals finely fringed. The flowers of Scoticus are pure white, quite double, finely fringed, and have a delightful clove fragrance.

		PKT.	OZ.
1861	Chinensis, Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 18
1863	" fl. pl., Re-selected,	5	3.5
1865	Diadematus, fl. pl., Mixed,	5	45
1867	Heddewiggii, Finest Single, Mixed,	5	30
1871	" fl. pl., Mixed,	5	50
1873	" Mourning Cloak,	5	65
1877	" Dwarf Fireball,	10	60
1879	" Snowball,	10	60
	Large-flowered Dwarf Double Hy-		-
1000	brids,	10	7.5
1889	Imperialis, fl. pl.,	5	25
1891	Laciniatus Single, Mixed,	5	30
1895	" Nanus, New Hybrids,	5	-
1899	" A pl Mined		40
	fl. pl., Mixed,	5	60
	Our Own Mixture of Many Varieties,.	5	40
	Fordhook Favorites, Mixed,	10	60
	Plumarius (Pheasant's-Eye Pink),	10	15
3249	Scoticus, fl. pl.,(100 seeds, 50 cts.)	10	-

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy).

Free-flowering plants for summer bedding; the seed should be sown thinly broadcast or in drills where the plants are to bloom. The plants are of low-spreading growth, making a dense carpet of fine feathery foliage, thickly starred with the brilliant-hued flowers.

		KT.	OZ.
1909	Mixed,\$0	05	\$0 15
1911	Crocea,	5	25
1913	Golden West,	5	25
1915	Douglassii,	10	25
1969	Bush Eschscholtzia (Hunnemannia), .	10	30

EUPHORBIA.

Heterophylla grows stiffly erect and in the fall produces bracts of brilliant scarlet leaves at the top of each branch, somewhat similar to the well-known Poinsettia. The Marzinal grows in a compact rounded bush two feet in height, and has large green leaves widely margined with white.

		PKT.	OZ.
$\frac{1917}{1919}$	Marginata,	.\$0 05	\$0 15
	Heterophylla,	. 10	60

FEVERFEW (Matricaria).

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis).

Very pretty flowering plants of dwarf compact growth; nearly all the varieties flower the first season and profusely the second spring; the plants are entirely hardy. Alpestris has deep china-blue flowers; A. alba, pure white flowers. Eliza Fornobert has much longer sprays, and the individual florets are twice the size of the ordinary type; rich chinablue. Palustris is the true swamp variety. Plants of the first three varieties may be potted in the fall, and will bloom freely in a cool greenhouse during the winter.

1927	Palustris,(1/4 oz., 35 cts.)\$0	05	\$1	25
1929	Alpestris, Blue	5		40
1930		5		40
1933	Eliza Fonrobert	10		50

FUCHSIA.

Fine plants of Fuchsia for blooming indoors can be grown easily from seed planted in the spring; these plants may be grown in a cool greenhouse or in partial shade outdoors during the summer, and should begin to flower early in the winter. Our mixed strain is saved from a large collection of the finest named varieties. Fuchsia procumbens is of slender trailing growth, very desirable for hanging-baskets; and vases; the flowers are insignificant, but are succeeded by quite large seed-pods of rich scarlet coloring.

3367	Double and Single, Mixed,		KT.
$\frac{3369}{3371}$	(500 seeds, \$1.35) Superb Mixed, (500 seeds, \$1.50) Procumbens, (500 seeds, 75 cts.)	\$0	15 25 15

GAILLARDIA

(Mexican Blanket Flower).

This plant will grow and flower freely in the driest soils and in the most sunny locations. The brilliant-hued flowers are of large size, and grow on long stiff stems. The mixed strain embraces a wide range of the most gorgeous large single flowers; Pitla Lorenziana has double flowers of large size and considerable diversity of coloring.

	PKT.	
Fine Mixed, Picta Lorenziana, Doubl		

GERANIUM.

Our Geranium seed is carefully hybridized from choice named varieties. The plants grown from seed produce fine flowers, and sometimes new and attractive shades can be obtained. The Zonale produces single-flowered plants of the well-known bedding type; we also offer a strain producing a large percentage of double-flowered plants of the same type. The Fancy Pelargonium is the Lady Washington Geranium, which flowers so beautifully as pot plants in the early spring. The Apple-Scented is quite distinct, and the best of all the scented-leaved varieties; fine plants of this variety can be grown only from seed, as it does not do well from cuttings.

100 seeds, 75 cts.)

100 seeds, 75 cts.)

101 seeds, 75 cts.)

102 seeds, 75 cts.)

103 seeds, 75 cts.)

103 seeds, 75 cts.)

105 seeds, 75 cts.)

Scented,...(250 seeds, 40 cts.) 25 GLOXINIAS.

The seed we offer is carefully hybridized in our greenhouses at FORDHOOK FARMS, where we have a magnificent collection, and can be depended upon to produce large erect flowers in the greatest range of colorings. The New Giant-flowered strain produces flowers three to four inches across, in the most beautiful colorings and markings. $_{\rm PER}$

		PKT.
3395	Erect, Large-flowering, Best Mixed,	
	(1000 seeds, 50 cts.)	25
3397	New Giant-flowered, Mixed,	
	(1000 seeds, 75 cts.)	25

GOURDS.

Treated as climbers, grown on a trellis or to cover rockwork, etc., these are of rapid growth, and afford a dense shade. Many of the fruits are brightly colored, and others are of odd and curious shapes. The dried shells of some of the varieties are useful in the house, while those of the Japanese Nest-Egg make fine nest-eggs, as the name implies. The form of the new Spoon Gourd is well shown in the illustration on page 150 of THE FARM ANNUAL. The base of the bowl is a rich dark green, with the upper portion and slender neck a rich yellow, while the long stripes are a creamy white.

PKT. OZ.

438 Japanese Nest-Egg (pure),	0 10	\$0 20
2775 Spoon Gourd,	10	20
2795 Fine Mixed,	5	I 2

GYPSOPHILA.

A quick-growing plant, bearing a profusion of small, star-like white flowers. Sown early in the spring, it comes into bloom with Sweet Peas, and the graceful sprays are largely used to give a light loose effect to the bouquets of the latter flower.

the lat	ter nower.	PKT.	OZ.
	Elegans,		\$0 I2
1949	Covent Garden,	5	15

HELIOTROPE.

The finest plants for summer flowering are grown from our strain of Lemoine's Giant Hybrids; the flowers come mainly in the rich purple shades, but white and reddish mauve are also frequent. Seeds sown in February make good large plants for spring sales. Dark Bouquet has close compact heads of deep purple flowers; Lady in While, large clusters of pure white flowers. Our Choice Mixed is saved from the regular florists' varieties.

	•	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
1953	Dark Bouquet, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	\$0 IO	
1955	The Black King,(1/4 oz., 45 cts.)	10	
	Lady in White, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)		
1961	Choice Mixed,	10	\$1 00
1965	Lemoine's Giant Hybrids,		
	(1000 seeds, 40 cts.)	T 5	

HOLLYHOCK.

This well-known plant produces tall spikes of fine blooms the second spring from seed, and we suggest that florists would find ready sale for the large one-year-old clumps ready for blooming, as they are highly esteemed for mixed flower borders or planting among flowering shrubs.

PI	KT.	-	OZ.
3255 Double White, (1/4 oz., 75 cts.)\$0	10		
3257 Fine Double, Mixed,	5	\$0	60
3259 Fordhook Superb Double, Mixed,	10	I	00
3261 Sunrise, Straw-yellow,	15	1	50
3263 Sunset, Carmine-pink,	15	I	50
3265 Flamingo, Deep Carmine,	15	I	50
3267 Atlantic, Lilac-pink,	15	1	50
3269 Pacific, Clear Lilac,	15		50
3271 Five Finest Mixed,	15	I	40
3277 Allegheny Strain, Mixed,	10		00
3279 Ficifolia, Mixed,	10		85
We make liberal Florists' Packets of	any	of	the
above at the rate of 25 cts. per packet, net.			

IPOMOEA.

The varieties listed below are all quite distinct, both in growth and flower, from the Morning Glories, and require a longer time in which to grow and bloom, but will cover a much larger area. Bona Nox, or Evening Glory, is of very strong growth and produces large violet-purple flowers which open in the evening.

	Setosa (Brazilian Morning Glory),\$0	10	\$0	20
	Bona Nox (Good Night),	5		10
	Coccinea (Star Ipomæa),	5		10
	Grandiflora Striped-leaved, Mixed,	5		20
2811	Choice Mixed,	5		10

LANTANA.

Free-flowering shrubby plants, bearing a profusion of brightly colored flowers. Our fine mixed seed will produce plants with a wide range of colors.

LARKSPUR.

These are the annuals, blooming only a single season and must not be confused with the hardy Delphiniums, excepting the New Compact Blue, which, while blooming profusely the first season, lives over winter and blooms freely the second summer. The sprays of cut bloom are quite useful for loose bouquets and vases.

	Pk	T.	C)Z.
	Double Dwarf Rocket, Mixed,\$0	05	\$0	10
	Tall Rocket Double, Mixed,	5		12
	Emperor, Mixed,	5		20
1983	New Compact Blue ($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40 cts.),	10		75

LATHYRUS Latifolius

(Perennial Peas).

These are entirely hardy, coming up from the roots early in the spring. The flowers are quite similar to sweet peas, but are borne in close clusters, and are without fragrance; useful for cutting.

		PKT.	
	Purple,		\$o 25
	White,		35
	New Pink Beauty,		
3293	Mixed,	- 5	12

LINARIA (Kenilworth Ivy). This grows readily from seed and is one of the finest

plants for edges of vases or hanging-baskets, as well as for pot-plants in the house, and for planting out on rockwork.

PER
PER
3405 Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy), PKT.

(½ 02., 40 cts.) \$0 5 5 5

LOBELIA.

These dwarf compact plants make very pretty edgings for flower-beds, and florists will find them readily salable as small pot-plants in the spring. Seed sown in February and grown in small pots make fine blooming plants in May. Erinus compacta has flowers of a deep rich blue; E. compacta alba, pure white. The following are especially suited for pot-plants: Crystal Palace, splendid dark blue flowers; White Gem, quite large, pure white, in greatest profusion, and Star of Ischi, charming dark blue flowers. Cardinalis is a hardy perennial and is much esteemed for borders.

		I I	ER		ŁK
			KT.		oz.
1991	Erinus	Compacta, (½ oz., 45 cts.)\$	0.05	\$0	85
1993	4.6	" Alba,	5		75
1995	4.4	Crystal Palace Compacta,	5	1	25
1997	6.6	Mixed,	5		40
1999	4.6	Star of Ischl,	10	1	00
2001	4.6	White Gem,	10	1	00
3294	Cardin	alis (perennial) (1/4 oz., 65 cts.),	10		

LYCHNIS.

These plants are desirable for borders of mixed perennials, and florists can have fine plants from seed for sale from the open ground.

2011 Chalcedonica.

PER PER OZ.

2013 Haageana Hybrida, Mixed, 5 75

MARIGOLDS.

Very showy free-flowering plants for summer bedding. *Eldorado*, is a large very double flower of rich orange hue, and *Lemon Queen*, a pale golden yellow, grow three feet high and are extremely showy in beds of mixed flowers. The new "*Lemon-Ball*" shown on colored plate page 117 of THE FARM ANNUAL is the largest and most beautiful of all African Marigolds. The extra large flowers are perfectly rounded,—of nearly "ball-like" form and are of a beautiful clear *canary-yellow* color.

The Dwarf French varieties are of close compact growth, eighteen inches high, and of equal diameter,—a ball-like mass of feathery dark green foliage; they are most profuse in bloom, and make a grand show planted in masses or as borders to other flowers. Legion of Honor is the only single-flowered variety we offer; it flowers most profusely, and the bright yellow flowers, of which each petal is broadly marked with rich brown, are most attractive. The Compact Gold Striped has very double flowers, the petals being richly striped with yellow and brown; the flowers of Pulchra are a rich golden yellow, with velvety brown center; Brown Marble, reddish brown, marbled with orange. Orange Ball, rich clear orange. The Dwarf Mixed is a fine double-flowered strain showing a wide range of colorings.

				PKI.	UZ.
2017			e, Mixed,		\$0 15
2019			ado,or Dahlia-flowered		25
2021			ueen,		25
2022			.ll,		
			, Brown Marble,		25
2027	6.6		Dwarf Pulchra,		25
2029	4.6	4.6	Orange Ball,		25
2031	6.6	44	Compact Gold Striped		20
2033	**	44	Dwarf Mixed,		12
2037	" 5	Single,	Legion of Honor,	. 5	15

MIMULUS.

The flowers of Tigrinus are a bright yellow, thickly marked with rich brown dots: Grandiflorus has much larger flowers, with beautiful markings. Both of these make fine basket or vase plants. Moschatus is the well-known Musk Plant, the yellow flowers of which have a strong musk fragrance.

2079	_	ER KT.	_	OZ.
	(½ oz., 35 cts.)\$0 " Grandiflorus. (½ oz., 50 cts.)		\$1	25
2083	Moschatus (Musk Plant), (1/8 oz. 25 cts.)	5	1	50

MARVEL-OF-PERU (Mirabilis).

Called Four-o'clocks, because the flowers remain closed until late in the afternoon, when they open rapidly and in a few minutes the plants are literally covered with bloom.

			UZ.
2039	Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 IO
2041	Variegated,	5	10
2043	Tom Thumb, Mixed,	5	15

MIGNONETTE.

This is a standard florist's flower, being grown all the year round for the delightful fragrance of the spikes of bloom. We offer the finest large-flowered strains for winter forcing, as well as the best bedding varieties. Allen's Defiance is a long-spiked variety, extensively grown for the New York market. New Giant-flowered Red is one of the largest-flowered of all Mignonettes. Nineteen Hundred, Quaker City, are all large-spiked varieties and largely grown for cut-flowers. New Golden Machet and Improved Golden Queen are excellent summer bedding sorts, with florets of deep golden yellow. Giant White Spiral (Reseda alba) is not really a Mignonette, but is quite distinct in growth, reaching eighteen inches in height, with slender white flowers.

		PKI.	UZ.
2055	Pure Machet,	. \$0 05	\$0 30
	Golden Machet,		30
	Improved Golden Queen,		30
	Allen's Defiance,		3.5
	Nineteen Hundred,		40
	Improved Sweet,		7
	Quaker City,		40
	Giant-flowered, Red,		3.5
	Fordhook Finest, Mixed,		3.5
2075	Giant White Spiral,	- 5	30

MOMORDICA.

Summer climbers of rapid growth, with finely cut ornamental foliage, producing numbers of curious, spiny, orange-yellow fruits in the fall. When ripened, these fruits split open and disclose the large, bright, scarlet-covered seeds. The ripe fruits placed in alcohol make an excellent liniment for cuts, burns, or bruises.

		PKT.	OZ.
2825	Balsamina (Balsam Apple),	\$0 05	·\$0 15
2827	Charantia (Balsam Pear)	5	15

MCONFLOWER.

Summer climbers of strong rapid growth, frequently reaching thirty to forty feet in height; the large flowers open early in the evening. The "Original Moonflower" has heart-shaped leaves, and the flowers vary greatly in coloring. While reaching such large growth outdoors in summer, make dwarf, free-blooming plants when grown in pots during winter. The White-Seeded has smooth glossy leaves and the stems thickly set with spines; the flowers are pure white, of satiny texture and delightful jessamine fragrance. The Cross-bred is similar in growth to the White-Seeded, but comes into bloom fully a month earlier, and the flowers are of immense size.

		T.		Z.
2819 White-Seeded,			\$0	50
2821 Cross-bred, or Hybrid,				50
2823 "Original" Variety,	 	10		70

TALL MORNING GLORIES.

Seed of the hardier sorts may be sown as early in the spring as the soil can be dug in a fine loose condition; but with the finer Japanese sorts we should advise delaying the planting until the trees are starting out in leaf, or starting the seeds in boxes in the house early and growing the plants in pots until the trees are out in full leaf.

2833 Tall, Mixed (Convolvulus Major),	PKT.	OZ.
	(Per lb, 45 cts.)		\$0 06
			30
	Tassel,	. 10	60
2839 New Imperial	Japanese,		
	Mixed Colors	5	12
2841 Japanese, Bur			
	Fancy Mixed	, 10	25

DWARF MORNING GLORIES.

2089	Crimson-Violet,\$0	05	\$0 10	l
2093 2095	Striped,(Per lb. 45 cts.)	5 5	. 10	

OXALIS.

Rosea grows six inches high and has bright pink flowers. Tropaloides, very dwarf with reddish-brown leaves and yellow flowers. Valdiviana, tall green leaves, marked with brown; lemon-yellow flowers on tall stems.

		PK	т.	- (DZ.
	Rosea,(1/8 oz., 40		05	\$2	50
	Tropæloides,		5		60
	Valdiviana,		5		40
2189	Choice Mixed,(1/4 oz., 60	cts.)	5	2	25

TALL NASTURTIUMS.

Few plants succeed like these under widely varying conditions, grow as quickly or provide such a wealth of brilliant-hued flowers. In very rich soil they will grow rampantly, but will not bloom as early as in poor soils. They may be supported on brush or trellises or allowed to trail at will over the ground. The rows of Tall Nasturriums should be at least four feet apart to allow them room to spread, and seed should be planted four to six inches apart in drills one inch deep, early in the spring, when the trees are starting out in leaf. Firm the soil well after the seed is planted to insure proper germination. The young plants should be thinned to stand six inches apart when well started to grow. Can be grown also as pot plants for winter flowering or trailing plants in hanging baskets or vases

Tall or Trailing NASTURTIUMS.

		PKT.	PER OZ.	1/4 lb.
2861	Butterfly (Burpee's),	80 10	\$0 12	So 45
3865	Caprice (Burpee's),	10	10	30
2863	Dark Crimson,	5	7	2.5
2864	Crasus (Burpee's)	10	15	50
2865	Dunnett's Orange,	5	6	15
	Flammeum,	5	10	30
2869	Golden-leaved Scarlet,	5	6	1.5
2871	Hemispharicum,	5	6	20
2873	King Theodore,	5	10	3.5
2874	Midnight,	10	1.5	50
2875	Moonlight (Burpee's),	5	10	30
2877	Pearl,	5	6	20
	Prince Henry,	5	6	20
2883	Rose,	5	12	40
2885	Salmon Queen,	10	10	30
2887		5	6	20
2891	Sunlight (Burpee's)	5	10	30
2892	Twil.ght (Burpee's),	10	15	50
2894	Von Moltke,	5	10	30
	Mixed, (Per lb. 45 cts.)	5	5	15

LOBB'S NASTURTIUMS.

(Tropaeolum Lobbianum.)

2907	Aureum,\$0	10	So 15	So 50
	Brilliant,	5	10	30
	Cardinal,	5	7	25
	Crown Prince of Prussia,	5	7	25
	Crystal Palace,	5	10	30
	Giant of Battles,	5	10	30
	Gold Garnet,	10	15	45
	King of the Blacks,	5	10	30
2923	Lucifer,	5	10	30
	Queen Victoria,	5	10	30
	Rudolph Virchow,	10	15	50
2927	Spitfire,	5	10	30
2929	Triumph de Gand,	10	20	60
2930	Finest Mixed, (Per lb. 70 cts.)	5	6	20

For novellies in Nasturtiums see pages 85 to 87.

Burpee's Farm Annual for 1905

has been mailed to all who are entitled to receive it without writing for a copy.

Have you received a copy?

If not and you intend ordering seeds you should write at once for a copy—a postal card will do. Each year we endeavor to make THE FARM ANNUAL better and are satisfied that never before have we been able to offer planters a finer lot of novelties or seed of a higher quality. Remember letters reach us safely if addressed simply—

Burpee, Philadelphia

TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS.

In their neat bushy growth (only twelve inches high) these present almost as distinct contrast to the Tall Nasturtiums as do the famous CUPIDS, introduced by us, to the tall Sweet Peas. They are free flowering and very desirable for bedding, vases, and pot plants. Plant seed one inch deep in rows one to two feet apart when the trees are starting out in leaf. When well started to grow, the young plants should be thinned out or transplanted to stand ten or twelve inches apart, as the plants are liable to rot off in wet weather, particularly in heavy, rich soils, if planted too closely together.

		PKT.	PER OZ.	1/4 lb.
2103	Aurora,	.\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0 20
	Beauty,		6	20
2107	Brilliant Yellow,	. 10	15	50
2109	Bronze-Colored,	. 5	6	20
2111	Cattell's Crimson,	- 5	10	30
2113	New French Chameleon,	. 10	15	40
2115	Cloth of Gold,	- 5	10	30
2119	Crystal Palace Gem,	- 5	6	20
2123	Deep Scarlet,	- 5	6	20
2125	Empress of India,	- 5	6	20
2127	General Jacqueminot,	. 10	15	50
2129	Golden King,	- 5	10	30
2131	King of Tom Thumbs,	. 5	7	25
2133	King Theodore,	- 5	7	25
2135	Lady Bird,	. 5	7	25
2139	Pearl,	- 5		20
2141	Prince Henry,	- 5	6	20
2147	Ruby King,	- 5	6	20
	Spotted King,		6	20
	Mixed,(Per lb, 60 cts.)		6	17

OTHER NASTURTIUMS.

		PKT.	PE	R OZ	1/4	Ιb
2155	Burpee's "Gorgeous" Mixture					
	of Tom Thumb,					
	(Per lb, \$1.10)\$0	05	\$0	10	\$0	30
2161	Dwarf Lilliput Mixed,					
	(Per lb, \$1.00)	5		10		30
2920	Burpee's "Hotspur Harlequin"	10		15		50
2897	Hybrids of Madame Gunter,					
	(Per lb, 70 cts.)	5		6		20
2899	Tall French Chameleon,					
	(Per lb, \$1.00)	5		10		30
2901	Fordhook Favorite Mixture of					
	Tall Nasturtiums,					
	(Per lb, 90 cts.)	5		10		25
2931	Trailing Tom Pouce,					
	(Per lb, 90 cts.)	5		10		30
2940	Original Ivy-Leaved					
	(Per lb, \$1.75)	10		15		50

PANSY,—BURPEE'S DEFIANCE.

Excepting only the New Burpee's Blend these are the finest giant-flowered Pansics in cultivation. We offer.—2305 Giant Royal Purple, 2307 Giant Pure Gold, 2309 Giant Fancy Striped, 2311 Giant Emperor William, 2313 Giant Bacconsfield, 2315 Giant Black, 2317 Giant Spotted White, 2319 Giant President McKinley, 2321 Giant President Carnot, and 2325 Giant Fancy Five Spotted each at 15 cts. per pkt. Per Trade Packet of 1000 seeds, 65 cts.; ½ 02. \$1.10; per ¼ 02. \$2.00. 2301 Giant Fancy Mixed and 2303 Burpee's Giant Defiance Finest Mixed all colors, each at 15 cts. per pkt. Per Trade Packet of 1000 seeds, 60 cts.; ½ 02. \$1.00; ½ 02. \$1.75.

PANSIES.

The Bugnot, Cassier's, Giant Trimardeau, and Burpee's Defiance strains make the largest and finest flowers during the winter and early spring; while the Imperial German and separate-named sorts, together with our fine mixtures, are most desirable for summer bloom. Our Fordhook Bedding Mixture is made up from the brightest and most free-flowering varieties, selected by the experience gained in our summer trials in the open ground. For full description of the finest varieties, including Burpee's Defiance strain and other choice novelties, see The FARM ANNUAL FOR 1905.

FOR 1905.	PER	T	ER
2191 Improved Giant Trimardeau,	PKT.		DZ.
(½ oz., 50 cts.)\$o 10		00
2193 Odier or Blotched, (1/4 oz., 55 cts.	5	2	00
2195 Cassier's Giant Odier, . (1/8 oz., 40 cts.		3	00
2197 The Bugnot Pansies, (1/8 oz., 55 cts.) 10	4	00
2203 Quadricolor, or Pheasant's-Eye,			
(½ oz., 45 cts.			80
2205 Prince Bismarck,(1/2 oz., 45 cts.) 5		80
2207 Snow Queen or Snowflake,			
(½ oz., 50 cts.			90
2209 King of the Blacks, (1/2 oz., 45 cts.			80
2211 Lord Beaconsfield,(½ oz., 45 cts.			80
2213 Emperor William, (1/2 oz., 45 cts.			80
2217 Striped and Mottled, (1/2 oz., 45 cts.			80
2219 Dark Purple,(1/2 oz., 45 cts.			80
2223 Gold Margined, (1/2 oz., 45 cts.			80
2225 Pure Yellow, (½ oz., 45 cts.			80
2229 Large-Flowering, Very Fine Mixed,		1	
2231 Good Quality Mixed,	- 5		60
2233 Fordhook Bedding Pansies,	\		
(½ oz., 30 cts.			00
2235 Sweet-Scented Pansies, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.			25
2295 Royal Prize Pansies, . (1/4 oz., 60 cts.) 10	2	25
We make "Trade Packets" (containing			000
seeds) of any of the above separate colors of	or the mi	ixtu	ires
at 25 cents each.			
DATES TENDEDIAL CO		-	-

PANSY.—IMPERIAL GERMAN.

	111	1451, IMILIANE OF	TATE	TT 4	•
			PER PKT.		ER Z.
ı	0040	Disals Duines / Don 16 on 6e etc.			
ı		Black Prince, (Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.		\$4	
1		Cardinal,(Per 1/4 oz., 35 cts.			25
ı		Crown Prince,(Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.) 10	4	00
	2251	Dark Mahogany with White Margin,			
ı		(Per ½ oz., 60 cts.		4	00
ł	2252	Dark Mahogany with Yellow Margin,	,		
		(Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.) 10	4	00
	2254	Deep Yellow,(Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.) 10	4	00
ı	2256	Emperor Frederick (Per 1/2 oz., 45 cts.) 10		80
	2259	Emperor William, Improved,			
		(Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.) 10	- 4	00
	2261	Fairy Queen, (Per ½ oz., 45 cts.		7	80
		Fire King, (Per 1/2 oz., 45 cts.			80
		Tet Black,(Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.			00
		Large-Spotted Mixed,	, 10	*	-
	~~11	(Per ½ oz., 60 cts.) 10		00
	9979	Marbled, Mixed, .(Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.) 10		00
		Meteor,(Per ½ oz., 45 cts.		4	80
	2410	Odier, or Five-Spotted,	.) 10		80
	2211		\		
	0000	(Per ½ oz., 70 cts.			00
	2279				00
		Red Riding-Hood, (Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.			00
	2285		.) 10	4	00
	2289	Snow Queen, or Snow Fairy,			
		(Per ½ oz., 60 cts.		4	00
	2291	Ultramarine-Blue, (Per 1/8 oz., 60 cts.		4	00
•		Victoria Red, (Per 1/4 oz., 30 cts.	.) 10	1	00
	2241	All Varieties, Mixed,			
		(Per ¼ oz., 90 cts	.) 10	3	50

DOUBLE SWEET PEAS. We do not consider these so beautiful as the expanded large single about thirty per cent, of the flowers as yet come double from the seed, and we offer the following varieties: 3165 Apple Blossom,—3167 Boreatton,—3169 Bride of Niagara,—3171 Butterfly,—3173 Captain of the Blues,—3175 Duke of Clarence,—3177 Senator,—3179 Splendor,—3181 Butterfly,—3173 Captain of the Blues,—3181 Experimental Splendor,—3181 Splendor,—3181

Curious "Snapdragon" Sweet Peas. In this distinct class the flowers seemingly remain in a bud-like form; that is, the standard closely overlaps the wings. We offer 3187 RED RIDING HOOD, of a soft rosy pink;—3189 ORIGINAL "SNAPDRAGON," creamy white, tipped with bright rose;—3191 Pink, of a lovely soft shell-pink;—3189 WHITE, the flowers are snow-white. Each of these are 5 cts. per pkt.; 6 cts. per oz.; ¼ lb. 17 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

Burpee's "Snapdragons," Mixed. This new mixture contains six colors of the curiously formed and deliciously fragrant "Snapdragon" Sweet Peas. Besides their unique beauty in bouquets of assorted flowers (not with other Sweet Peas), these "Snapdragons" are superior to the regular sweet peas for boutonnières. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.

New Race of Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas.

The plants are erect, fifteen to eighteen inches high when in full flower, but branching freely so that the close bushes are frequently fifteen inches and more in diameter, composed of short erect branches with abundant light green foliage. The flowers, while not so large, are of as fine form and beautiful coloring as the tall varieties. As the stems of flowers can be cut with some of the neat attractive foliage, they are most destrable for bunching in bouquets and for floral decorations. The Bush Sweet Peas succeed best in light well-drained soil and dry locations.

	Per oz.	1/16	Per tb.
2397 Blanche Burpee. Flowers ² / ₃ size of tall variety,			\$0 60
2399 Blanche Ferry. Popular pink and white flowers,	6	15	50
2400 Dorothy Tennant. Handsome rose-purple self	7	25	70
2401 Firefly. Bright scarlet. Per pkt. 10 cts	10	30	1 10
2403 Gaiety. White, striped crimson. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 10
2405 Gray Friar. The original "Bush Sweet Pea." Silvery-gray	6	15	50
2407 Her Majesty. Beautifully hooded flowers; deep rose-pink,	6	20	60
2408 Lady Mary Currie. One of the best Bush Sweet Peas. Rich			
glowing salmon-orange. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	-30	1 00
2409 Lottie Eckford. Flowers nearly as large as tall variety,		25	75
2413 Monarch. Dark flowers; contrast finely with foliage,	6	20	. 55
2417 Prima Donna. A most exquisite shade of flesh pink,	7	25	75
2418 Royal Rose. Beautiful large hooded flowers. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
2419 Sadie Burpee (b. s.). Flowers smaller than tall variety. White			
with faint pink flush. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 10
2421 Senator. A perfect reproduction of the tall variety,	6	20	60
2425 All Colors Mixed. Contains many new varieties,	7	25	70

Except where otherwise priced, each is 5 cents per packet.

Burpee's Dwarf CUPID Sweet Peas.

A new and entirely distinct race of Sweet Peas, first introduced by us in 1805, differing as widely as possible from the usual tall vine-like growth, being of low very compact-spreading form. Plants are seldom more than six inches in height and form a dense mat of richest green foliage fifteen inches or more in diameter. The flowers are fully equal in size to those of the tall-growing varieties, but are placed closely together, generally three or four at the top of a stout stiff stem, seemingly poised just above the surface of the dark green foliage. The stems branch freely with close joints, and are thickly set with dark green leaves. Succeed best in well-drained soil

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
2343 Alice Eckford. Standard silvery white, shaded rose; wings			
white	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 60
2341 America. Blood-red stripings on silvery-white ground,	6	20	60
2345 Apple Blossom. Flowers very large and beautifully hooded,	6	20	60
2347 Boreatton. A very rich claret shade,	6	20	60
2349 Bridesmaid. Very deep pink almost self-colored. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
2351 Burpee's Beauty. Standard rese-pink; wings resv carmine,	6	20	60
2353 Captain of the Blues. Very nearly deep blue in color,	6	20	60
2355 Chamberlain. Truly "Giant-flowered,"	6	20	65
2357 Countess of Radnor. Flowers larger than tall Countess,	6	20	60
2359 Enchantress. Rose-pink on rich cream ground. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
2361 Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Ten days earlier than Pink			
Cupid,	6	20	60
2363 Firefly. The effect is a bright fiery scarlet,	6	20	60
2365 Her Majesty. A pleasing shade of deep rosy crimson,	6	20	60
2367 Lady Mary Currie. Rich orange-tinted variety. Pkt. 10 cts.,	12	35	1 25
2369 Lottie Eckford. Silvery white, edged purple lavender,	7	25	70
2371 Mauve Queen. Deep pinkish mauve on cream ground. Pkt.			
10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
2373 Pink. Has pink and white flowers of the Blanche Ferry type,	6	15	50
2375 Prima Donna. A most beautiful blush pink. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	12	35	1 25
2377 Primrose. Flowers identical with the tall Primrose,	6	15	50
2379 Prince of Wales. A self-colored deep rose. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 25
2381 Royalty. The finest self-colored pink,	6	20	55
2383 Sadie Burpee (b. s.). More vigorous than White Cupid. Pkt.			
10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
2384 Salopian. The best scarlet. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	12	35	1 25
2385 Stella Morse. In color identical with tall Stella Morse,	6	20	55
2389 White. The original variety. Purest paper white,	6	15	50
2393 Cupids Mixed. Includes many varieties not listed. Pkt.			4 00
10 cts.,	10	30	1 00

Except where otherwise priced, each is 5 cents per packet.

Best Tall SWEET PEAS.

We are recognized throughout the world as "Headquarters for Sweet Peas." We have named and introduced more varieties than any other seedsmen excepting only Mr. Henry Eckford. Our stocks are SUPERFINE—extra selected and absolutely pure. We sell annually tons of seed to the most critical buyers in England as well as America.

Our New Leaflet telling "How to Raise the Finest Sweet Peas" gives complete informa-

tion on culture of the various types,-Free when requested.

Feach variety except where otherwise priced is 3 cts. per packet; any nine packets for 25 cts.; 6 cts. per ounce; any Five Ounce Packages for 25 cts. This rate is net and not subject to further discount.

This rate is net and not subject to further discount.			
White.	Per. oz.	Per ¼ tb.	Per. lb.
2955 Mont Blanc (Benary's). The earliest white, fine for forcing, 2957 Josephine White. An early flowering variety,	\$0 06 6 6 6 6		\$0 40 40 35 35 40 40 55
Cream or Light Yellow.			
2969 Coquette. Deep primrose shaded with lavender in standards, 2973 Lady M. Ormsby-Gore. Primrose delicately shaded with buff, 2975 Mrs. Eckford. A beautiful shade of light primrose-yellow,	6 6	10 15 10 10 15 15	35 40 35 35 45 40 40
Very Light Blush.			
2983 Modesty (Burpee's). A very light shade of blush-pink, 2985 Sensation (Burpee's). Silky-white suffused with faint blush-pink	6	15 15	$\begin{array}{c} 40 \\ 40 \end{array}$
Light Pink.			
2987 Countess of Lathom. A soft creamy-pink,	6 6 6 6	10 10 15 10 10	35 35 40 35 35 35
Deeper Shades of Pink.			
2997 Apple Blossom. A true apple blossom shade,	6	10 10 15 10 15 15 15	30 30 45 35 40 40 40
Rich Shades of Rose.			
3011 American Queen (Burpee's). Standard salmon-red; wings rose, 3013 Colonist. A glowing rosy-pink,	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	15 15 10 10 15 15 15 15	40 40 40 35 35 50 40 40
Shades of Orange and Salmon.			
3043 Gorgeous (Burpee's). A deep salmon-orange,	6 6 6 6	10 10 15 15 15 15	35 35 40 40 40 40

TALL SWEET PEAS.—Continued.

		Pon	
Red and Scarlet.	Per oz.	Per ¼ tb.	Per lb.
3027 Brilliant (Burpee's). A very bright crimson-scarlet,	\$0.06		\$0 40
3029 Coccinea. Self-colored of a bright rich cherry,	6	15	40
3031 Firefly. Bright scarlet blooms of fair size,	6	15	40
3033 George Gordon. A self-colored claret-red,	6	10	35
3035 Mars. A glowing scarlet of grandiflora form	6	15	40
3037 Prince Edward of York. Standard scarlet; wings deep rose,	6	10	35
3039 Salopian (Burpee's Improved "Sunproof"). A fine scarlet,	6	15	40
Diale and White			
Pink and White.			
3056 Burpee's "Extreme-Early" Earliest of All. Earliest. Pkt. 10 cts. 3057 Burpee's Earliest of All. Earlier than Extra Early Blanche	10	30	1 00
3057 Burpee's Earliest of All. Earlier than Extra Early Blanche	0	1.5	10
Ferry,	6	15	40
3059 Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Earlier than Blanche Ferry	6	10 10	$\frac{30}{25}$
3061 Blanche Ferry. Standard rose-pink; wings white tinted rose,	0	10	20
Blue and White.			
3065 Lottie Eckford. White shaded and edged with soft lavender,	6	15	40
3067 Maid of Honor (Burpee's). White edged with light blue,		15	40
	0	-	
Claret and Maroon.			
3069 Black Knight. Standard wine-brown; wings brownish-purple,	6	10	35
3071 Duke of Clarence. Rosy claret bordering on purple-maroon,	6	10	35
3073 Duke of Sutherland. Standard deep claret; wings violet-purple,	6	10	35
3075 Duke of Westminster. A beautiful shade of rosy claret,	6	10	35
3077 Othello. A deep maroon self-color,	6	15	40
3079 Shahzada. Dark maroon shaded with a purple tint,	6	15	40
3081 Stanley. Darkest maroon of a burnished tint,	6	15	40
Stringd and Variageted			
Striped and Variegated.	0	10	2.5
3083 America. Silvery-white striped with bright blood-red,	6	10	35
3085 Aurora (Burpee's). Creamy-white, striped orange salmon,	6	$\frac{15}{20}$	40 60
3086 Golden Rose (Burpee's). Primrose-yellow flushed rosy-pink,	$\frac{6}{6}$	10	35
3087 Gray Friar (Burpee's). Watered purple on creamy white, 3089 Juanita (Burpee's). Creamy-white striped with light lavender,	6	15	40
3091 Lottie Hutchins (Burpee's). Creamy-white, striped light pink,	6	15	40
3095 Mrs. Jos. Chamberlain. Soft rosy-pink stripes on white ground,		15	40
3097 Pink Friar (Burpee's). White watered with carmine-rose,	6	10	35
3099 Ramona (Burpee's). Creamy-white, striped with pink,	6	15	40
3101 Senator. Purplish-maroon, heavily striped on a white ground,	6	15	40
3103 Wawona (Burpee's). Delicate heliotrope striped creamy-white,	6	15	40
Lavender and Light Blue.			
3105 Admiration (Burpee's). A delicate shade of rosy-lavender,	6	15	40
3107 Countess of Radnor. Lavender with faint purple shadings,	6	10	30
3109 Dorothy Tennant. A rich shade of rosy-mauve,	6	10	35
3111 Golden Gate (Burpee's). Pinkish mauve and lavender,	6	15	45
3113 Lady Grisel Hamilton. A soft shade of light lavender,	6	15	40
3115 Lady Nina Balfour. A delicate light lavender or lilac,	6	10	35 40
3117 New Countess (Burpee's). An improved Countess of Radnor,.	6	15	40
Blue and Purple.			
3119 Captain of the Blues. Standard light-purple; wings lavender,	6	15	40
3121 Captivation. A deep magenta shade,	6	10	35
3123 Countess Cadogan. Color effect is that of a bright blue,	6	15	40
3125 Emily Eckford. Standard light rosy-purple, wings deep blue,	6	15	40
3127 Fascination. A rich rosy-lavender tint,	6	10	35
3129 Navy Blue (Burpee's). A deep glowing violet-purple,	6	15	40
	-		
Burpee's Sweet Peas in Mixtures.			
In lots of 5 lbs. or more 5 cents per pound less.			
3141 Choice Mixed. Contains many old and new varieties,	5	10	25
3143 Eckford's New Mixed. A beautiful assortment,	5	10	30
3145 Eckford's Up-to-Date. Eckford's "Gilt-Edge" Mixture,	6	17	50
3147 Burpee's American Seedlings. A superfine mixture,	6	17	50
3149 Burpee's "Best Mixed" New Giant,	6	15	50
3151 Burpee's Best New Mixed Sweet Peas for 1905. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 50
3155 Fordhook Fancy Flaked. Mixture of striped and variegated,	6	15	50
Fach of the above except where priced 2 cents per	anal-at	not	

Each of the above, except where priced, 3 cents per packet, net.

PETUNIA.

			urpee's Defiance,
as well as the	Fordhook Fanc	y Fringed L	Double and Giants
of California,	make fine pot-	plants. Tl	ne seed is expen-
sive, and the	refore we advise	starting i	n the greenhouse
in February;	grown in this w	ay, fine pla	nts in flower may
be had for sal	e at planting-ou	t time.	PKT O7

		ruary; grown in this way, fine plants in	nowe:	r n	ау
be	had	for sale at planting-out time.	CT.	(oz.
24	129	Burpee's Defiance, Largest Flowering,			
		Finest Mixed,(1000 seeds, 50 cts.)\$0	25		
		Hybrida Striped, Mixed,	5	\$0	45
24	133	Dwarf Inimitable, (1/8 oz., 25 cts.)	IO		
		Howard's Star,($\frac{1}{32}$ oz., \$1.00)	10		
24	135	Dwarf Brilliant Rose, (1 oz., 50 cts.)	10		
24	137	Adonis,(½ oz., 40 cts.)	10	2	75
24	139	Large-flowering, Mixed,			
		$(\frac{1}{16} \text{ oz.}, 75 \text{ cts.})$	10		
24	41	Large-flowered, Dark Blue,			
		(1000 seeds, 60 cts.)	15		
24	45	Giants of California, Mixed,			
		(1000 seeds, 40 cts.)	15		
24	47	Fordhook Fancy Fringed, Double,			
		(1000 seeds, \$1.50)	25		

PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

We grow only the most brilliant colors of this free-flower annual, discarding the dull pink shades so largely found in cheap mixtures. Our Fordhook Strain of Grandiflora is composed of the finest named varieties, and the large fields invariably receive the most enthusiastic commendation of florists visiting our farms. The Nana compacta grows only six inches high when in full bloom, but bears a profusion of fine large flowers; they make beautiful ribbon borders for flower-beds by simply sowing the seed in a shallow drill around the edge of the flower-bed.

	Pk	T.	OZ	.
2451	Grandiflora, Fordhook Strain, Mixed, \$0	10	\$0 6	0
	Starred and Fringed, Mixed,	10	6	0
2455	Fine Mixed,	5	4	0
	Grandiflora Alba	5	7	0
2461	" Coccinea,	5	7	0
2463	" Large Blood-red,	5	7	
2465	" Yellow,	10	8	0
2469	" Splendens,	5	7	0
2471	Nana Compacta, Fireball,			
	$(\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz., 45 cts.})$	10	I 7	5
2473	" Snowball,			
	(½ oz., 45 cts.)	10	17	5
2475	' Mixed,			
	(½ oz., 40 cts.)	10	1 5	0

PORTULACA.

		PK	T.	(Z.
	Finest Single, Mixed,	.∠\$0	05	\$0	25
49 A I	(½ oz., 25 cts	.)	10	I	75

PRIMULA Sinensis Fimbriata.

(FRINGED CHINESE PRIMROSE.)

This is one of the finest winter-blooming pot-plants for house culture, flowering freely throughout the winter months. To have fine blooming plants for fall sales, the seed should be sown in April or May and grown in a cool situation during the summer.

3411	Fimbriata Alba Magnifica,	PKT.
0111		\$0 20
3413	Blue,(Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20
3415	Crimson Velvet, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20
3417	Rosy Morn, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20
3419	Bright Red,(Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20
3425	Fringed, Mixed,(Trade pkt., 50 cts.)	10
3427	Splendid Mixed, Large - flowering,	
	Fringed,(Trade pkt., 75 cts.)	15
3429	Filicifolia, Mixed (Fern-Leaved Pri-	
	mula),(Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20
	ade packet of Primula contains from 500 to	1000
seeds.	Prices on "Trade Packets" are net.	

Other PRIMULAS.

Primula obconica grandiflora is a distinct species, flowering profusely the whole year round; the small white flowers are borne in large clusters on a tall stiff stem. Primula auricula is a fine large-flowered strain of the hardy primrose, or Cowslip, the flowers are varied in coloring, with distinct showy markings.

distinc	t showy markings.	P	KT.
		\$0	15
	Vulgaris,(½ oz., 35 cts.)		10
3431	Obconica Grandiflora (1000 seeds, 50 cts.)		10

POPPY

In the named varieties of large-flowered Poppies we save seed only from carefully rogued crops, and florists planting for effective masses can depend on them to come true to name and color.

		PKT.	OZ.
2481	Golden Gate,	\$0.05	\$0 40
2483	The Shirley,	. 5	30
	Tulip-flowered,		35
2487	New Silver Lining	. 10	50
2493	Burpee's Fairy Blush,	. 10	60
2494	Shrimp Pink,	. 10	40
2495	Fordhook Fairy, Mixed,	10	30
2501	Snowdrift (True),	. 5	3.5
2505	Carnation, Double, Mixed,	. 5	10
2507	Double Pæony-flowered, Mixed,		10

PYRETHRUM.

Parthenijolium aureum, or Golden Feather, is a dwarf compact plant having fern-like leaves of a bright golden hue; excellent for edging foliage beds, as well as for baskets and vases.

		T.	oz.
3311	Parthenifolium Aureum (Golden		
	Feather),\$0	10	\$0 30
3313	Roseum (Persian Insect-Powder		
	Plant),	10	45

RICINUS (Castor-Oil Bean).

Grand large-leaved plants for tropical bedding. The new Zanzibar varieties grow to the largest size, ten to fifteen feet in height, and have immense showy leaves. Cambodgensis has large leaves of a bronze-red hue. Spectabilis is a tall sort with immense pale green leaves.

		PKT.	OZ.
2525	Cambodgensis,	\$0 05	\$0 15
	Spectabilis,		15
	Mixed,(Per lb. 50 cts.)		8
2533	Zanzibarensis, Mixed, (1/4 lb. 20 cts.)	5	10

SALPIGLOSSIS.

Good flowering plants for summer bedding; do best in a cool, moist location. The *Grandiflora* strain grows two and one-half feet high, producing large flowers.

		PER	PER
		PKT.	OZ.
2535	Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 35
2537	Grandiflora, Finest Mixed,	. 10	40

SALVIA.

Splendens is the well-known Scarlet Sage one of the finest flowering plants for summer bedding, growing to large size and covered with spikes of intense scarlet flowers. Seed started in February will make fine bushy plants for planting out at the proper time.

PER PER

2545 Splendens (Scarlet Sage), (3/4 oz., 30 cts.)\$0 10 \$1 10

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride).

These produce fine flowers in many beautiful shades, with long slender stems. The flowers are useful for cutflower work.

PER PER PER OZ.

2551 Tall German, Mixed, 50 05 \$112

2553 Dwarf Double, Mixed, 5 12

2559 Large-flowered Double, Mixed, 5 20

SENSITIVE PLANT.

Curious plants, the leaves of which close up tightly when touched; small, feathery, soft pink flowers. Potted plants sell readily in the spring as a curiosity.

PER
PER
PER
OZ.
2561 Sensitive Plant (Mimosa Pudica), ...\$9 05 \$0 30

SMILAX.

This fine climber is grown extensively for use in floral decorations of all kinds. The best results are obtained by raising fresh plants from seed each spring.

by raising fresh plants from seed each spring.	•
	ER PER KT. OZ.
3433 Smilax (Myrsiphyllum Asparagoides),	05 \$0 25

STOCKS.

These make good blooming plants for bedding or for pot culture in cool locations; the large spikes of fine double flowers are also desirable for cutting. The dwarf varieties are best suited for blooming early in the spring, unless the large-flowering Globe Pyramidal can be given an early start—six-inch pots and ample room in which to grow,—when they make grand decorative plants, suitable for spring sales. The Large-flowering Dwarf is especially fine and can be had in bloom in three- and four-inch pots. White Perpetual, or "Cul-and-Come-Again," is a most useful variety for florists, furnishing a constant supply of fine white sprays throughout the season.

PER PER

	prays throughout the scason.	PER	F	ER
2591	Globe Pyramidal, Mixed,	PKT.		OZ.
2593	White Perpetual, or Cut-and-Come-		\$3	00
	Again,(½8 oz., 45 cts.) Giant Perfection, Mixed,	15	3	25
2597	(½8 oz., 40 cts.) Large-flowering Dwarf, Choice	10	3	00
	Mixed,(1/4 oz., 50 cts.) Emperor, or Perpetual, Mixed,	5	1	75
	(½ oz., 75 cts.)	TO		

SUNFLOWERS.

Grown in clumps or borders they are extremely showy on lawns and form a decorative background for other flowers, as well as serving excellently to hide fences or other unsightly objects. The Many-flowered Double branches at each leaf, and each branch produces a fine double flower, the smaller ones from the side branches resembling a fine dahlia.

		KT.	OZ.
2603	Stella,\$0	05	\$0 20
	New Seedlings of Stella,	10	30
	Miniature (Cucumerifolius),	5	12
	Chrysanthemum-flowered,	10	15
2611	Many-flowered Double,	10	12

SWEET WILLIAM

(Dianthus Barbatus).

Hardy plants, flowering freely early in the spring the second season from seed; fine for flower borders and also quite useful for cutting. $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{PER} & \text{PER} \end{array}$

quite userur for cutting.	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
3321 Single, Mixed	\$0 05	\$ 0 15
3325 Double, Mixed	5	30

THUNBERGIA (Black-Eyed Susan).

Free-flowering trailing vines of rapid growth; very pretty when used about the edges of baskets, vases, or tubs of flowering plants. Seed sown in February and March make fine blooming pot-plants for spring sales. The flowers are white, yellow, and deep orange, both self-colored and with distinct black eye in center.

		PKT.	
3207	Mixed,\$	io 05	\$0 50

TORENIA.

Beautiful free-flowering plants for summer bedding, pot culture, or planting in baskets and vases. Seed started in February makes fine blooming plants in small pots for spring sales. Fournieri, close compact growth, with deep blue flowers brightly marked with orange. White Wings, similar in growth to Fournieri, but with creamy-white flowers.

2615	Fournieri,	PKT.	OZ.
2617	White Wings,($^{1}_{16}$ oz., 25 cts.; $^{1}_{8}$ oz., 40	cts.)\$0 05 cts.) 10	\$2 75 3 00

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle).

Free-flowering bushy plants, two feet in height, with glossy deep green leaves. The flowers are white and deep pink, both self-colored and with a bright eye of contrasting color. Fine for bedding and pot culture; the plants are in bloom the whole year round. Start seed early in the greenhouse.

		PKT.	
	Rosea,		\$0 50
	" Alba,		50
	Alba Pura,,		50
2647	Mixed Colors,	5	45

VERBENA HYBRIDA.

Our strains of this popular bedding plant are saved from the choicest flowers, and embrace only the finest colorings. The new MAMMOTH FORDHOOK FAMOUS in mixed colors is the finest and largest-flowered strain in cultivation. We should suggest to florists that plants raised from seed for spring sales are not only free from the troublesome "Verbena rust," which destroys so many plants from cuttings but are much stronger; will grow more vigorously and blossom more profusely when bedded out. The seed germinates slowly and should be planted quite early. Those who prefer to propagate from cuttings will be able to select many new and desirable colors from our fine seed for stock plants.

PER	PER
PKT.	OZ.
	\$1 25
10	I 25
5	7.5
5	40
10	7.5
10	7.5
10	7.5
5	75
	PKT. \$0 10 10 5 5 10 10

WALLFLOWER.

Extensively grown abroad for fall and winter bloom as pot-plants; highly desirable both for the beauty and fragrance of the flowers. Sow seed early in the spring, growing the plants in the open ground; in the fall lift and plant in pots or window-boxes for flowering.

3330	Fine German Double, Mixed,			OZ.	
30×3	(½ oz., 30 cts.)\$0	то	\$2	00	
3335	To too To 1 Do to 1	10	~~	30	
ZINNIA.					

Showy flowering plants for summer bedding. The seeds may be planted early in the spring where the plants are to bloom, or may be started still earlier indoors to obtain a longer season of bloom. The Giant Mammoth, Mixed, produces fine double flowers of the largest size and in a great variety of brilliant colors. The Double Liliput is of dwarf compact growth, with very symmetrical and extremely double flowers of small size.

PER PER

			PK	т.		oz.
2655		Double Lilliput,		10	\$0	50
2657	4.6	Giant Mammoth, Mixed,		10		50

EVERLASTINGS.

		PER	PEF
		PKT.	OZ.
2675	Acroclinium, Mixed,	.\$0 05	\$0 12
2679	Gomphrena, Mixed,	- 5	12
2681	Helichrysum, Fireball,	. 10	40
2683	" Snowball,	. 10	40
2685	" Golden Ball,	. 10	40
2687	" Monstrosum, Mixed,	- 5	30
2693	Xeranthemum, Mixed		3.5
	Everlactings Mixed	7.0	40

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

1		PER	PER
		PKT.	OZ.
	Agrostis Nebulosa,	\$0 O5	\$0 40
	Avena Sterilis (Animated Oats),	. 5	12
	Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass),	5	12
	Bromus Brizæformis,	5	12
	Coix Lachryma (Job's Tears),	5	10
	Erianthus Ravennæ,	5	35
2715	Eulalia Japonica Zebrina,	10	70
2717	Gynerium Argenteum (Pampas Grass)	10	35
	Hordeum Jubatum	5	20
2723	Pennisetum Longistylum,	10	20
2725	" Rueppelianum,	10	40
2729	Mixed Annual Varieties of Grasses,	10	18

2677 Australian Star Flower (CEPHAL-DRUMMONDII). A most beautiful new hardy annual, introduced from Australia by our friend, LUTHER BUR-BANK; it can be easily grown everywhere. Blooms early and continuously. The fragrant flowers of a star-like shape, range from light pink to a peculiarly pleasing shade of rosy crimsom. They are borne in graceful clusters, and when cut will retain their form and color permanently. Unequaled for winter decoration and most charming in the garden; plants grow about twelve inches high, and of equal diameter. Per pkt, 15 cts.

Summer-Flowering BULBS.

The bulbs offered here are of the finest quality, being grown especially for us; they are all true to name and are now properly stored in our warehouses awaiting orders.

Twenty-five bulbs or more of one kind will be supplied at the rates per 100. Special quotations on large quantities. We call attention to our Tuberoses, which are particularly five strains.

			ar Abrara	
Begonia, Tuberous-Rooted, Double, Account Special Mixed, Special Speci	н.	PER 100.	GLADIOLI in Mixture.	
Mixed,\$0 c	08	\$5 75	PER	PER
Pink, White, and Yellow,	0	7 00	Childsi, Finest Mixed	1000. \$20 00
Tuberous-Rooted, Single, Mixed	5	3 00	Childsi, Finest Mixed, \$2 25 Groff's New Hybrids, Mixed, 2 25	20 00
Tuberous-Rooted, Single,—Crimson, Orange, Pink, White, and Yellow,	6	3 75	Burpee's Superb Seedlings, 1 30 Lemoinei Seedlings, 1 50	12 00 13 50
Caladium Esculentum (good size),	8	6 00	Fine Mixed (hrst size), I oo	9 00
	10	8 00	" (second size), 65	6 00
Calla, Spotted,	7	5 00	GLOXINIAS.	
	4	3 00	FACH.	PER
Field-grown DAHLIAS.			Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta, Blue,\$0 08	\$6 50
SHOW AND FANCY.			White 8	6 50 6 50
	8	7 00	" Mixed, 7	6 00
Emily Edwards,	8	7 00		
	8	7 00	Hyacinthus Candicans,	1 50
Madame Moreau,	8	7 00	LILIES.	
Magnificent, Miss Cannell,	8	7 00	Auratum,	8 00
Paul's Scarlet,	8	7 00	Elegans, Mixed,	5 50
Queen of Yellows, Uncertainty,	8	7 00	Longiflorum, 10 Martagon, 10	8 oo 8 oo
White Swan,	8	7 00	Melpomene,	10 00
Decorative. Admiral Dewey,			Pardalinum, 8 Speciosum Monstrosum Album, 12	6 00
Admiral Dewey,	10 10	9 00	" Roseum, or Rubrum 12	10 00
	10	9 00	Thunbergianum, Mixed, 7 Tigrinum flore pleno, 7	5 50 5 50
	10	9 00	Umbellatum, 7	5 50
Wm. Agnew,	10	9 00	Wallacei, 7	5 50
CACTUS.			Madeira Vine,	2 00
	10	9 00	MONTBRETIA.	
Lorelei,	10	9 00	El Dorado,	1 50
	10	9 00	Meteor, Prince of Orange,	I 50
	10	9 00	Rose,	1 50
BOUQUET, OR POMPON.			Talisman, Yellow Queen,	1 50 1 50
	10	9 00	PER	PER
Guiding Star,	10	9 00	Mixed,	1000. \$12 00
	10	9 00		-
Vivid,	10	9 00	Oxalis Dieppi, 25 Lasandria, 30	1 25 1 50
Dahlias,—Best Double, Mixed,	8	7 00	TICRIDIA	
GLADIOLI.			TIGRIDIA.	
Named Varieties.			Canariensis, 2 50 Cœlestis, 2 50	
Augusta, Brenchleyensis,	3	1 75	Conchiflora, 2 50 Immaculata Alba, 2 50	
Ceres	3	I 75 I 75	Lilacea, 2 50	
Emma Thursby,	3	I 75 I 75	Pavonia, 2 50 Speciosa, 2 50	
Isaac Buchanan,	3	I 75	Mixed, 2 25	20 00
	3	I 75	The City	PER
	3	1 75 1 75	Tritoma Uvaria Grandiflora,\$0 08	100. \$7 00
May,	3	1 75		
	3	I 75	TUBEROSES.	
CHILDSI.	-		PER	PER 1000.
Brilliant,	4	3 00	Albino	\$11 00
Columbia, Dr. Sellew,	4	3 00	Excelsior Pearl. 85 "Extra Selected, 125 Varianted Lored	7 50
Fedora,	4	3 00	Variegated-Leaved, 1 25	11 00
Henry Gillman, Mohonk,	4	3 00	ZEPHYRANTHES.	
Motoled Gem,	4	3 00	Andersoni, 2 75	
Mrs. Beecher,	4	3 00		
Dalelli,	4	3 00	Atamasco,	

BURPEE'S BULBS,—"Best that Bloom." The bulbs offered are all of blooming size and first-class in every respect. **S"You should ask, when ordering, for our leaflet, "How to Grow Flowers from BULBS." By thorough trials made each season in the fields at Fordhook Farms we know that no better bulbs can be had.

Twenty-Five Fordhook Leaflets for 1905.

Mailed FREE, if Asked for on Order for Corresponding Seed.

is that, in every neighborhood, the finest gardens shall be those planted with BURPEE'S SEEDS. To secure this result, many planters are in need of

special information, such as has been gained by many years of experience at our FORDHOOK FARMS.

We have published **Two "Vest-Pocket" Guides**, one on Vegetables, the other on Flowers, both FREE if asked for with orders—as are also any of Our Leaflets on special crops.

HOW TO MAKE AN ASPARAGUS BED. This leaflet contains full directions for starting a bed from seed sown directly in the row. It gives also full directions for preparing the soil and planting the bed with strong roots; also instructions for the proper care, cultivation, and preservation.

GARDEN BEANS, -"HOW TO GROW." Treats fully on Bush Beans, Green- and Wax-podded Snaps, and Bush Limas; also on the various types of Pole Beans, grown for summer snapshorts, green shell beans, and for dry shell beans for winter use.

ABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER,-"HOW TO GROW." Gives practical information for culture.

HOW TO GROW CELERY. Complete instructions for raising the young plants from seed, transplanting, cultivating, and storing for winter use.

CUCUMBERS, SQUASHES, AND PUMPKINS,—"HOW TO GROW." This leaflet has been prepared in order to give fuller instructions as to how to handle these fruits than could be given in any seed catalogue.

FORAGE PLANTS. This leaflet gives descriptions of those varieties which are little known, also plain directions for seeding and handling the crops, together with suggestions concerning their value for different soils and locations as well as for feeding purposes.

HERBS: Their Uses and Cultivation. Not only does this leaflet contain full cultural directions, but also information as to the various uses of the different

INSECT PESTS IN THE GARDEN. This leaflet describes the various insects and how they may be held in check.

MELONS FOR ALL. Tells plainly how to succeed in growing Musk Melons and Watermelons.

MUSHROOM CULTURE. Full directions for preparing the beds, planting the spawn, and proper care.

ONIONS FROM SEED. In this leaflet we give brief but clear directions for preparing the soil, sowing the seed, cultivating and harvesting the crop.

HOW TO GROW PEAS. It gives full directions for preparing and fertilizing the soil and proper cultivation of both dwarf and tall sorts in the home garden as well as on a large scale in field culture for market.

ROOTS FOR STOCK AND WINTER MARKET. How to prepare the soil and cultivate, with directions for harvesting and storing for winter.

SALADS FOR GARNISHES. Complete but concise directions for their cultivation, and the best way to prepare and serve them on the table.

TOMATO CULTURE. It tells how to grow tomatoes from the time the seed is planted until the fruit is ready to gather for market. It tells how to grow the earliest tomatoes for market, and how to force them under glass during the winter, together with suggestions as to best varieties to plant for each of these several purposes.

WHY WE DO NOT SELL VEGETABLE PLANTS such as Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Egg Plants, Peppers, and Tomatoes, and How they may be grown most profitably at home.

HOW TO ESTABLISH A LAWN. Tells how to prepare, seed, and care for a new lawn and how to renovate an old one without replowing. Tells how to fertilize and care for the lawn in order to maintain constantly a close velvely green sod, and how to keep it free from weeds and fall grass.

RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED. By aid of this booklet even the novice can raise such fine flowers as Chinese Primrose, Gloxinias, Cineraria, Fuchsia, Begonias, Heliotrope, Water Lilies, Coleus, etc.

Leaflets on Flowers.—

Special Culture as follows:

HOW TO GROW SWEET PEAS.

HOW TO GROW NASTURTIUMS.

HOW TO GROW ASTERS. HOW TO GROW BEGONIAS FROM SEED.

HOW TO GROW THE LARGEST PANSIES.

SUMMER-FLOWERING BULBS. SPECIAL CULTURE OF DAHLIAS.

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Below we give a list of the HORTICULTURAL BOOKS published by us, any of which will be mailed, postpaid, upon receipt of price.

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A book of 125 pages, giving full directions for management of a complete Family Garden. Price 10 cents.

FLOWERS FOR EVERY HOME.

Contains full directions for raising all kinds of flowering plants. Price 10 cents, postpaid.

CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER FOR PROFIT.

Our latest and most complete work on growing these standard market-garden crops. Price 30 cents.

ELERY FOR PROFIT.

A complete book on modern Celery culture on a large scale for market. With illustrations. Price 20 cents.

MANURES: HOW TO MAKE AND HOW TO USE THEM.

This standard book gives the fullest information regarding the best methods of enriching soils of varying character. 218 pages. Price 40 cents, postpaid.

AND WHAT TO GROW IN A KITCHEN GARDEN OF ONE ACRE.

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POTATOES FOR PROFIT.

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ROOT CROPS FOR STOCK FEEDING AND HOW TO GROW THEM.

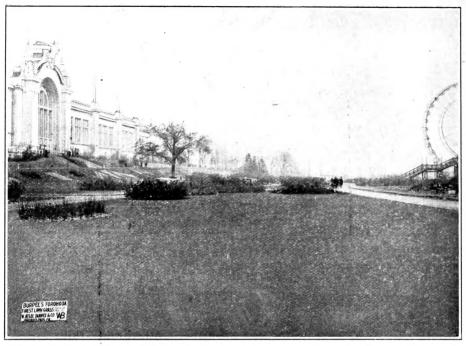
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INJURIOUS INSECTS AND THE USE OF INSECTICIDES.

A very valuable book of 216 pages. Price 40 cents. HOW TO COOK VEGETABLES.

This book was written especially for the benefit of our customers by Mrs. S. T. RORER, the well-known authority. Our agreement with the authoress does not permit us to offer it for sale, but we shall send it free as a premium with orders amounting to \$1.00 or more, if ten cents additional be remitted.



View of Agricultural Hall St. Louis World's Fair showing portion of a lawn produced from Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass. This illustration shows only a very small part of the acreage sown with this mixture.

The Only Gold Medal for Lawn Grass at ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR was awarded to us for the lawns produced from Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass. This is the highest award possible. The seed from which these lawns were produced was exactly the same "prescription" and quality as supplied regularly to our trade.

The Best Lawn Grass,— Burpee's "Fordhook Finest."

Many acres of beautiful velvety lawns at Fordhook and other country homes in America are grown from this finest mixture of the most suitable grasses. The accompanying illustration, from a photograph of a view of Agricultural Hall and surrounding grounds shows but a portion of our exhibit of Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass at St. Louis.

Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" is composed exclusively of the best re-cleaned seeds of the

choicest fine-bladed grasses, to which is added a suitable quantity of white clover, but not too much. This mixture weighs 25 to 27 lbs. per measured bushel. Fifty pounds of seed are sufficient for an acre, although, if quickest possible results are desired, seventy-five to ninety pounds per acre can be used. This heavy re-cleaned-seed,—free from chaff,—is much stronger in vitality than usual grades; a given measured quantity will produce three to four times as many grass plants, besides making a quicker and stronger growth.

Seed in bulk, to be shipped by freight or express at purchaser's expense for transportation charges: 20 cts. per lb.; 25 lbs. or more at 18 cts. per lb. This makes the cost about \$4.85

per measured bushel,—but only \$2.52 per so-called "legal" bushel of 14 lbs.!

For the convenience of planters who require only a small quantity of the seed, we put up this

finest mixture in Pound Boxes, with full directions, at 25 cts. per lb. box.

With each order for seed in bulk we enclose our NEW LEAFLET giving directions for preparing the ground and sowing the seed, together with the subsequent care and proper treatment of the lawn.

At Fordhook Farms we test thoroughly each season our own and many of our competitors' mixtures of Grass Seed and are therefore in a position to know that for beautiful velvety lawns you should sow Burppee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass,—for shady places Burppee's "Shady Nook" Mixture—for golf links and "putting greens" Burppee's "Golf Links" Mixture. The mixtures are composed of the very cleanest and choicest seed it is possible to produce.

What assurance has the planter that the seeds he buys are really first-class and true to name



The vitality (that is, percentage of growth) can be easily tested before planting, but no one living can tell from an examination of the seeds themselves whether they are of a high-grade strain or the veriest rubbish. In fact, it is impossible even to distinguish any difference in appearance between seed of Cauliflower worth forty dollars, Cabbage worth four dollars, or Turnip worth forty cents per pound! They all look alike, and "killed" turnip seed has been used to adulterate and thus "cheapen" expensive cauliflower seed—on the theory that every one plants too thickly anyway!

It is necessary, therefore, that every planter must trust some seedsman.

The fact that more planters order direct from us,—year after year,—than from any other firm in the world shows that Burpee's Seeds have been proved trustworthy. Mistakes will sometimes occur, and no honest seedsman can assume responsibility for more than the price actually paid by the purchaser. The fact that for twenty-nine years we have continued to state boldly

Burpee's Seeds,

whether Peas, Beans, Sweet Corn, or Farm Seeds,—or a quantity of small Garden Seeds,

> Every Sack is Sealed with our Registered Trade Mark on a Leaden Seal.

Finside each sack is the label printed with name of variety and Dated 1905.

A Tag outside shows what each sack contains.

that, where failure is due to any fault of the seed, we would promptly refund the full price paid, should convince even new customers that we have absolute confidence both in the quality of Burpee's Seeds and in the thorough system of safeguards with which we surround their growing, cleaning, and packing.

Nowhere else in America is there expended so much time and money in "proving stocks" as at our famous Fordhook Farms, in Bucks County, while at no other warehouse is greater care exercised in handling seeds than in the new Burpee Building, Philadelphia.

Competition with us is always on the line of quality. The best it is possible to produce is our aim each season, and by continued selection we are constantly making improvements. This we could not do if we regarded chiefly cost of production, which is generally the prime consideration in growing commercial seeds—considered quite "good enough" for general use!

Figure the slight difference in cost *per acre* and you will see that so-called "cheap seeds" are really dear at any price. It *pays* the planter to buy

The Best Seeds that can be Grown



BURPEE'S SEEDS are sold in any quantity, but only under seal. They are always Genuine as dated,—if seal is unbroken.



A $Partion\ of\ the$ trial grounds at burpee's fordhook farms, the largest and most complete trial grounds in america.